10.Uses

10.1. Uses Strategy

The masterplan is a residential led development with a dining quarter and a local centre.

The dining quarter is to be located around the public square, River Wensum bridge and riverside. Additional commercial units are to be provided in this location to create a local centre.

Some shop units are to be created on the edge of the site along Bracondale, to support local residents and attract passing trade.

Leisure moorings and a de-masting spot are to be located along the edge of the River Wensum.

A total of 670 dwellings is proposed incorporating 273 houses, 72 duplexes and 325 apartments as detailed on the following pages.

WENSUM EDGE

- Apartments & duplexes (80%)
- Houses (20%)
- Public Square & Local Centre
- Leisure/moorings
- Dining Quarter





THE VIEWS

- Houses (95%)
- Apartments (5%)
- Mews, shared streets
- Outdoor marsh landscape and walks



YARE EDGE

- Houses (95%)
- Apartments (5%)
- Local Shops





Proposed housing mix as indicated below and opposite and on the accompanying drawings

Yare Edge (Area 1) - 72 units

- 69 houses
- 3 apartments

The Views (Area 2/3) - 147 units

- 124 houses
- 23 apartments / duplexes

Wensum Edge (Area 4) - 450 units

- 80 houses
- 370 apartments / duplexes

Total: 669 homes of which

- 103 are 1 bedroom
- 227 are 2 bedroom
- 269 are 3 bedroom
- 48 are 4 bedroom
- 22 are 5 bedroom

The total no. of parking spaces required for the residential accommodation based on the below provision = 567

Parking space / unit:

- 0.5 spaces / 1-2 bed flat
- 1 space / 3 bed flat
- 1 space / duplex
- 1 space / 2-3 bed house
- 1.5 spaces / 4+ bed house (note: variation in YE)
- 2 spaces / 5+ bed house (note: variation in YE)

The total number of spaces provided is 640. This would leave 73 spaces available for visitors, and for staff for the commercial units.

Apartments	Area (sqm)	Total Units	NIA	%
1 bed flat	53	103	5,459	32%
2 bed flat	75	135	10,125	42%
3 bed flat	98	86	8,428	27%
4 bed flat	105	0	0	0%
Total	#REF!	324	24,012	100%
Visitor parking 10%				
Duplexes	Area	Total Units	NIA	%
2 bed duplex	86	33	2,838	46%
3 bed duplex	111	35	3,885	49%
4 bed duplex	124	4	496	6%
Total	#REF!	72	7,219	100%
Visitor parking 10%				
Houses	Area	Total Units	NIA	%
2 bed house	86	59	5,074	22%
3 bed house	111	148	16,428	54%
4 bed house	124	44	5,456	16%
5 bed house	130	22	2,860	8%
Total	41%	273	29,818	100%
Visitor parking 10%				
TOTAL exc visitors		669	61,049	657,131

May Gurney				
No. of Units	%	Parking ratio	No. of spaces	
2	67%	1	2	
1	33%	1	1	
0	0%	3	0	
0	0%	3	0	
3	100%		3	
		•	0.3	
No. of Units	%	Parking ratio	No. of spaces	
0	0%	1	0	
0	0%	2	0	
0	0%	2	0	
0	0%		0	
	•	•	0	
No. of Units	%	Parking ratio	No. of spaces	
31	45%	1	31	
28	41%	1.5	42	
10	14%	2	20	
0	0%	2	0	
69	100%		93	



Commercial

4 bedroom

5 bedroom

Summary	Target	No.	%
Flats	335	324	48%
Duplexes	60	72	11%
Houses	275	273	41%
Total	670	669	100%
	Target	No.	%
1 bedroom	95	103	15%
2 bedroom	205	227	34%
3 bedroom	300	269	40%

60

10

48

22

7%

3%

171

72

The Views

No. of

Units 5

> 8 4

0

17

No. of

Units 4

2

0 6

No. of Units 28

> 71 25

> > 0

124

147

1

1

1

%	Parking ratio	No. of spaces
9%	0.5	2.5
₊7%	0.5	4
24%	1	4
0%	1	0
00%		10.5
		1.05
%	Parking ratio	No. of spaces
57%	1	4
33%	1	2
0%	1	0
00%		6
		0.6
%	Parking ratio	No. of spaces
23%	1	28
57%	1	71
20%	1.5	37.5
0%	2	0
00%		<i>136.5</i>
		13.65
	1.04	153
	inc 10%	15
sp	aces on site	176

spaces	on	site	
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Wensum Edge

No. of Units	%	Parking ratio	No. of spaces
96	32%	0	0
126	41%	0.5	63
82	27%	1	82
0	0%	1	0
304	100%		145
			14.5
No. of Units	%	Parking ratio	No. of spaces
29	44%	1	29
33	50%	1	33
4	6%	1	4
66	100%		66
			6.6
No. of Units	%	Parking ratio	No. of spaces
0	0%	1	0
49	61%	1	49
9	11%	1.5	<i>13.5</i>
22	28%	2	44
80	100%		106.5
			10.65
450		0.71	318
		inc 10%	32
	s	paces on site	346

1811

total residential parking required 567

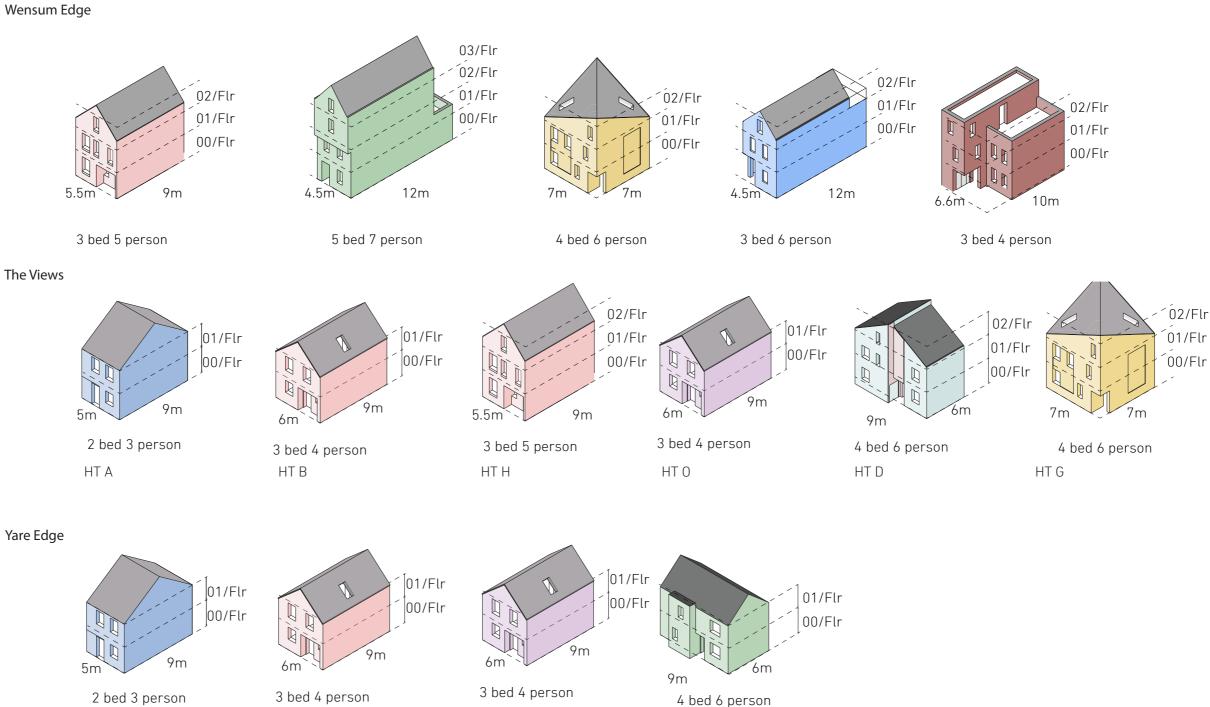
> total parking remaining 73

10.3. House Types

A number of house types have been used to create a range of unit sizes and character (see also the identity section).

A range of different unit and tenure types helps to create a network of diverse and resilient communities where people are able to find the right kind of home for their particular needs.

The majority of the units are terraced, however, these are mostly arranged in small groups.



HT N

HT O

House Types (note; colours are to distinguish types and do not have any other significance)

HT B

HT A

10.4. House Types



10.5. Dining Quarter

Dining Quarter

A good dining guarter should offer a diverse range of highquality dining options in a vibrant and attractive setting.

The new dining guarter should be located in an area of high footfall and natural desire lines, to ensure that it is readily accessible. This may be central within the development area or located adjacent to a preferred vista. It would also benefit from being adjacent to visitor parking spaces. The wider catchment of East Norwich sites may indicate that the more central area is to the North and West of the site. The most practicable location for the Dining Quarter is close to the Spine Road, the Wensum Bridge and near to the river front.

The masterplan locates the Dining Quarter within the former bus waiting square and extends to meet the river. This would form a public square. The square

could perform the following functions within the development:

Community gathering space: The public square can serve as a central gathering spot for residents of the development. This can help foster a sense of community and encourage social interaction among neighbours.

Increase the walkability of the scheme: The location of the public square in the centre of a development could encourage people to walk rather than drive, promoting a more pedestrian-friendly environment.

Focal point: The location of the public square and dining quarter at the intersection of many different movement routes creates a destination focal point at the heart of the development. This helps to create a sense of place and identity.







Takutai Square, Auckland





uskin Square (Trovdo



Agora Court, Kidbrooke







Tasinge Square, Copenhagen

Dining Quarter

Dining Quarter

The dining area should include different sized units to attract a range of potential occupiers. They are likely to be best located on the ground to provide level access and a visible street presence. They may also include units over two floors, such that occupiers can create different transport links and away from spaces and offers.

Outdoor space for alfresco dining should be considered. This may be located onto the street or areas of public open space, such as park and river edge. Where this is elevated above flood-able areas, guardings should be

designed to maintain visual connectivity with public open space. Potential for solar orientation as well as external shading should be considered.

The streets within the dining quarter should be level and well-lit. Restaurant units should be located near to sensitive habitat including receptors such as bats.

The dining quarter could be identified by different surface treatments, materials or architectural detailing see also identity and public spaces.



Dining Quarter



Cotton Mill Row Apartments: Commercial use below residential apartments



Dining Quarter- Footbridge, marsh and commercial units

Dining Quarter- Public square and commercial units

10.6. Community

Commercial and community uses

The public square acts as a local centre and as such must be as accessible as possible for the majority of the development's residents. Given that almost 70% of the site's 670 homes are located within the Wensum Edge, the location of the public square here is most practical.

The local square will provide for a variety of local needs through the inclusion of a local grocery store of a size suited to the scale of the development. A communal facility. Given the sites adjacency to the Wensum River this could have a leisure function i.e. a canoe/boating club.

The provision of riverside moorings and a de-masting platform help to strengthen the relationship of the community with the river. Ideally these riverside moorings should be fixed along the quayside, which is possible given that the tidal variations of The Wensum are not significant.



Utrecht canal side regeneration, OKRA



10.7. Riverside

The riverside is a key piece of local infrastructure which should shape the character and feel of the local area. In order to maximise the potential of the riverside, provision should be made wherever possible to facilitate interaction between residents, the general public and the river itself. This could take a number of different forms including, developing amenities such as parks, trails, and marinas along the river to attract visitors and provide opportunities for local businesses to thrive.

There may be the opportunity to provide for a communal facility such as a boating or canoe club adjacent to the riverside. A community facility such as this would fulfil two key functions, facilitating cohesion between residents and the river itself.

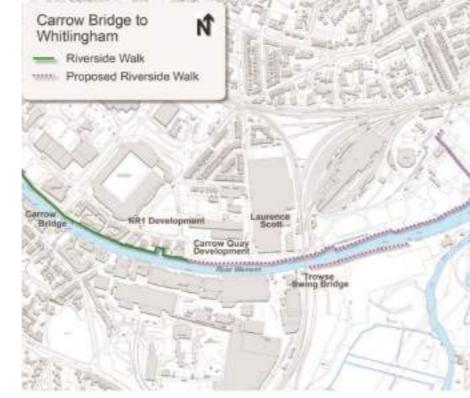
The river corridor provides a variety of ecosystem services, such as habitat for wildlife, and flood control. Preserving and restoring nature along the riverside helps maintain healthy ecosystems which in turn benefit the general wellbeing and health of residents.

Details of the proposals are provided on the next page.





Precedents for Moorings and riverside walks













Precedents for Moorings and riverside walks

Riverside activity

Play as you go



to riverside

Outdoor eating area (note located opposite Shared terrace within Block 2 + access Restaurant dining and terraces within Block 2

parking to avoid nuisance neighbour)



Floating pontoon / moorings possibly as part of the bridge fender

Leisure Moorings

'Reserved matters shall include a scheme to facilitate water based leisure the and recreational use of the river frontage, including the provision of moorings and de-masting facilities'

The 2018 River Wensum Strategy document produced by The River Wensum Strategy partnership (RWSP) states:

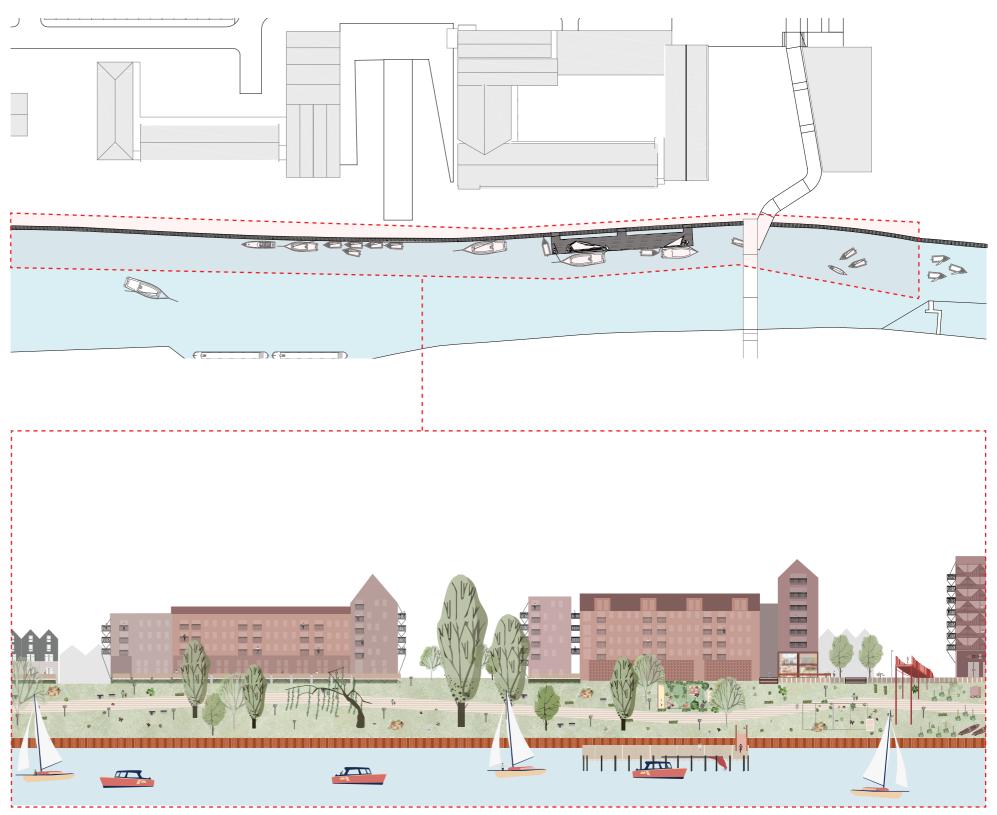
If there is to be a resurgence of boating activity on the Wensum there is a need for the provision of new mooring facilities in the strategy area. A number of factors have to be taken into account when considering developing new mooring facilities. These include the available river width and depth, the height of the existing banks, the current use of banks and how the bank opposite the proposed mooring site is being used. The design of new moorings facilities should address safety and management issues.

The provision of leisure moorings along the River Wensum should both help facilitate a dialogue between residents and the river and also animate the riverside. making The Wensum Edge into a 'destination' location.

Ideally these riverside moorings would be easily accessible to residents as well as the general public allowing them to engage directly with the river. Given that the tidal variation at this point of The Wensum is not significant thee moorings could be fixed along the guayside adjacent to the existing sheet pilings rather than on pontoon bridges.

The de-masting facility has been located prior to the bridge and opposite Block 2. New timber decking will be provided over the top of the existing concrete pile capping to create a new guayside and moorings.

See also drawings



Leisure Moorings and de-masting facility located along The Wensum Edge

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