


## Appendix L <br> TRICS data

## TRIP RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

| Land Use : 03-RESIDENTIAL Category : A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHI CLES |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Selected regions and areas: |  |  |  |
| 02 SOUTH EAST |  |  |  |
|  | ES | EAST SUSSEX | 1 days |
|  | HC | HAMPSHIRE | 3 days |
|  | KC | KENT | 2 days |
|  | SC | SURREY | 1 days |
|  | WS | WEST SUSSEX | 2 days |
| 04 | EAST ANGLIA |  |  |
|  | NF | NORFOLK | 3 days |
| 05 | EAST MIDLANDS |  |  |
|  | DS | DERBYSHIRE | 1 days |
| 06 | WEST MI DLANDS |  |  |
|  | ST | STAFFORDSHIRE | 1 days |
| 07 | YORKSHIRE \& NORTH LI NCOLNSHIRE |  |  |
|  | NE | NORTH EAST LIN | 1 days |

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS ${ }^{\circledR}$ sub-region in the selected set

## Primary Filtering selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | No of Dwellings |
| :--- | :--- |
| Actual Range: | 197 to 514 (units:) |
| Range Selected by User: | 196 to 588 (units:) |
|  |  |
| Parking Spaces Range: | All Surveys Included |

Parking Spaces per Dwelling Range: All Surveys Included
Bedrooms per Dwelling Range: All Surveys Included
Percentage of dwellings privately owned: All Surveys Included
Public Transport Provision:
Selection by: Include all surveys

## Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 14$ to $23 / 11 / 21$

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Selected survey days: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Monday | 4 days |
| Tuesday | 3 days |
| Wednesday | 6 days |
| Thursday | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.
Selected survey types:

| Manual count | 15 days |
| :--- | ---: |
| Directional ATC Count | 0 days |

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) 1
Edge of Town 13
Neighbourhood Centre (PPS6 Local Centre) 1
This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

## Secondary Filtering selection:

## Use Class:

C3 15 days
This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS $\circledR_{\text {. }}$.

Population within 500m Range:
All Surveys Included
Population within 1 mile:

| 5,001 to 10,000 | 6 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 10,001 to 15,000 | 5 days |
| 15,001 to 20,000 | 2 days |
| 20,001 to 25,000 | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.
Population within 5 miles:

| 5,001 to 25,000 | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 25,001 to 50,000 | 2 days |
| 50,001 to 75,000 | 3 days |
| 75,001 to 100,000 | 2 days |
| 125,001 to 250,000 | 5 days |
| 250,001 to 500,000 | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.
Car ownership within 5 miles:

| 0.6 to 1.0 | 3 days |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1.1 to 1.5 | 11 days |
| 1.6 to 2.0 | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

| Travel Plan: | 9 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Yes | 6 days |

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

PTAL Rating:
No PTAL Present 15 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.

## LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

| 1 | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { DS-03-A-02 } & \text { MI XED HOUSES } \\ \text { RADBOURNE LANE } & \\ \text { DERBY } & \end{array}$ | MI XED HOUSES | DERBYSHIRE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Edge of Town |  |  |
|  | Residential Zone |  |  |
|  | Total No of Dwellings: | : 371 |  |
|  | Survey date: TUESDAY | TUESDAY 10/07/18 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 2 | ES-03-A-03 MIXED HOUSES | MI XED HOUSES \& FLATS | EAST SUSSEX |
|  | SHEPHAM LANE |  |  |
|  | POLEGATE |  |  |
|  | Edge of Town |  |  |
|  | Residential Zone |  |  |
|  | Total No of Dwellings: | : 212 |  |
|  | Survey date: MONDAY | MONDAY 11/07/16 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 3 | HC-03-A-24 MIXED HOUSES | MI XeD HOUSES \& FLATS | HAMPSHIRE |
|  | STONEHAM LANE |  |  |
|  | EASTLEIGH |  |  |
|  | Edge of Town |  |  |
|  | Residential Zone |  |  |
|  | Total No of Dwellings: | : 243 |  |
|  | Survey date: WEDNESDAY | WEDNESDAY 10/11/21 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 4 | HC-03-A-25 MIXED HOUSES \& FLATS |  | HAMPSHIRE |
|  | BARNFIELD WAY |  |  |
|  | NEAR SOUTHAMPTON |  |  |
|  | HEDGE END |  |  |
|  | Edge of Town |  |  |
|  | Out of Town |  |  |
|  | Total No of Dwellings: | : 250 |  |
|  | Survey date: TUESDAY | TUESDAY 12/10/21 |  |
| 5 | HC-03-A-26 MIXED HOUSES |  | HAMPSHIRE |
|  | BOTLEY ROAD |  |  |
|  | WHITELEY |  |  |
|  | Edge of Town |  |  |
|  | Out of Town |  |  |
|  | Total No of Dwellings: | : 270 |  |
|  | Survey date: THURSDAY |  | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 6 | KC-03-A-06 <br> MI XED HOUSES <br> MARGATE ROAD <br> HERNE BAY |  | KENT ${ }^{\text {S }}$ |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) |  |  |
|  | Residential Zone |  |  |
|  | Total No of Dwellings: | : 363 |  |
|  | Survey date: WEDNESDAY | WEDNESDAY 27/09/17 | Survey Type: MANUAL KENT |
| 7 | KC-03-A-07 MIXED HOUSES | MI XED HOUSES |  |
|  | RECULVER ROAD MIXED HOUSES |  |  |
|  | HERNE BAY |  |  |
|  | Edge of Town |  |  |
|  | Residential Zone |  |  |
|  | Total No of Dwellings: | : 288 |  |
|  | Survey date: WEDNESDAY | WEDNESDAY 27/09/17 | Survey Type: MANUAL |

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)


LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)
$15 \begin{array}{lll} & \text { WS-03-A-15 MI XED HOUSES } \\ & \text { HILLAND ROAD }\end{array}$
BILLINGSHURST
Neighbourhood Centre (PPS6 Local Centre) Village
Total No of Dwellings: 380
Survey date: TUESDAY 23/11/21 Survey Type: MANUAL

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHICLES
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period
Total People to Total Vehicles ratio (all time periods and directions): 1.70

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.087 | 15 | 301 | 0.319 | 15 | 301 | 0.406 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.134 | 15 | 301 | 0.394 | 15 | 301 | 0.528 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.129 | 15 | 301 | 0.161 | 15 | 301 | 0.290 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.118 | 15 | 301 | 0.137 | 15 | 301 | 0.255 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.129 | 15 | 301 | 0.146 | 15 | 301 | 0.275 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.152 | 15 | 301 | 0.152 | 15 | 301 | 0.304 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.150 | 15 | 301 | 0.136 | 15 | 301 | 0.286 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.163 | 15 | 301 | 0.176 | 15 | 301 | 0.339 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.253 | 15 | 301 | 0.172 | 15 | 301 | 0.425 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.292 | 15 | 301 | 0.167 | 15 | 301 | 0.459 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.363 | 15 | 301 | 0.159 | 15 | 301 | 0.522 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.297 | 15 | 301 | 0.167 | 15 | 301 | 0.464 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 2.267 |  |  | 2.286 |  |  | 4.553 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

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## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:


Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys automatically removed from selection: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection:
This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS ${ }^{\circledR}$ user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI -MODAL OGVS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.006 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.005 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.005 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.021 |  |  | 0.022 |  |  | 0.043 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI - MODAL CYCLI STS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELIS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.007 | 15 | 301 | 0.010 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.013 | 15 | 301 | 0.015 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.005 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.005 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.006 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.007 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 | 15 | 301 | 0.011 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.012 | 15 | 301 | 0.005 | 15 | 301 | 0.017 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.010 | 15 | 301 | 0.005 | 15 | 301 | 0.015 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.005 | 15 | 301 | 0.005 | 15 | 301 | 0.010 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.051 |  |  | 0.054 |  |  | 0.105 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI - MODAL VEHI CLE OCCUPANTS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.104 | 15 | 301 | 0.465 | 15 | 301 | 0.569 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.165 | 15 | 301 | 0.691 | 15 | 301 | 0.856 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.167 | 15 | 301 | 0.240 | 15 | 301 | 0.407 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.156 | 15 | 301 | 0.200 | 15 | 301 | 0.356 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.172 | 15 | 301 | 0.214 | 15 | 301 | 0.386 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.211 | 15 | 301 | 0.211 | 15 | 301 | 0.422 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.210 | 15 | 301 | 0.198 | 15 | 301 | 0.408 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.229 | 15 | 301 | 0.243 | 15 | 301 | 0.472 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.439 | 15 | 301 | 0.249 | 15 | 301 | 0.688 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.494 | 15 | 301 | 0.243 | 15 | 301 | 0.737 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.563 | 15 | 301 | 0.231 | 15 | 301 | 0.794 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.450 | 15 | 301 | 0.261 | 15 | 301 | 0.711 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 3.360 |  |  | 3.446 |  |  | 6.806 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

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TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.012 | 15 | 301 | 0.030 | 15 | 301 | 0.042 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.020 | 15 | 301 | 0.059 | 15 | 301 | 0.079 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.018 | 15 | 301 | 0.020 | 15 | 301 | 0.038 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.017 | 15 | 301 | 0.019 | 15 | 301 | 0.036 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.017 | 15 | 301 | 0.017 | 15 | 301 | 0.034 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.017 | 15 | 301 | 0.017 | 15 | 301 | 0.034 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.023 | 15 | 301 | 0.018 | 15 | 301 | 0.041 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.026 | 15 | 301 | 0.031 | 15 | 301 | 0.057 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.061 | 15 | 301 | 0.030 | 15 | 301 | 0.091 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.042 | 15 | 301 | 0.026 | 15 | 301 | 0.068 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.040 | 15 | 301 | 0.029 | 15 | 301 | 0.069 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.033 | 15 | 301 | 0.042 | 15 | 301 | 0.075 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.326 |  |  | 0.338 |  |  | 0.664 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03-RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL BUS/ TRAM PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.000 | 15 | 301 | 0.012 | 15 | 301 | 0.012 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.000 | 15 | 301 | 0.011 | 15 | 301 | 0.011 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 | 15 | 301 | 0.005 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 | 15 | 301 | 0.006 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 | 15 | 301 | 0.006 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.011 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.014 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.011 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.014 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.010 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.012 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.008 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.011 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.051 |  |  | 0.051 |  |  | 0.102 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL RAIL PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.009 | 15 | 301 | 0.010 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.000 | 15 | 301 | 0.008 | 15 | 301 | 0.008 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.000 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.000 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.000 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 | 15 | 301 | 0.000 | 15 | 301 | 0.001 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.004 | 15 | 301 | 0.002 | 15 | 301 | 0.006 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 | 15 | 301 | 0.000 | 15 | 301 | 0.003 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.007 | 15 | 301 | 0.000 | 15 | 301 | 0.007 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.006 | 15 | 301 | 0.000 | 15 | 301 | 0.006 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.024 |  |  | 0.026 |  |  | 0.050 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL CARS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.068 | 15 | 301 | 0.280 | 15 | 301 | 0.348 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.110 | 15 | 301 | 0.355 | 15 | 301 | 0.465 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.107 | 15 | 301 | 0.138 | 15 | 301 | 0.245 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.097 | 15 | 301 | 0.117 | 15 | 301 | 0.214 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.110 | 15 | 301 | 0.124 | 15 | 301 | 0.234 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.132 | 15 | 301 | 0.132 | 15 | 301 | 0.264 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.131 | 15 | 301 | 0.117 | 15 | 301 | 0.248 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.143 | 15 | 301 | 0.159 | 15 | 301 | 0.302 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.228 | 15 | 301 | 0.148 | 15 | 301 | 0.376 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.263 | 15 | 301 | 0.146 | 15 | 301 | 0.409 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.324 | 15 | 301 | 0.141 | 15 | 301 | 0.465 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.274 | 15 | 301 | 0.152 | 15 | 301 | 0.426 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 1.987 |  |  | 2.009 |  |  | 3.996 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL LGVS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.014 | 15 | 301 | 0.034 | 15 | 301 | 0.048 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.014 | 15 | 301 | 0.026 | 15 | 301 | 0.040 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.015 | 15 | 301 | 0.017 | 15 | 301 | 0.032 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.016 | 15 | 301 | 0.015 | 15 | 301 | 0.031 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.015 | 15 | 301 | 0.017 | 15 | 301 | 0.032 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.016 | 15 | 301 | 0.014 | 15 | 301 | 0.030 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.015 | 15 | 301 | 0.016 | 15 | 301 | 0.031 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.014 | 15 | 301 | 0.013 | 15 | 301 | 0.027 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.016 | 15 | 301 | 0.016 | 15 | 301 | 0.032 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.021 | 15 | 301 | 0.015 | 15 | 301 | 0.036 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.033 | 15 | 301 | 0.013 | 15 | 301 | 0.046 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 15 | 301 | 0.019 | 15 | 301 | 0.010 | 15 | 301 | 0.029 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.208 |  |  | 0.206 |  |  | 0.414 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## TRIP RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Land Use } \quad: 03-\text { RESIDENTIAL } \\ & \text { Category } \\ & \text { Cint } \end{aligned}$MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHICLES |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Selected regions and areas: |  |  |  |
| 02 SOUTH EAST |  |  |  |
|  | BD | BEDFORDSHIRE | 2 days |
| 05 | EAS | MI DLANDS |  |
|  | NT | NOTTINGHAMSHIRE | 1 days |
| 08 | NO | H WEST |  |
|  | MS | MERSEYSIDE | 1 days |

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS $\circledR^{\circledR}$ sub-region in the selected set

## Primary Filtering selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | No of Dwellings |
| :--- | :--- |
| Actual Range: | 135 to 184 (units:) |
| Range Selected by User: | 100 to 184 (units:) |
|  |  |
| Parking Spaces Range: | All Surveys Included |

Parking Spaces per Dwelling Range: All Surveys Included
Bedrooms per Dwelling Range: All Surveys Included
Percentage of dwellings privately owned: All Surveys Included
Public Transport Provision:
Selection by: Include all surveys
Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 14$ to $13 / 11 / 18$
This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

| Tuesday | 3 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Wednesday | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

| Selected survey types: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Manual count | 4 days |
| Directional ATC Count | 0 days |

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

## Selected Locations:

Edge of Town Centre 2
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) 2
This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:
Development Zone 1
Residential Zone 1
No Sub Category 2
This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

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| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Page $\mathbf{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Entran Ltd | Chapel Pill Lane | Bristol | Licence No: 337901 |

## Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:
C3 4 days
This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS ${ }^{\circledR}$.

Population within 500 m Range:
All Surveys Included
Population within 1 mile:

| 1,001 to 5,000 | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 20,001 to 25,000 | 1 days |
| 25,001 to 50,000 | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.
Population within 5 miles:

| 50,001 to 75,000 | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 125,001 to 250,000 | 1 days |
| 250,001 to 500,000 | 1 days |
| 500,001 or More | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.
Car ownership within 5 miles:

| 0.6 to 1.0 | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1.1 to 1.5 | 3 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:
This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

PTAL Rating:
No PTAL Present 4 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.

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| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
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LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters


This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHICLES
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period
Total People to Total Vehicles ratio (all time periods and directions): 2.26

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.036 | 4 | 160 | 0.164 | 4 | 160 | 0.200 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.052 | 4 | 160 | 0.161 | 4 | 160 | 0.213 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.058 | 4 | 160 | 0.055 | 4 | 160 | 0.113 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.053 | 4 | 160 | 0.066 | 4 | 160 | 0.119 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.047 | 4 | 160 | 0.070 | 4 | 160 | 0.117 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.069 | 4 | 160 | 0.086 | 4 | 160 | 0.155 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.048 | 4 | 160 | 0.064 | 4 | 160 | 0.112 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.048 | 4 | 160 | 0.059 | 4 | 160 | 0.107 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.087 | 4 | 160 | 0.058 | 4 | 160 | 0.145 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.113 | 4 | 160 | 0.058 | 4 | 160 | 0.171 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.153 | 4 | 160 | 0.080 | 4 | 160 | 0.233 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.178 | 4 | 160 | 0.092 | 4 | 160 | 0.270 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.942 |  |  | 1.013 |  |  | 1.955 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

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## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
135-184 (units:)
Survey date date range:
01/01/14-13/11/18
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
4
Number of Saturdays:
0
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
0
Surveys manually removed from selection:
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI -MODAL OGVS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELIS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.004 |  |  | 0.003 |  |  | 0.007 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI - MODAL CYCLI STS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.009 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 | 4 | 160 | 0.022 | 4 | 160 | 0.025 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.007 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 | 4 | 160 | 0.006 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 | 4 | 160 | 0.008 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.006 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.008 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.006 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.008 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.006 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 | 4 | 160 | 0.008 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.050 |  |  | 0.054 |  |  | 0.104 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI - MODAL VEHICLE OCCUPANTS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.033 | 4 | 160 | 0.247 | 4 | 160 | 0.280 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.064 | 4 | 160 | 0.295 | 4 | 160 | 0.359 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.075 | 4 | 160 | 0.072 | 4 | 160 | 0.147 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.069 | 4 | 160 | 0.092 | 4 | 160 | 0.161 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.059 | 4 | 160 | 0.108 | 4 | 160 | 0.167 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.100 | 4 | 160 | 0.120 | 4 | 160 | 0.220 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.064 | 4 | 160 | 0.083 | 4 | 160 | 0.147 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.059 | 4 | 160 | 0.075 | 4 | 160 | 0.134 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.136 | 4 | 160 | 0.075 | 4 | 160 | 0.211 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.166 | 4 | 160 | 0.072 | 4 | 160 | 0.238 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.247 | 4 | 160 | 0.106 | 4 | 160 | 0.353 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.292 | 4 | 160 | 0.119 | 4 | 160 | 0.411 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 1.364 |  |  | 1.464 |  |  | 2.828 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.019 | 4 | 160 | 0.058 | 4 | 160 | 0.077 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.013 | 4 | 160 | 0.069 | 4 | 160 | 0.082 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.036 | 4 | 160 | 0.050 | 4 | 160 | 0.086 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.041 | 4 | 160 | 0.027 | 4 | 160 | 0.068 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 | 4 | 160 | 0.025 | 4 | 160 | 0.036 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.022 | 4 | 160 | 0.020 | 4 | 160 | 0.042 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.017 | 4 | 160 | 0.025 | 4 | 160 | 0.042 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.028 | 4 | 160 | 0.033 | 4 | 160 | 0.061 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.039 | 4 | 160 | 0.036 | 4 | 160 | 0.075 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.050 | 4 | 160 | 0.030 | 4 | 160 | 0.080 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.053 | 4 | 160 | 0.027 | 4 | 160 | 0.080 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.064 | 4 | 160 | 0.044 | 4 | 160 | 0.108 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.393 |  |  | 0.444 |  |  | 0.837 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03-RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL BUS/ TRAM PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELIS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.037 | 4 | 160 | 0.037 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.067 | 4 | 160 | 0.067 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.027 | 4 | 160 | 0.029 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.006 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 | 4 | 160 | 0.017 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.008 | 4 | 160 | 0.013 | 4 | 160 | 0.021 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.020 | 4 | 160 | 0.013 | 4 | 160 | 0.033 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 | 4 | 160 | 0.027 | 4 | 160 | 0.038 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.025 | 4 | 160 | 0.022 | 4 | 160 | 0.047 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.067 | 4 | 160 | 0.017 | 4 | 160 | 0.084 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.025 | 4 | 160 | 0.014 | 4 | 160 | 0.039 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.050 | 4 | 160 | 0.009 | 4 | 160 | 0.059 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.056 | 4 | 160 | 0.016 | 4 | 160 | 0.072 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.270 |  |  | 0.273 |  |  | 0.543 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL RAIL PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELIS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.016 | 4 | 160 | 0.016 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.022 | 4 | 160 | 0.022 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.008 | 4 | 160 | 0.008 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.007 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 | 4 | 160 | 0.006 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 | 4 | 160 | 0.006 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.014 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.016 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 | 4 | 160 | 0.000 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.014 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.016 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.055 |  |  | 0.062 |  |  | 0.117 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL CARS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.030 | 4 | 160 | 0.148 | 4 | 160 | 0.178 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.042 | 4 | 160 | 0.152 | 4 | 160 | 0.194 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.045 | 4 | 160 | 0.045 | 4 | 160 | 0.090 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.042 | 4 | 160 | 0.056 | 4 | 160 | 0.098 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.033 | 4 | 160 | 0.056 | 4 | 160 | 0.089 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.053 | 4 | 160 | 0.070 | 4 | 160 | 0.123 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.042 | 4 | 160 | 0.052 | 4 | 160 | 0.094 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.041 | 4 | 160 | 0.053 | 4 | 160 | 0.094 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.072 | 4 | 160 | 0.045 | 4 | 160 | 0.117 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.098 | 4 | 160 | 0.047 | 4 | 160 | 0.145 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.139 | 4 | 160 | 0.067 | 4 | 160 | 0.206 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.166 | 4 | 160 | 0.083 | 4 | 160 | 0.249 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.803 |  |  | 0.874 |  |  | 1.677 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-MODAL LGVS
Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. DWELLS | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.002 | 4 | 160 | 0.008 | 4 | 160 | 0.010 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 | 4 | 160 | 0.006 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.009 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 | 4 | 160 | 0.014 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.009 | 4 | 160 | 0.008 | 4 | 160 | 0.017 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.009 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 | 4 | 160 | 0.020 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.013 | 4 | 160 | 0.009 | 4 | 160 | 0.022 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 | 4 | 160 | 0.016 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.006 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 | 4 | 160 | 0.011 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.013 | 4 | 160 | 0.009 | 4 | 160 | 0.022 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.013 | 4 | 160 | 0.009 | 4 | 160 | 0.022 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.009 | 4 | 160 | 0.006 | 4 | 160 | 0.015 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 160 | 0.005 | 4 | 160 | 0.003 | 4 | 160 | 0.008 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.098 |  |  | 0.090 |  |  | 0.188 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## TRIP RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

| Land Use : 02-EMPLOYMENT Category : A - OFFICE <br> MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHI CLES |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Selected regions and areas: |  |  |  |
| 02 | SOUTH EAST |  |  |
|  | ES | EAST SUSSEX | 1 days |
|  | HF | HERTFORDSHIRE | 1 days |
|  | SO | SLOUGH | 1 days |
| 04 | EAST ANGLIA |  |  |
|  | NF | NORFOLK | 1 days |
| 08 | NORTH WEST |  |  |
|  | GM | GREATER MANCHESTER | 2 days |
| 09 | NORTH |  |  |
|  | TW | TYNE \& WEAR | 1 days |

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS ${ }^{\circledR}$ sub-region in the selected set

## Primary Filtering selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | Gross floor area <br> Actual Range: | 2500 to 5500 (units: sqm)  <br> Range Selected by User: 2500 to 7500 (units: sqm) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Parking Spaces Range: All Surveys Included  <br> Public Transport Provision:    <br> Selection by:   <br> Date Range: $01 / 01 / 14$ to $19 / 10 / 18$  Include all surveys |  |  |

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

| Monday | 2 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Tuesday | 1 days |
| Thursday | 3 days |
| Friday | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

| Selected survey types: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Manual count | 7 days |
| Directional ATC Count | 0 days |

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:
Town Centre 1
Edge of Town Centre 5
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) 1
This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:
Commercial Zone 1
Residential Zone 2
Built-Up Zone 4
This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

## Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:
Not Known 7 days
This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

Filter by Site Operations Breakdown:
All Surveys Included
Population within 500 m Range:
All Surveys Included
Population within 1 mile:

| 15,001 to 20,000 | 2 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 20,001 to 25,000 | 1 days |
| 25,001 to 50,000 | 4 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.
Population within 5 miles:

| 25,001 to 50,000 | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 75,001 to 100,000 | 1 days |
| 125,001 to 250,000 | 2 days |
| 500,001 or More | 3 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.
Car ownership within 5 miles:

| 0.6 to 1.0 | 4 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1.1 to 1.5 | 2 days |
| 1.6 to 2.0 | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:

| Yes | 2 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| No | 5 days |

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

PTAL Rating:
No PTAL Present 7 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.

| TRICS 7.9.2 | 180622 B20.49 | Database right of TRICS Consortium Limited, 2022. All rights reserved | Wednesday 06/ 07/ 22 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Page $\mathbf{3}$ |  |  |  |
| Entran Ltd | Chapel Pill Lane | Bristol | Licence No: 337901 |

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters


This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHI CLES
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period
Total People to Total Vehicles ratio (all time periods and directions): 2.05

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.499 | 7 | 4350 | 0.036 | 7 | 4350 | 0.535 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 7 | 4350 | 1.294 | 7 | 4350 | 0.151 | 7 | 4350 | 1.445 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 7 | 4350 | 1.232 | 7 | 4350 | 0.338 | 7 | 4350 | 1.570 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.404 | 7 | 4350 | 0.309 | 7 | 4350 | 0.713 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.263 | 7 | 4350 | 0.269 | 7 | 4350 | 0.532 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.371 | 7 | 4350 | 0.450 | 7 | 4350 | 0.821 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.516 | 7 | 4350 | 0.355 | 7 | 4350 | 0.871 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.338 | 7 | 4350 | 0.384 | 7 | 4350 | 0.722 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.299 | 7 | 4350 | 0.499 | 7 | 4350 | 0.798 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.210 | 7 | 4350 | 0.880 | 7 | 4350 | 1.090 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.108 | 7 | 4350 | 1.245 | 7 | 4350 | 1.353 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.049 | 7 | 4350 | 0.499 | 7 | 4350 | 0.548 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 5.583 |  |  | 5.415 |  |  | 10.998 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

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## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

2500-5500 (units: sqm)
01/01/14-19/10/18
7
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS ${ }^{\circledR}$ user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
MULTI-MODAL OGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.003 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.003 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 | 7 | 4350 | 0.014 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.003 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 | 7 | 4350 | 0.010 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.003 | 7 | 4350 | 0.003 | 7 | 4350 | 0.006 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 | 7 | 4350 | 0.014 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.023 |  |  | 0.024 |  |  | 0.047 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
MULTI - MODAL CYCLI STS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.062 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.062 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.013 | 7 | 4350 | 0.013 | 7 | 4350 | 0.026 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.013 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.013 | 7 | 4350 | 0.016 | 7 | 4350 | 0.029 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 | 7 | 4350 | 0.013 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.016 | 7 | 4350 | 0.013 | 7 | 4350 | 0.029 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.003 | 7 | 4350 | 0.023 | 7 | 4350 | 0.026 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.039 | 7 | 4350 | 0.039 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.003 | 7 | 4350 | 0.030 | 7 | 4350 | 0.033 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.157 |  |  | 0.161 |  |  | 0.318 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
MULTI-MODAL VEHI CLE OCCUPANTS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.532 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 | 7 | 4350 | 0.552 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 7 | 4350 | 1.409 | 7 | 4350 | 0.108 | 7 | 4350 | 1.517 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 7 | 4350 | 1.389 | 7 | 4350 | 0.319 | 7 | 4350 | 1.708 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.450 | 7 | 4350 | 0.345 | 7 | 4350 | 0.795 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.299 | 7 | 4350 | 0.292 | 7 | 4350 | 0.591 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.447 | 7 | 4350 | 0.539 | 7 | 4350 | 0.986 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.627 | 7 | 4350 | 0.394 | 7 | 4350 | 1.021 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.391 | 7 | 4350 | 0.463 | 7 | 4350 | 0.854 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.332 | 7 | 4350 | 0.591 | 7 | 4350 | 0.923 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.220 | 7 | 4350 | 0.989 | 7 | 4350 | 1.209 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.079 | 7 | 4350 | 1.389 | 7 | 4350 | 1.468 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.033 | 7 | 4350 | 0.568 | 7 | 4350 | 0.601 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 6.208 |  |  | 6.017 |  |  | 12.225 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.099 | 7 | 4350 | 0.010 | 7 | 4350 | 0.109 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.305 | 7 | 4350 | 0.030 | 7 | 4350 | 0.335 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.269 | 7 | 4350 | 0.161 | 7 | 4350 | 0.430 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.263 | 7 | 4350 | 0.236 | 7 | 4350 | 0.499 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.282 | 7 | 4350 | 0.319 | 7 | 4350 | 0.601 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.539 | 7 | 4350 | 0.926 | 7 | 4350 | 1.465 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.906 | 7 | 4350 | 0.821 | 7 | 4350 | 1.727 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.558 | 7 | 4350 | 0.227 | 7 | 4350 | 0.785 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.144 | 7 | 4350 | 0.099 | 7 | 4350 | 0.243 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.082 | 7 | 4350 | 0.210 | 7 | 4350 | 0.292 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.026 | 7 | 4350 | 0.332 | 7 | 4350 | 0.358 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.023 | 7 | 4350 | 0.108 | 7 | 4350 | 0.131 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 3.496 |  |  | 3.479 |  |  | 6.975 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02-EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
MULTI-MODAL BUS/ TRAM PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.043 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.043 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.167 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.167 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.230 | 7 | 4350 | 0.030 | 7 | 4350 | 0.260 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.069 | 7 | 4350 | 0.033 | 7 | 4350 | 0.102 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 | 7 | 4350 | 0.033 | 7 | 4350 | 0.053 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.030 | 7 | 4350 | 0.138 | 7 | 4350 | 0.168 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.082 | 7 | 4350 | 0.125 | 7 | 4350 | 0.207 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.023 | 7 | 4350 | 0.049 | 7 | 4350 | 0.072 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.039 | 7 | 4350 | 0.039 | 7 | 4350 | 0.078 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.046 | 7 | 4350 | 0.092 | 7 | 4350 | 0.138 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 | 7 | 4350 | 0.167 | 7 | 4350 | 0.174 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.003 | 7 | 4350 | 0.076 | 7 | 4350 | 0.079 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.759 |  |  | 0.782 |  |  | 1.541 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL RAIL PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. <br> GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.010 | 7 | 4350 | 0.010 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.263 | 7 | 4350 | 0.026 | 7 | 4350 | 0.289 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.200 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 | 7 | 4350 | 0.220 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.030 | 7 | 4350 | 0.026 | 7 | 4350 | 0.056 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.036 | 7 | 4350 | 0.007 | 7 | 4350 | 0.043 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 | 7 | 4350 | 0.040 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.056 | 7 | 4350 | 0.092 | 7 | 4350 | 0.148 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.049 | 7 | 4350 | 0.036 | 7 | 4350 | 0.085 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.033 | 7 | 4350 | 0.053 | 7 | 4350 | 0.086 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.026 | 7 | 4350 | 0.076 | 7 | 4350 | 0.102 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.030 | 7 | 4350 | 0.246 | 7 | 4350 | 0.276 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.016 | 7 | 4350 | 0.131 | 7 | 4350 | 0.147 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.769 |  |  | 0.743 |  |  | 1.512 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
MULTI-MODAL CARS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.479 | 7 | 4350 | 0.030 | 7 | 4350 | 0.509 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 7 | 4350 | 1.232 | 7 | 4350 | 0.108 | 7 | 4350 | 1.340 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 7 | 4350 | 1.182 | 7 | 4350 | 0.286 | 7 | 4350 | 1.468 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.371 | 7 | 4350 | 0.273 | 7 | 4350 | 0.644 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.230 | 7 | 4350 | 0.240 | 7 | 4350 | 0.470 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.345 | 7 | 4350 | 0.430 | 7 | 4350 | 0.775 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.486 | 7 | 4350 | 0.332 | 7 | 4350 | 0.818 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.312 | 7 | 4350 | 0.348 | 7 | 4350 | 0.660 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.256 | 7 | 4350 | 0.443 | 7 | 4350 | 0.699 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.187 | 7 | 4350 | 0.847 | 7 | 4350 | 1.034 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.092 | 7 | 4350 | 1.228 | 7 | 4350 | 1.320 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.046 | 7 | 4350 | 0.493 | 7 | 4350 | 0.539 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 5.218 |  |  | 5.058 |  |  | 10.276 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
MULTI-MODAL LGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.013 | 7 | 4350 | 0.003 | 7 | 4350 | 0.016 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 | 7 | 4350 | 0.016 | 7 | 4350 | 0.036 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.030 | 7 | 4350 | 0.030 | 7 | 4350 | 0.060 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 | 7 | 4350 | 0.023 | 7 | 4350 | 0.043 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.030 | 7 | 4350 | 0.026 | 7 | 4350 | 0.056 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.016 | 7 | 4350 | 0.016 | 7 | 4350 | 0.032 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.030 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 | 7 | 4350 | 0.050 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.023 | 7 | 4350 | 0.033 | 7 | 4350 | 0.056 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.026 | 7 | 4350 | 0.033 | 7 | 4350 | 0.059 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.013 | 7 | 4350 | 0.020 | 7 | 4350 | 0.033 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.003 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.003 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 | 7 | 4350 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.224 |  |  | 0.220 |  |  | 0.444 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## TRIP RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

Land Use : 01-RETAIL
Category : A - FOOD SUPERSTORE
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHICLES
Selected regions and areas:
02 SOUTH EAST
ES EAST SUSSEX 1 days
06 WEST MI DLANDS
WO WORCESTERSHIRE
1 days
09 NORTH
TW TYNE \& WEAR
1 days
This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS $\circledR^{\circledR}$ sub-region in the selected set

## Primary Filtering selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | Gross floor area |
| :--- | :--- |
| Actual Range: | 1400 to 4780 (units: sqm) |
| Range Selected by User: | 800 to 5000 (units: sqm) |
|  |  |
| Parking Spaces Range: | All Surveys Included |

Public Transport Provision:
Selection by: Include all surveys
Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 14$ to $19 / 10 / 21$
This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

| Tuesday | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Friday | 1 days |
| Saturday | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.
Selected survey types:
Manual count 3 days

Directional ATC Count 0 days
This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) 1
Neighbourhood Centre (PPS6 Local Centre) 2
This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:
Residential Zone 2
Built-Up Zone 1
This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

## Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:
E(a) 3 days
This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS $®$.

Population within 500 m Range:
All Surveys Included
Population within 1 mile:
25,001 to 50,000 3 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.
Population within 5 miles:

| 125,001 to 250,000 | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 250,001 to 500,000 | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.
Car ownership within 5 miles:
1.1 to $1.5 \quad 3$ days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

Petrol filling station:

| PFS is present at the site and is included in the count | 0 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| PFS is present at the site but is excluded from the count | 0 days |
| There is no PFS at the site | 3 days |

There is no PFS at the site
This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that include petrol filling station activity, and the number of surveys that do not.
$\frac{\text { Travel Plan: }}{\text { No }}$
No 3 days
This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

## PTAL Rating:

## No PTAL Present <br> $$
3 \text { days }
$$

This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.

| TRICS 7.9.2 | 180622 B20.49 | Database right of TRICS Consortium Limited, 2022. All rights reserved | Wednesday 06/ 07/ 22 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Page $\mathbf{3}$ |  |  |  |
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## LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

| 1 | ES-01-A-18 WAITROSE |  | EAST SUSSEX |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NEVILL ROAD |  |  |
|  | BRIGHTON |  |  |
|  | WEST BLATCHINGTON |  |  |
|  | Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) |  |  |
|  | Residential Zone |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 4644 sqm |  |
| 2 | Survey date: SATURDAY | 23/09/17 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
|  | TW-01-A-03 M\&S FOOD HALL |  | TYNE \& WEAR |
|  | HOLLYWOOD AVENUE |  |  |
|  | NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE |  |  |
|  | GOSFORTH |  |  |
|  | Neighbourhood Centre (PPS6 Local Centre) |  |  |
|  | Built-Up Zone |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 1400 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: TUESDAY | 19/10/21 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 3 | WO-01-A-02 WAITROSE |  | WORCESTERSHIRE |
|  | LONDON ROAD |  |  |
|  | WORCESTER |  |  |
|  | RED HILL |  |  |
|  | Neighbourhood Centre (PPS6 Local Centre) |  |  |
|  | Residential Zone |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 4780 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: FRIDAY | 27/09/19 | Survey Type: MANUAL |

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/A - FOOD SUPERSTORE
MULTI -MODAL TOTAL VEHI CLES
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period
Total People to Total Vehicles ratio (all time periods and directions): 2.09

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 3608 | 1.450 | 3 | 3608 | 0.952 | 3 | 3608 | 2.402 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 3608 | 2.605 | 3 | 3608 | 2.273 | 3 | 3608 | 4.878 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 3 | 3608 | 3.732 | 3 | 3608 | 2.966 | 3 | 3608 | 6.698 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.508 | 3 | 3608 | 3.511 | 3 | 3608 | 8.019 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 3 | 3608 | 5.035 | 3 | 3608 | 4.638 | 3 | 3608 | 9.673 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 3 | 3608 | 5.765 | 3 | 3608 | 5.488 | 3 | 3608 | 11.253 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 3 | 3608 | 5.368 | 3 | 3608 | 5.645 | 3 | 3608 | 11.013 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.638 | 3 | 3608 | 4.980 | 3 | 3608 | 9.618 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.527 | 3 | 3608 | 5.257 | 3 | 3608 | 9.784 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.481 | 3 | 3608 | 4.666 | 3 | 3608 | 9.147 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.241 | 3 | 3608 | 4.425 | 3 | 3608 | 8.666 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 3 | 3608 | 3.686 | 3 | 3608 | 4.287 | 3 | 3608 | 7.973 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 3 | 3608 | 2.143 | 3 | 3608 | 2.568 | 3 | 3608 | 4.711 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.859 | 3 | 3608 | 1.377 | 3 | 3608 | 2.236 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 4712 | 0.096 | 2 | 4712 | 0.478 | 2 | 4712 | 0.574 |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 53.134 |  |  | 53.511 |  |  | 106.645 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

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## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

1400-4780 (units: sqm)
01/01/14-19/10/21
2
1
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/A - FOOD SUPERSTORE
MULTI -MODAL OGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.065 | 3 | 3608 | 0.037 | 3 | 3608 | 0.102 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.028 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.036 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.028 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 4712 | 0.000 | 2 | 4712 | 0.011 | 2 | 4712 | 0.011 |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.166 |  |  | 0.184 |  |  | 0.350 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/A - FOOD SUPERSTORE
MULTI-MODAL CYCLISTS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.028 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.037 | 3 | 3608 | 0.028 | 3 | 3608 | 0.065 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 | 3 | 3608 | 0.055 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.028 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.000 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.028 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 | 3 | 3608 | 0.037 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.037 | 3 | 3608 | 0.055 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.065 | 3 | 3608 | 0.092 | 3 | 3608 | 0.157 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.055 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.073 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.028 | 3 | 3608 | 0.083 | 3 | 3608 | 0.111 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.055 | 3 | 3608 | 0.037 | 3 | 3608 | 0.092 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.055 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 | 3 | 3608 | 0.101 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.028 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 4712 | 0.032 | 2 | 4712 | 0.053 | 2 | 4712 | 0.085 |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.482 |  |  | 0.505 |  |  | 0.987 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/A - FOOD SUPERSTORE
MULTI-MODAL VEHICLE OCCUPANTS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 3608 | 2.217 | 3 | 3608 | 1.386 | 3 | 3608 | 3.603 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.268 | 3 | 3608 | 3.779 | 3 | 3608 | 8.047 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 3 | 3608 | 5.765 | 3 | 3608 | 4.860 | 3 | 3608 | 10.625 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 3 | 3608 | 7.206 | 3 | 3608 | 5.626 | 3 | 3608 | 12.832 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 3 | 3608 | 8.768 | 3 | 3608 | 7.705 | 3 | 3608 | 16.473 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 3 | 3608 | 9.922 | 3 | 3608 | 9.156 | 3 | 3608 | 19.078 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 3 | 3608 | 8.989 | 3 | 3608 | 9.026 | 3 | 3608 | 18.015 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 3 | 3608 | 8.259 | 3 | 3608 | 8.195 | 3 | 3608 | 16.454 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 3 | 3608 | 7.640 | 3 | 3608 | 9.331 | 3 | 3608 | 16.971 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 3 | 3608 | 7.409 | 3 | 3608 | 7.576 | 3 | 3608 | 14.985 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 3 | 3608 | 6.744 | 3 | 3608 | 7.178 | 3 | 3608 | 13.922 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 3 | 3608 | 6.116 | 3 | 3608 | 7.095 | 3 | 3608 | 13.211 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 3 | 3608 | 3.474 | 3 | 3608 | 4.333 | 3 | 3608 | 7.807 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 3 | 3608 | 1.321 | 3 | 3608 | 2.411 | 3 | 3608 | 3.732 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 4712 | 0.191 | 2 | 4712 | 0.828 | 2 | 4712 | 1.019 |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 88.289 |  |  | 88.485 |  |  | 176.774 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/A - FOOD SUPERSTORE
MULTI - MODAL PEDESTRIANS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.286 | 3 | 3608 | 0.231 | 3 | 3608 | 0.517 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.748 | 3 | 3608 | 0.952 | 3 | 3608 | 1.700 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.767 | 3 | 3608 | 0.545 | 3 | 3608 | 1.312 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 3 | 3608 | 1.275 | 3 | 3608 | 0.841 | 3 | 3608 | 2.116 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 3 | 3608 | 1.275 | 3 | 3608 | 1.275 | 3 | 3608 | 2.550 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 3 | 3608 | 1.885 | 3 | 3608 | 1.691 | 3 | 3608 | 3.576 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 3 | 3608 | 2.023 | 3 | 3608 | 2.217 | 3 | 3608 | 4.240 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 3 | 3608 | 1.072 | 3 | 3608 | 1.247 | 3 | 3608 | 2.319 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 3 | 3608 | 1.672 | 3 | 3608 | 1.395 | 3 | 3608 | 3.067 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 3 | 3608 | 1.552 | 3 | 3608 | 1.691 | 3 | 3608 | 3.243 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.998 | 3 | 3608 | 1.321 | 3 | 3608 | 2.319 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.711 | 3 | 3608 | 0.998 | 3 | 3608 | 1.709 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.443 | 3 | 3608 | 0.582 | 3 | 3608 | 1.025 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.305 | 3 | 3608 | 0.277 | 3 | 3608 | 0.582 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 4712 | 0.032 | 2 | 4712 | 0.085 | 2 | 4712 | 0.117 |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 15.044 |  |  | 15.348 |  |  | 30.392 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/A - FOOD SUPERSTORE
MULTI-MODAL BUS/ TRAM PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.120 | 3 | 3608 | 0.074 | 3 | 3608 | 0.194 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.573 | 3 | 3608 | 0.286 | 3 | 3608 | 0.859 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.490 | 3 | 3608 | 0.397 | 3 | 3608 | 0.887 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.527 | 3 | 3608 | 0.407 | 3 | 3608 | 0.934 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.545 | 3 | 3608 | 0.730 | 3 | 3608 | 1.275 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.804 | 3 | 3608 | 0.684 | 3 | 3608 | 1.488 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.693 | 3 | 3608 | 0.656 | 3 | 3608 | 1.349 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.564 | 3 | 3608 | 0.545 | 3 | 3608 | 1.109 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.665 | 3 | 3608 | 0.665 | 3 | 3608 | 1.330 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.674 | 3 | 3608 | 0.601 | 3 | 3608 | 1.275 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.203 | 3 | 3608 | 0.379 | 3 | 3608 | 0.582 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.111 | 3 | 3608 | 0.277 | 3 | 3608 | 0.388 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.083 | 3 | 3608 | 0.129 | 3 | 3608 | 0.212 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 | 3 | 3608 | 0.083 | 3 | 3608 | 0.129 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 4712 | 0.011 | 2 | 4712 | 0.149 | 2 | 4712 | 0.160 |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 6.109 |  |  | 6.062 |  |  | 12.171 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/A - FOOD SUPERSTORE
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL RAIL PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.009 | 3 | 3608 | 0.027 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.120 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 | 3 | 3608 | 0.166 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.065 | 3 | 3608 | 0.083 | 3 | 3608 | 0.148 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.185 | 3 | 3608 | 0.148 | 3 | 3608 | 0.333 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.120 | 3 | 3608 | 0.111 | 3 | 3608 | 0.231 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.092 | 3 | 3608 | 0.083 | 3 | 3608 | 0.175 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.102 | 3 | 3608 | 0.092 | 3 | 3608 | 0.194 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.092 | 3 | 3608 | 0.120 | 3 | 3608 | 0.212 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.129 | 3 | 3608 | 0.055 | 3 | 3608 | 0.184 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.139 | 3 | 3608 | 0.065 | 3 | 3608 | 0.204 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.083 | 3 | 3608 | 0.120 | 3 | 3608 | 0.203 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.111 | 3 | 3608 | 0.157 | 3 | 3608 | 0.268 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.055 | 3 | 3608 | 0.065 | 3 | 3608 | 0.120 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.018 | 3 | 3608 | 0.028 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 4712 | 0.000 | 2 | 4712 | 0.096 | 2 | 4712 | 0.096 |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 1.329 |  |  | 1.278 |  |  | 2.607 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/A - FOOD SUPERSTORE
MULTI-MODAL CARS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 3608 | 1.256 | 3 | 3608 | 0.850 | 3 | 3608 | 2.106 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 3608 | 2.467 | 3 | 3608 | 2.079 | 3 | 3608 | 4.546 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 3 | 3608 | 3.501 | 3 | 3608 | 2.772 | 3 | 3608 | 6.273 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.278 | 3 | 3608 | 3.243 | 3 | 3608 | 7.521 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.850 | 3 | 3608 | 4.472 | 3 | 3608 | 9.322 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 3 | 3608 | 5.534 | 3 | 3608 | 5.303 | 3 | 3608 | 10.837 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 3 | 3608 | 5.164 | 3 | 3608 | 5.414 | 3 | 3608 | 10.578 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.435 | 3 | 3608 | 4.739 | 3 | 3608 | 9.174 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.416 | 3 | 3608 | 5.127 | 3 | 3608 | 9.543 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.287 | 3 | 3608 | 4.481 | 3 | 3608 | 8.768 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 3 | 3608 | 4.000 | 3 | 3608 | 4.176 | 3 | 3608 | 8.176 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 3 | 3608 | 3.594 | 3 | 3608 | 4.176 | 3 | 3608 | 7.770 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 3 | 3608 | 1.986 | 3 | 3608 | 2.421 | 3 | 3608 | 4.407 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.776 | 3 | 3608 | 1.303 | 3 | 3608 | 2.079 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 4712 | 0.096 | 2 | 4712 | 0.435 | 2 | 4712 | 0.531 |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 50.640 |  |  | 50.991 |  |  | 101.631 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/A - FOOD SUPERSTORE
MULTI-MODAL LGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.111 | 3 | 3608 | 0.055 | 3 | 3608 | 0.166 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.102 | 3 | 3608 | 0.111 | 3 | 3608 | 0.213 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.166 | 3 | 3608 | 0.139 | 3 | 3608 | 0.305 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.176 | 3 | 3608 | 0.203 | 3 | 3608 | 0.379 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.148 | 3 | 3608 | 0.129 | 3 | 3608 | 0.277 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.157 | 3 | 3608 | 0.129 | 3 | 3608 | 0.286 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.139 | 3 | 3608 | 0.166 | 3 | 3608 | 0.305 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.176 | 3 | 3608 | 0.194 | 3 | 3608 | 0.370 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.083 | 3 | 3608 | 0.102 | 3 | 3608 | 0.185 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.157 | 3 | 3608 | 0.148 | 3 | 3608 | 0.305 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.203 | 3 | 3608 | 0.203 | 3 | 3608 | 0.406 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.055 | 3 | 3608 | 0.074 | 3 | 3608 | 0.129 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.139 | 3 | 3608 | 0.129 | 3 | 3608 | 0.268 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 | 3 | 3608 | 0.046 | 3 | 3608 | 0.092 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 4712 | 0.000 | 2 | 4712 | 0.032 | 2 | 4712 | 0.032 |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 1.858 |  |  | 1.860 |  |  | 3.718 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## TRIP RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

Land Use : 06-HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK
Category : K - CAFE
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHI CLES
Selected regions and areas:
05 EAST MI DLANDS
LN LINCOLNSHIRE 1 days
This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS $\circledR^{\circledR}$ sub-region in the selected set

## Primary Filtering selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | Gross floor area |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Actual Range: | 190 to 190 (units: sqm) |  |
| Range Selected by User: | 190 to 190 (units: sqm) |  |
| Parking Spaces Range: | All Surveys Included |  |
| Public Transport Provision:  |  |  |

Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 14$ to $12 / 10 / 21$
This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:
Tuesday 1 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.
Selected survey types:

| Manual count | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Directional ATC Count | 0 days |

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

## Selected Locations:

Town Centre 1
This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

## Selected Location Sub Categories:

Built-Up Zone
1
This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

## Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:
$\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{b}) \quad 1$ days
This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS ${ }^{\circledR}$.

Population within 500m Range:
All Surveys Included

| TRICS 7.9.2 | 180622 B20.49 | Database right of TRICS Consortium Limited, 2022. All rights reserved | Wednesday 06/ 07/ 22 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Page $\mathbf{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Entran Ltd | Chapel Pill Lane | Bristol | Licence No: 337901 |

Entran Ltd Chapel Pill Lane Bristol

## Secondary Filtering selection (Cont.):

Population within 1 mile:
15,001 to $20,000 \quad 1$ days
This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.
Population within 5 miles:
50,001 to 75,000 1 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.
Car ownership within 5 miles:
0.6 to $1.0 \quad 1$ days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:
No
1 days
This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

PTAL Rating:
No PTAL Present 1 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

## 1 LN-06-K-01 CAFÉ \& TEA ROOM <br> RED LION SQUARE <br> STAMFORD <br> Town Centre <br> Built-Up Zone <br> Total Gross floor area: 190 sqm <br> Survey date: TUESDAY 12/10/21 Survey Type: MANUAL

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/K - CAFE
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHI CLES
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Total People to Total Vehicles ratio (all time periods and directions): 3.64

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. <br> GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 190 | 3.684 | 1 | 190 | 2.105 | 1 | 190 | 5.789 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 1 | 190 | 4.211 | 1 | 190 | 4.211 | 1 | 190 | 8.422 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 1 | 190 | 4.211 | 1 | 190 | 3.684 | 1 | 190 | 7.895 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 1 | 190 | 4.737 | 1 | 190 | 5.263 | 1 | 190 | 10.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 1 | 190 | 4.211 | 1 | 190 | 4.211 | 1 | 190 | 8.422 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 1 | 190 | 2.632 | 1 | 190 | 3.684 | 1 | 190 | 6.316 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 1 | 190 | 2.632 | 1 | 190 | 3.158 | 1 | 190 | 5.790 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 1.053 | 1 | 190 | 1.579 |
| 17:00-18:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18:00-19:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 27.370 |  |  | 27.369 |  |  | 54.739 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

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## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
190-190 (units: sqm)
Survey date date range:
01/01/14-12/10/21
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
1
Number of Sundays:
0
Surveys automatically removed from selection: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection:
This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/K - CAFE
MULTI - MODAL CYCLI STS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 1.052 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 1 | 190 | 1.053 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 1.579 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18:00-19:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 1.579 |  |  | 1.578 |  |  | 3.157 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/K - CAFE
MULTI - MODAL VEHI CLE OCCUPANTS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 190 | 5.263 | 1 | 190 | 2.632 | 1 | 190 | 7.895 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 1 | 190 | 5.789 | 1 | 190 | 5.263 | 1 | 190 | 11.052 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 1 | 190 | 5.263 | 1 | 190 | 5.263 | 1 | 190 | 10.526 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 1 | 190 | 5.789 | 1 | 190 | 6.842 | 1 | 190 | 12.631 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 1 | 190 | 5.789 | 1 | 190 | 5.789 | 1 | 190 | 11.578 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 1 | 190 | 3.158 | 1 | 190 | 5.263 | 1 | 190 | 8.421 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 1 | 190 | 3.684 | 1 | 190 | 4.737 | 1 | 190 | 8.421 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 1.053 | 1 | 190 | 1.579 |
| 17:00-18:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18:00-19:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 35.787 |  |  | 36.842 |  |  | 72.629 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/K - CAFE
MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 190 | 8.421 | 1 | 190 | 4.211 | 1 | 190 | 12.632 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 1 | 190 | 6.842 | 1 | 190 | 6.316 | 1 | 190 | 13.158 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 1 | 190 | 9.474 | 1 | 190 | 9.474 | 1 | 190 | 18.948 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 1 | 190 | 10.000 | 1 | 190 | 8.947 | 1 | 190 | 18.947 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 1 | 190 | 7.895 | 1 | 190 | 8.947 | 1 | 190 | 16.842 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 1 | 190 | 5.263 | 1 | 190 | 5.263 | 1 | 190 | 10.526 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 1 | 190 | 4.737 | 1 | 190 | 6.316 | 1 | 190 | 11.053 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 4.211 | 1 | 190 | 4.737 |
| 17:00-18:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18:00-19:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 53.684 |  |  | 53.685 |  |  | 107.369 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/K - CAFE
MULTI-MODAL BUS/ TRAM PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 190 | 2.632 | 1 | 190 | 1.053 | 1 | 190 | 3.685 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 1 | 190 | 1.579 | 1 | 190 | 1.053 | 1 | 190 | 2.632 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 1 | 190 | 1.053 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 1.053 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 1 | 190 | 1.053 | 1 | 190 | 2.632 | 1 | 190 | 3.685 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 1.053 | 1 | 190 | 1.053 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 1.052 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 |
| 17:00-18:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18:00-19:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 7.895 |  |  | 6.843 |  |  | 14.738 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/K - CAFE
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL RAIL PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 1.579 | 1 | 190 | 1.579 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18:00-19:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.000 |  |  | 1.579 |  |  | 1.579 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/K - CAFE
MULTI-MODAL CARS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 190 | 3.158 | 1 | 190 | 1.579 | 1 | 190 | 4.737 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 1 | 190 | 3.684 | 1 | 190 | 3.684 | 1 | 190 | 7.368 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 1 | 190 | 3.684 | 1 | 190 | 3.158 | 1 | 190 | 6.842 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 1 | 190 | 4.737 | 1 | 190 | 5.263 | 1 | 190 | 10.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 1 | 190 | 3.684 | 1 | 190 | 3.684 | 1 | 190 | 7.368 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 1 | 190 | 2.105 | 1 | 190 | 3.158 | 1 | 190 | 5.263 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 1 | 190 | 2.632 | 1 | 190 | 3.158 | 1 | 190 | 5.790 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 1.053 | 1 | 190 | 1.579 |
| 17:00-18:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18:00-19:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 24.736 |  |  | 24.737 |  |  | 49.473 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/K - CAFE
MULTI-MODAL LGVS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 0.526 | 1 | 190 | 1.052 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 | 1 | 190 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18:00-19:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.526 |  |  | 0.526 |  |  | 1.052 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## TRIP RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:



This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

## Primary Filtering selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | Gross floor area |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Actual Range: | 600 to 830 (units: sqm ) |  |
| Range Selected by User: | 494 to 1481 (units: sqm ) |  |
| Parking Spaces Range: | All Surveys Included |  |
| Public Transport Provision:  Include all surveys Selection by: |  |  |

Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 14$ to $10 / 09 / 21$
This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

| Tuesday | 2 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Thursday | 2 days |
| Friday | 2 days |
| Saturday | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.
Selected survey types:
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Manual count } & 7 \text { days } \\ \text { Directional ATC Count } & 0 \text { days }\end{array}$
This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:

| Town Centre | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Edge of Town Centre | 1 |
| Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) | 1 |
| Edge of Town | 4 |

This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:
Industrial Zone 2
Commercial Zone 1
Residential Zone 1
Retail Zone 1
Built-Up Zone 1
No Sub Category 1
This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village,

## Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:
Sui Generis 7 days
This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS $®$.

Population within 500m Range:
All Surveys Included
Population within 1 mile:
1,001 to $5,000 \quad 2$ days
15,001 to $20,000 \quad 3$ days
20,001 to 25,000 1 days
25,001 to $50,000 \quad 1$ days
This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.
Population within 5 miles:
$\begin{array}{ll}125,001 \text { to } 250,000 & 6 \text { days } \\ 250,001 \text { to } 500,000 & 1 \text { days }\end{array}$
250,001 to 500,000 1 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.
Car ownership within 5 miles:

| 0.5 or Less | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0.6 to 1.0 | 4 days |
| 1.1 to 1.5 | 1 days |
| 1.6 to 2.0 | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:
No
7 days
This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

PTAL Rating:
No PTAL Present 7 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.

| TRICS 7.9.2 | 180622 B20.49 | Database right of TRICS Consortium Limited, 2022. All rights reserved | Wednesday 06/ 07/ 22 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Page $\mathbf{3}$ |  |  |  |
| Entran Ltd $C h a p e l ~ P i l l ~ L a n e ~$ | Bristol | Licence No: 337901 |  |

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters


This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/C - PUB/RESTAURANT
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHI CLES
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Total People to Total Vehicles ratio (all time periods and directions): 2.32

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } \\ & \text { Days } \end{aligned}$ | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 687 | 0.825 | 6 | 687 | 0.510 | 6 | 687 | 1.335 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.153 | 7 | 682 | 0.545 | 7 | 682 | 1.698 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 682 | 3.060 | 7 | 682 | 0.880 | 7 | 682 | 3.940 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.746 | 7 | 682 | 2.431 | 7 | 682 | 5.177 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.740 | 7 | 682 | 2.536 | 7 | 682 | 4.276 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.677 | 7 | 682 | 1.865 | 7 | 682 | 3.542 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.117 | 7 | 682 | 1.782 | 7 | 682 | 3.899 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.536 | 7 | 682 | 1.656 | 7 | 682 | 4.192 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.494 | 7 | 682 | 2.494 | 7 | 682 | 4.988 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.389 | 7 | 682 | 2.473 | 7 | 682 | 4.862 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.551 | 7 | 682 | 2.557 | 7 | 682 | 4.108 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.027 | 7 | 682 | 1.572 | 7 | 682 | 2.599 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.314 | 7 | 682 | 1.740 | 7 | 682 | 2.054 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 4 | 701 | 0.071 | 4 | 701 | 0.499 | 4 | 701 | 0.570 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 23.700 |  |  | 23.540 |  |  | 47.240 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

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## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
600-830 (units: sqm)
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
01/01/14-10/09/21
Number of Saturdays:
6
Number of Sundays:
1
Surveys automatically removed from selection: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection:
0
This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS ${ }^{\circledR}$ user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/C - PUB/RESTAURANT
MULTI-MODAL OGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } \\ & \text { Days } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 687 | 0.000 | 6 | 687 | 0.000 | 6 | 687 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 4 | 701 | 0.000 | 4 | 701 | 0.000 | 4 | 701 | 0.000 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.021 |  |  | 0.021 |  |  | 0.042 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/C - PUB/RESTAURANT
MULTI - MODAL CYCLI STS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } \\ & \text { Days } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 687 | 0.000 | 6 | 687 | 0.000 | 6 | 687 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 4 | 701 | 0.000 | 4 | 701 | 0.071 | 4 | 701 | 0.071 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.126 |  |  | 0.197 |  |  | 0.323 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/C - PUB/RESTAURANT
MULTI-MODAL VEHI CLE OCCUPANTS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 687 | 1.238 | 6 | 687 | 0.704 | 6 | 687 | 1.942 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.138 | 7 | 682 | 0.692 | 7 | 682 | 2.830 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 682 | 5.617 | 7 | 682 | 1.320 | 7 | 682 | 6.937 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 682 | 5.282 | 7 | 682 | 4.171 | 7 | 682 | 9.453 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.746 | 7 | 682 | 5.408 | 7 | 682 | 8.154 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 682 | 3.039 | 7 | 682 | 3.500 | 7 | 682 | 6.539 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 682 | 3.794 | 7 | 682 | 3.479 | 7 | 682 | 7.273 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 682 | 4.171 | 7 | 682 | 2.515 | 7 | 682 | 6.686 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 682 | 4.569 | 7 | 682 | 4.423 | 7 | 682 | 8.992 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 7 | 682 | 4.108 | 7 | 682 | 4.653 | 7 | 682 | 8.761 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.557 | 7 | 682 | 4.485 | 7 | 682 | 7.042 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.138 | 7 | 682 | 2.913 | 7 | 682 | 5.051 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.503 | 7 | 682 | 3.291 | 7 | 682 | 3.794 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 4 | 701 | 0.071 | 4 | 701 | 0.713 | 4 | 701 | 0.784 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 41.971 |  |  | 42.267 |  |  | 84.238 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/C - PUB/RESTAURANT
MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 687 | 0.097 | 6 | 687 | 0.024 | 6 | 687 | 0.121 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.231 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.252 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.838 | 7 | 682 | 0.252 | 7 | 682 | 1.090 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.755 | 7 | 682 | 1.006 | 7 | 682 | 1.761 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.006 | 7 | 682 | 0.629 | 7 | 682 | 1.635 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.467 | 7 | 682 | 1.404 | 7 | 682 | 2.871 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.237 | 7 | 682 | 1.341 | 7 | 682 | 2.578 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.587 | 7 | 682 | 0.524 | 7 | 682 | 1.111 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.545 | 7 | 682 | 0.566 | 7 | 682 | 1.111 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.216 | 7 | 682 | 0.964 | 7 | 682 | 2.180 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.692 | 7 | 682 | 0.755 | 7 | 682 | 1.447 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.524 | 7 | 682 | 0.755 | 7 | 682 | 1.279 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.126 | 7 | 682 | 0.482 | 7 | 682 | 0.608 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 4 | 701 | 0.036 | 4 | 701 | 0.428 | 4 | 701 | 0.464 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 9.357 |  |  | 9.151 |  |  | 18.508 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/C - PUB/RESTAURANT
MULTI-MODAL BUS/ TRAM PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } \\ & \text { Days } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 687 | 0.024 | 6 | 687 | 0.000 | 6 | 687 | 0.024 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.335 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.335 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.189 | 7 | 682 | 0.210 | 7 | 682 | 0.399 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.314 | 7 | 682 | 0.231 | 7 | 682 | 0.545 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.587 | 7 | 682 | 0.524 | 7 | 682 | 1.111 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.461 | 7 | 682 | 0.524 | 7 | 682 | 0.985 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.210 | 7 | 682 | 0.210 | 7 | 682 | 0.420 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.168 | 7 | 682 | 0.189 | 7 | 682 | 0.357 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.314 | 7 | 682 | 0.356 | 7 | 682 | 0.670 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.147 | 7 | 682 | 0.231 | 7 | 682 | 0.378 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.126 | 7 | 682 | 0.252 | 7 | 682 | 0.378 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 | 7 | 682 | 0.105 | 7 | 682 | 0.168 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 4 | 701 | 0.000 | 4 | 701 | 0.178 | 4 | 701 | 0.178 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 3.001 |  |  | 3.010 |  |  | 6.011 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/C - PUB/RESTAURANT
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL RAIL PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 687 | 0.000 | 6 | 687 | 0.000 | 6 | 687 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 | 7 | 682 | 0.084 | 7 | 682 | 0.126 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 4 | 701 | 0.000 | 4 | 701 | 0.000 | 4 | 701 | 0.000 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.231 |  |  | 0.252 |  |  | 0.483 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/C - PUB/RESTAURANT
MULTI-MODAL CARS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 687 | 0.753 | 6 | 687 | 0.437 | 6 | 687 | 1.190 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.069 | 7 | 682 | 0.461 | 7 | 682 | 1.530 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.892 | 7 | 682 | 0.713 | 7 | 682 | 3.605 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.410 | 7 | 682 | 2.117 | 7 | 682 | 4.527 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.551 | 7 | 682 | 2.368 | 7 | 682 | 3.919 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.530 | 7 | 682 | 1.719 | 7 | 682 | 3.249 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.886 | 7 | 682 | 1.635 | 7 | 682 | 3.521 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.368 | 7 | 682 | 1.467 | 7 | 682 | 3.835 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.222 | 7 | 682 | 2.348 | 7 | 682 | 4.570 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 7 | 682 | 2.054 | 7 | 682 | 1.991 | 7 | 682 | 4.045 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 7 | 682 | 1.425 | 7 | 682 | 2.368 | 7 | 682 | 3.793 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.859 | 7 | 682 | 1.404 | 7 | 682 | 2.263 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.293 | 7 | 682 | 1.698 | 7 | 682 | 1.991 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 4 | 701 | 0.071 | 4 | 701 | 0.499 | 4 | 701 | 0.570 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 21.383 |  |  | 21.225 |  |  | 42.608 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/C - PUB/RESTAURANT
MULTI-MODAL LGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 | 1 | 600 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 687 | 0.024 | 6 | 687 | 0.024 | 6 | 687 | 0.048 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.084 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 | 7 | 682 | 0.126 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 | 7 | 682 | 0.105 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 | 7 | 682 | 0.126 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.147 | 7 | 682 | 0.084 | 7 | 682 | 0.231 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 | 7 | 682 | 0.063 | 7 | 682 | 0.126 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.168 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 | 7 | 682 | 0.210 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 | 7 | 682 | 0.189 | 7 | 682 | 0.231 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.084 | 7 | 682 | 0.105 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.042 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 7 | 682 | 0.000 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 | 7 | 682 | 0.021 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 4 | 701 | 0.000 | 4 | 701 | 0.000 | 4 | 701 | 0.000 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.717 |  |  | 0.696 |  |  | 1.413 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## TRIP RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

| Land Use : 02-EMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Category : D - INDUSTRIAL ESTATE } \\ & \text { MULTI - MODAL TOTAL VEHI CLES } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Selected regions and areas: |  |  |  |
| 03 SOUTH WEST |  |  |  |
|  | DV | DEVON | 1 days |
| 04 | EAS | ANGLIA |  |
|  | CA | CAMBRIDGESHIRE | 1 days |
| 07 | YOR | KSHIRE \& NORTH LI |  |
|  | WY | WEST YORKSHIRE | 3 days |

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS $\circledR^{\circledR}$ sub-region in the selected set

## Primary Filtering selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | Gross floor area |
| :--- | :--- |
| Actual Range: | 1776 to 4328 (units: sqm) |
| Range Selected by User: | 1502 to 4506 (units: sqm) |
|  |  |
| Parking Spaces Range: | All Surveys Included |

Public Transport Provision:
Selection by: Include all surveys
Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 14$ to $03 / 07 / 17$
This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

| Monday | 3 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Tuesday | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

| Selected survey types: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Manual count | 5 days |
| Directional ATC Count | 0 days |

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

## Selected Locations:

Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) 1
Edge of Town 4
This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:
Industrial Zone 2
Development Zone 1
No Sub Category
2
This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

## Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:
Not Known 5 days
This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS $®$.

Filter by Site Operations Breakdown:
All Surveys Included
Population within 500 m Range:
All Surveys Included
Population within 1 mile:

| 1,001 to 5,000 | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 15,001 to 20,000 | 1 days |
| 25,001 to 50,000 | 3 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.
Population within 5 miles:
125,001 to 250,000 5 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.
Car ownership within 5 miles:

| 0.6 to 1.0 | 3 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1.1 to 1.5 | 1 days |
| 1.6 to 2.0 | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

PTAL Rating:
No PTAL Present
5 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.

## LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters



This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/D - INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHI CLES
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period
Total People to Total Vehicles ratio (all time periods and directions): 1.32

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.628 | 5 | 3406 | 0.241 | 5 | 3406 | 0.869 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.910 | 5 | 3406 | 0.646 | 5 | 3406 | 1.556 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.687 | 5 | 3406 | 0.617 | 5 | 3406 | 1.304 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.834 | 5 | 3406 | 0.840 | 5 | 3406 | 1.674 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.899 | 5 | 3406 | 0.987 | 5 | 3406 | 1.886 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.951 | 5 | 3406 | 0.922 | 5 | 3406 | 1.873 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.805 | 5 | 3406 | 0.705 | 5 | 3406 | 1.510 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.769 | 5 | 3406 | 0.763 | 5 | 3406 | 1.532 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.611 | 5 | 3406 | 0.652 | 5 | 3406 | 1.263 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.540 | 5 | 3406 | 0.716 | 5 | 3406 | 1.256 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.305 | 5 | 3406 | 0.652 | 5 | 3406 | 0.957 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.117 | 5 | 3406 | 0.235 | 5 | 3406 | 0.352 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 8.056 |  |  | 7.976 |  |  | 16.032 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

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## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

1776-4328 (units: sqm)
01/01/14-03/07/17
5
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS ${ }^{\circledR}$ user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/D - INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
MULTI -MODAL OGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.029 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 | 5 | 3406 | 0.047 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.100 | 5 | 3406 | 0.070 | 5 | 3406 | 0.170 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.047 | 5 | 3406 | 0.053 | 5 | 3406 | 0.100 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.053 | 5 | 3406 | 0.065 | 5 | 3406 | 0.118 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.065 | 5 | 3406 | 0.088 | 5 | 3406 | 0.153 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.047 | 5 | 3406 | 0.035 | 5 | 3406 | 0.082 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.035 | 5 | 3406 | 0.023 | 5 | 3406 | 0.058 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.047 | 5 | 3406 | 0.041 | 5 | 3406 | 0.088 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.059 | 5 | 3406 | 0.035 | 5 | 3406 | 0.094 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.023 | 5 | 3406 | 0.029 | 5 | 3406 | 0.052 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.023 | 5 | 3406 | 0.023 | 5 | 3406 | 0.046 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 | 5 | 3406 | 0.012 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.534 |  |  | 0.492 |  |  | 1.026 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/D - INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
MULTI - MODAL CYCLI STS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.024 |  |  | 0.024 |  |  | 0.048 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/D - INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
MULTI - MODAL VEHI CLE OCCUPANTS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.763 | 5 | 3406 | 0.288 | 5 | 3406 | 1.051 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 3406 | 1.057 | 5 | 3406 | 0.787 | 5 | 3406 | 1.844 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.857 | 5 | 3406 | 0.734 | 5 | 3406 | 1.591 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 3406 | 1.086 | 5 | 3406 | 1.092 | 5 | 3406 | 2.178 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 3406 | 1.157 | 5 | 3406 | 1.280 | 5 | 3406 | 2.437 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 3406 | 1.222 | 5 | 3406 | 1.169 | 5 | 3406 | 2.391 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.987 | 5 | 3406 | 0.875 | 5 | 3406 | 1.862 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.957 | 5 | 3406 | 0.992 | 5 | 3406 | 1.949 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.775 | 5 | 3406 | 0.910 | 5 | 3406 | 1.685 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.634 | 5 | 3406 | 0.893 | 5 | 3406 | 1.527 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.393 | 5 | 3406 | 0.810 | 5 | 3406 | 1.203 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.135 | 5 | 3406 | 0.294 | 5 | 3406 | 0.429 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 10.023 |  |  | 10.124 |  |  | 20.147 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/D - INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
MULTI - MODAL PEDESTRIANS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.047 | 5 | 3406 | 0.012 | 5 | 3406 | 0.059 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.023 | 5 | 3406 | 0.012 | 5 | 3406 | 0.035 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.029 | 5 | 3406 | 0.023 | 5 | 3406 | 0.052 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.023 | 5 | 3406 | 0.029 | 5 | 3406 | 0.052 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 | 5 | 3406 | 0.036 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.047 | 5 | 3406 | 0.041 | 5 | 3406 | 0.088 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.029 | 5 | 3406 | 0.041 | 5 | 3406 | 0.070 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 | 5 | 3406 | 0.023 | 5 | 3406 | 0.041 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.041 | 5 | 3406 | 0.047 | 5 | 3406 | 0.088 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.023 | 5 | 3406 | 0.053 | 5 | 3406 | 0.076 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 | 5 | 3406 | 0.024 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.012 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.012 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.316 |  |  | 0.317 |  |  | 0.633 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/D - INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
MULTI-MODAL BUS/ TRAM PASSENGERS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.029 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.029 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.041 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.041 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.029 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.029 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.012 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.012 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 | 5 | 3406 | 0.024 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 | 5 | 3406 | 0.012 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.006 | 5 | 3406 | 0.023 | 5 | 3406 | 0.029 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.041 | 5 | 3406 | 0.041 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.047 | 5 | 3406 | 0.047 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.000 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 | 5 | 3406 | 0.018 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.141 |  |  | 0.159 |  |  | 0.300 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/D - INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
MULTI-MODAL CARS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.458 | 5 | 3406 | 0.112 | 5 | 3406 | 0.570 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.382 | 5 | 3406 | 0.170 | 5 | 3406 | 0.552 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.376 | 5 | 3406 | 0.247 | 5 | 3406 | 0.623 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.440 | 5 | 3406 | 0.435 | 5 | 3406 | 0.875 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.429 | 5 | 3406 | 0.482 | 5 | 3406 | 0.911 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.546 | 5 | 3406 | 0.534 | 5 | 3406 | 1.080 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.464 | 5 | 3406 | 0.399 | 5 | 3406 | 0.863 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.458 | 5 | 3406 | 0.470 | 5 | 3406 | 0.928 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.341 | 5 | 3406 | 0.423 | 5 | 3406 | 0.764 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.305 | 5 | 3406 | 0.493 | 5 | 3406 | 0.798 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.182 | 5 | 3406 | 0.470 | 5 | 3406 | 0.652 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.088 | 5 | 3406 | 0.194 | 5 | 3406 | 0.282 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 4.469 |  |  | 4.429 |  |  | 8.898 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/D - INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
MULTI-MODAL LGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q m}$
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.141 | 5 | 3406 | 0.112 | 5 | 3406 | 0.253 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.423 | 5 | 3406 | 0.405 | 5 | 3406 | 0.828 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.264 | 5 | 3406 | 0.311 | 5 | 3406 | 0.575 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.341 | 5 | 3406 | 0.341 | 5 | 3406 | 0.682 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.399 | 5 | 3406 | 0.411 | 5 | 3406 | 0.810 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.358 | 5 | 3406 | 0.352 | 5 | 3406 | 0.710 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.305 | 5 | 3406 | 0.282 | 5 | 3406 | 0.587 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.264 | 5 | 3406 | 0.253 | 5 | 3406 | 0.517 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.211 | 5 | 3406 | 0.194 | 5 | 3406 | 0.405 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.211 | 5 | 3406 | 0.188 | 5 | 3406 | 0.399 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.100 | 5 | 3406 | 0.159 | 5 | 3406 | 0.259 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 3406 | 0.023 | 5 | 3406 | 0.029 | 5 | 3406 | 0.052 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 3.040 |  |  | 3.037 |  |  | 6.077 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Appendix M

Trip generation calculations

## Carrow Works, Norwich

## Multi-modal trips (gross)

trip rates
Houses in private ownership

|  | Walk | Cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AM | On |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | AM | 0.079 | 0.015 | 0.011 | 0.008 | 0.318 | 0.351 | 0.006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PM | 0.069 | 0.015 | 0.012 | 0.007 | 0.3108 | 0.283 | 0.002 | | Daily | 0.069 | 0.015 | 0.012 | 0.007 | 0.3108 | 0.283 | 0.002 | 0.6988 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0.0 .105 | 0.102 | 0.05 | 2.7192 | 2.396 | 0.043 | 6.0792 |  |  |

Flats in private ownership

| AM | Walk | Cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AM | 0.002 | 0.025 | 0.067 | 0.022 | 0.056 | 0.165 | 0 |
| PM | 0.08 | 0.0111 | 0.059 | 0.011 | 0.060 | 0.14 | 0 |


| PM | 0.08 | 0.011 | 0.059 | 0.011 | 0.060 | 0.14 | 0 | 0.3613 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Daily | 0.837 | 0.104 | 0.543 | 0.117 | 0.516 | 1.283 | 0.007 | 3.4073 |



 | Daily | 6.975 | 0.318 | 1.541 | 1.512 | 10.276 | 1.505 | 0.047 | 22.174 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

| Foodstore |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Walk | Cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods | Total |
| AM | 1.7 | 0.046 | 0.859 | 0.166 | 4.546 | 8.456 | 0.046 | 15.819 |
| PM | 2.319 | 0.111 | 0.582 | 0.203 | 8.176 | 0.632 | 0 | 12.023 | | PM | 2.319 | 0.111 | 0.582 | 0.203 | 8.176 | 0.632 | 0 | 12.023 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Daily | 30.392 | 0.987 | 12.171 | 2.607 | 101.631 | 48.724 | 0.35 | 196.862 |

estaurant/caf

| AM | Walk | Cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AM | 0.526 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.526 | 0 | 0 | 1.052 | | AM | 0.526 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.526 | 0 | 0 | 1.052 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.579 | 0 | 0 | 1.579 | | PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.579 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.579 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Daily | 54.739 | 3.157 | 144.738 | 1.579 | 49.473 | 22.104 | 1.052 |


| Pub/winebar | Walk | Cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PM | 1.111 | 0.042 | 0.42 | 0.063 | 3.835 | 2.725 | 0 | 8.196 |


| PM | 1.111 | 0.042 | 0.42 | 0.063 | 3.835 | 2.125 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Daily | 18.508 | 0.323 | 6.011 | 0.483 | 42.608 | 40.217 | 0.042 |

Industrial

|  | Walk | Cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AM | 0.0035 | 0 | 0.041 | 0.012 | 0.552 | 0.464 | 1.556 | 2.66 |
| PM | 0.024 | 0.018 | 0.047 | 0.006 | 0.652 | 0.292 | 0.957 | 1.996 |

MULT-MODAL TRPS
Houses in private ownership

| 392 | Walk | Cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AM | 31 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 125 | Total |  |
| PM | 27 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 138 | 2 | 309 |
| Paily | 260 | 41 | 40 | 20 | 1066 | 111 | 1 |

Flats in private ownership

| 1463 | Walk | cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AM | 120 | 37 | 98 | 32 | 82 | 241 | 0 | 610 |
| PM | 117 | 16 | 86 | 16 | 88 | 205 | 0 | 529 |
| Daily | 1225 | 152 | 794 | 171 | 755 | 1877 | 10 | 4985 |




TOTAL (gross)

| AM | Walk | Cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AM | 208 | 46 | 129 | 54 | 388 | 572 | 51 | 1448 |
| PM | 221 | 27 | 117 | 38 | 515 | 372 | 30 | 139 |
| Daily | 3192 | 265 | 1372 | 342 | 5574 | 4651 | 529 | 15926 |

external muiti-modal trip

| 392 | Walk | Cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods | al |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AM | 19 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 112 | 138 | 2 | 282 |
| PM | 16 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 110 | 111 | 1 | 249 |

Flats in private ownership

| 1463 | Walk | Cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AM | 72 | 26 | 98 | 32 | 74 | 241 | 0 |
| A | 70 | 21 | 86 | 16 | 79 | 245 | 0 |
| PM | 70 | 11 | 86 | 16 | 79 | 205 | 0 |
| Daily | 735 | 107 | 794 | 171 | 680 | 1877 | 10 |



|  | Walk | Cycle | Bus | Rail | Car | Passenger | Goods | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AM | 116 | 33 | 129 | 54 | 311 | 572 | 51 | 1265 |
| PM | 119 | 19 | 117 | 38 | 369 | 372 | 30 | 1063 |
| Daily | 1695 | 186 | 1372 | 342 | 3709 | 4651 | 529 | 12484 |

## Appendix N

## Weighted tables and diagrams




Carrow works, Norwich Baseline Survey 2022 0800-0900
Thurday



## Carrow Works, Norwich

2022 Manual Turning Counts

Thursday
Junction 1 - A147 Bracondale j/w King Street

| $0800-0900$ | A | B | C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A - Bracondale N |  | 169 | 287 |
| B - King Street | 191 |  | 499 |
| C - Bracondale South | 745 | 885 |  |


| $1700-1800$ | A | B | C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A - Bracondale N |  | 270 | 433 |
| B - King Street | 187 |  | 849 |
| C - Bracondale South | 436 | 647 |  |


| Combined count | A | B | C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A - Bracondale N |  | 1188 | 2103 |
| B - King Street | 1125 |  | 3937 |
| C - Bracondale South | 2984 | 4019 |  |

Junction 2 - A147 Bracondale j/w Martineau Lane

| $0800-0900$ | A | B | C | D | E |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| A - Bracondale N |  | 11 | 36 | 807 | 45 |
| B - site access | 3 |  | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| C - Bracondale S | 77 | 0 |  | 106 | 12 |
| D - Martineau Lane | 1002 | 10 | 76 | 36 | 60 |
| E - County Hall | 9 | 0 | 0 | 8 |  |


| $1700-1800$ | A | B | C | D | E |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| A - Bracondale N |  | 1 | 65 | 1193 | 23 |
| B - site access | 1 |  | 1 | 8 | 0 |
| C - Bracondale S | 92 | 1 |  | 15 | 189 |
| D - Martineau Lane | 926 | 1 | 101 | 40 | 6 |
| E - County Hall | 64 | 0 | 10 | 110 |  |


| Combined count | A | B | C | D | E |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| A - Bracondale N |  | 22 | 344 | 5441 | 233 |
| B - site access | 12 |  | 2 | 27 | 0 |
| C - Bracondale S | 517 | 2 |  | 713 | 91 |
| D - Martineau Lane | 6297 | 33 | 580 | 218 | 345 |
| E - County Hall | 177 | 2 | 24 | 263 |  |

Junction 3 - A146 Barrett Road j/w A1054 Marineau Lane

| $0800-0900$ | A | B | C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A - Martineau Lane |  | 672 | 165 |
| B - A146 link | 1061 |  | 456 |
| C - A146 Barrett Lane | 140 | 324 |  |


| 1700-1800 | A | B | C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A - Martineau Lane |  | 1083 | 255 |
| B - A146 link | 834 |  | 494 |
| C - A146 Barrett Lane | 252 | 550 |  |


| Combined count | A | B | C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A - Martineau Lane |  | 4565 | 1263 |
| B - A146 link | 6008 |  | 2678 |
| C - A146 Barrett Lane | 1336 | 2493 |  |

Carrow Works, Norwich
2022 Manual Turning Counts

Saturday
Junction 1 - A147 Bracondale j/w King Street

| $1200-1300$ | A | B | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A - Bracond |  | 302 | 374 |
| B - King Str | 180 |  | 690 |
| C - Bracond | 670 | 732 |  |


| 1700-1800 | A | B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A- Bracond |  | C |
| B - King Street |  |  |
| C - Bracondale South |  |  |


| Combined | A | B | C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A - Bracond |  | 2355 | 1467 |
| B - King Str | 1021 |  | 3499 |
| C - Bracond | 3361 | 3680 |  |

Junction 2 - A147 Bracondale j/w Martineau Lane

| $1200-1300$ | A | B | C | D | E |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| A - Bracond |  | 1 | 70 | 978 | 15 |
| B - site acc | 2 |  | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| C - Bracond | 113 | 1 |  | 11 | 188 |
| D - Martin | 1284 | 2 | 169 | 28 | 182 |
| E - County | 3 | 0 | 1 | 5 |  |


| $1700-1800$ | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A - Bracond |  |  |  | E |
| B - site access |  |  |  |  |
| C- Bracondale S |  |  |  |  |
| D- Martineau Lane |  |  |  |  |
| E-County Hall |  |  |  |  |


| Combined | A | B | C | D | E |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| A - Bracond |  | 14 | 445 | 5303 | 92 |
| B - site acc | 10 |  | 0 | 12 | 7 |
| C - Bracond | 637 | 7 |  | 59 | 880 |
| D - Martine | 6376 | 13 | 884 | 133 | 638 |
| E - County | 18 | 0 | 4 | 31 |  |

Junction 3 - A146 Barrett Road j/w A1054 Marineau Lane

| $0800-0900$ | A | B | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A- Martine |  | 800 | 317 |
| B-A146 lir | 1358 |  | 481 |
| C-A146 B | 291 | 401 |  |


| 1700-1800 | A | B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A- Martine |  | C |
| B-A146 link |  |  |
| C- A146 Barrett Lane |  |  |


| Combined | A | B | C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A - Martine |  | 4570 | 1486 |
| B-A146 lir | 6518 |  | 2355 |
| C-A146 B | 1512 | 2222 |  |

