

Public Protection (food & safety)

Food Premises Inspection Report

Name of Business: Carberrys

Address of food business: 18 Wensum Street, Norwich, NR3 1HY

Date of Inspection: 15 /11/2016
Risk Rating Reference 16/00710/FOOD
Premises Reference 16/00170/FD_HS

Type of Premises: Restaurant or cafe

Areas Inspected:
Records Examined:
SFBB
Details of Samples Procured:
None
Summary of Action Taken:
Informal

General Description of business Local cafe serving snacks

Relevant Legislation

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19(1) of the Food Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations

What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with straight away.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next <u>2 months</u>.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within 3 months unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

FOOD SAFETY

How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1.food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area				You Score					
Food Hygiene and Safety				0	5	10	15	20	25
Structure and Cleaning				0	5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems				0	5	10	15	20	30
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25 - 30		35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50
Your Worst score	5	10	10		15		20		-
Your Rating is	5	4	3		2		1		0

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 5 - a very good standard



1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are high. You demonstrated a very good standard of compliance with legal requirements. You have safe food handling practices and procedures and all the necessary control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. Some minor contraventions require your attention. (Score 5)

Contamination risks

Contravention The following exposed food to the general risk of cross-contamination with bacteria or allergens or its physical contamination with dirt or foreign objects:

- A few dog hairs were seen on an apron, not being worn, and waiting to be washed.
 You are a dog friendly cafe, and must ensure all food is protected from physical and bacterial risk from animals.
- Shell eggs were stored next to ready to eat foods.

Contravention You could not demonstrate effective heat disinfection of food equipment and utensils used for both raw and ready-to-eat (RTE) foods and did not have a dishwasher. Undertake the following work:

currently you only handle raw bacon. As part of E Coli control, if you do not have a
dishwasher, you must demonstrate use of separate equipment or a correct wash up
procedure. This will become more relevant if you expand. I recommended that due
to space you might like to use no raw meat at the moment.

Legal Requirement At all stages of production, processing and distribution, food must be protected from any contamination likely to render it unfit for human consumption, injurious to health or contaminated in such a way that it would be unreasonable to expect it to be consumed in that state.

Information The FSA (visit www.food.gov.uk for more information) has issued guidance on controlling E.coli 0157 through:

- the complete separation of raw and ready-to-eat food
- the correct use of wash-hand basins and thorough handwashing
- having dedicated equipment (including complex equipment) for raw and ready-to-eat foods
- through 2-stage cleaning and the correct use of sanitisers
- and by controlling the risks posed by soily vegetables.

Guidance If equipment and utensils (for example chopping boards, containers and tongs) are to be used for raw and RTE foods, they should be disinfected by heat or an adequate dishwasher cycle (able to reach 80°C for 15 seconds) between uses.

Guidance If heat disinfection or a dishwasher is not possible, separate equipment and utensils should be used for handling raw and RTE foods. Such equipment should be easily identifiable (colour coded) must be stored and washed separately.

Observation I was pleased you could demonstrate effective E.coli 0157 control through the complete separation of raw and ready-to-eat food, the correct use of wash-hand basins and thorough handwashing, having dedicated equipment (including complex equipment) for raw and ready-to-eat foods, through 2-stage cleaning and the correct use of sanitisers, and by controlling the risks posed by soily vegetables.

Recommendation It is recommended that you provide a rack for the storage of colour coded chopping boards.

Hand-washing

Legal Requirement Wash hand basins must be provided with soap and hygienic hand drying facilities.

Information Proper hand-washing is essential in preventing the spread of E.coli 0157 and other harmful bacteria onto food and food contact surfaces.

Recommendation For extra protection against cross contamination use a liquid soap with disinfectant properties conforming to the European standard BS EN 1499: 1997. This information should be available on the product label or may be obtained from the supplier or manufacturer.

Observation Hand washing was managed well and wash-hand basins were well stocked with hand cleaning material.

Personal Hygiene

Legal Requirement You must ensure that any member of staff that you know or suspect has (or is a carrier of) a food-borne disease or infection (including vomiting, diarrhoea, skin infection, sores and open wounds) is excluded from working in any food handling area until they have been symptom free for 48 hours or until medical clearance has been obtained.

Legal Requirement All persons in food handling areas must wear suitable, clean, and where appropriate protective clothing.

Temperature Control

Guidance It is essential to know that your probe thermometer is working properly. If the reading is outside these ranges you should replace your probe or return it to the manufacturer to be calibrated. A simple way to check a digital probe is to put it in iced water and boiling water:

- The readings in iced water should be between -1°C and 1°C.
- The readings in boiling water should be between 99°C and 101°C.

Recommendation Your SFBB pack contains details of how to calibrate your probe thermometer so you can be sure it is giving the correct reading. Discard the probe if it deviates by more than +/- 1 degree C

Recommendation It is good practice to check the core temperature of cooked and reheated foods, particularly larger items such as joints of meat, to ensure that it reaches 75°C for 2 minutes (or equivalent). This can be helpful in addition to visual checks of the food to determine whether it is properly cooked.

Observation I was pleased to see you were able to limit bacterial growth and/or survival by applying appropriate temperature controls at points critical to food safety and that you were diligently monitoring temperatures.

Observation Although you monitor chill temperatures in storage and display, you are not monitoring temperatures of high risk foods delivered to you such as cooked meat, and also do not monitor temperature of soup hot held in the kettle.

Observation You buy some ingredients locally yourself, and bring the food straight to the business. I suggest you transport high risk foods in a cool bag.

Observation Your probe thermometer had broken and requires replacing. Digital readouts on chillers are not reliable, and you should remember that the law relates to product temperature. You will need a probe to monitor cook temperatures and ideally hot hold.

Poor Practices

Observation The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration

• When freezing food with a use by date please ensure you apply additional dates when freezing and defrosting, and ensure the food is used within the appropriate timescale. When freezing it is like using a pause button on the food.

2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are all excellent and you demonstrated full compliance with the law. There is evidence of effective pest control and procedures are in place to rectify any problems as they arise. There is good provision for waste disposal. (Score 0)

Cleaning of Structure

Contravention The following structural items could not be effectively cleaned and must be covered or made non-absorbent:

• Ensure all wood behind the counter is suitably sealed.

Recommendation Housekeeping could be greatly improved. Remove redundant items and equipment from food rooms, tidy away miscellaneous objects into drawers and boxes and keep work surfaces and the floor clear for ease of cleaning and disinfection.

Recommendation I recommend you provide a Electric Fly killer if and when insect pests become a problem.

Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

Information Proper cleaning and disinfection is essential in preventing the spread of E.coli 0157 and other harmful bacteria onto food and food contact surfaces.

Guidance Taps can be a source of contamination so turning off a running tap with just-washed hands should be avoided. Use the disposable paper towel you used to dry your hands to turn off the running tap.

Observation I was pleased to see that the premises was kept clean and that your cleaning materials, methods and equipment were able to minimise the spread of harmful bacteria between surfaces.

Facilities and Structural provision

Contravention The following facilities were inadequate or absent and must be provided or improved:

• There were some holes in the floorboards in places. No evidence of any pests were seen, but these should be filled to prevent any access from the cellar void beneath. This may run under other buildings and your business is close to the river.

3. Confidence in Management

A food safety management system is in place and you demonstrate a very good standard of compliance with the law. Your records are appropriate and generally maintained. You have a good track record. There are some minor contraventions which require your attention. (Score 5)

Food Hazard Identification and Control

Recommendation Although you use perishable foods within 48 hours, to prove this, it is good practice to date mark items with either the date of production or thew date to discard.

Training

Contravention The following evidence indicated there was a staff training need:

• One member of food handling staff had not ben trained to a suitable level.

Legal Requirement Food business operators must ensure that food handlers are supervised and instructed and/or trained in food hygiene matters to an appropriate level for the work they do

Information You can obtain a list of the traning courses we provide on our website www.norwich.gov.uk

Information I note that some of your staff have e-learning food hygiene training. You may like to know that we offer Level 2 Award in Food Safety in Catering, a course on Safer Food better Business and a number of other courses. Booking details are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

Recommendation A Level 2 Award in Food Safety in Catering or its equivalent (a 6-hour course leading to the award of a recognised certificate in food hygiene) would be appropriate for your food handlers. Booking details for this course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

Recommendation A Level 3 Award for Supervising Food Safety in Catering would be appropriate for your supervisory staff and those with managerial responsibility. Booking details for this course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

Observation I was pleased to see that food handlers and/or managers had been trained to an appropriate level and evidence of their training was made available.

Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

Guidance Public Health England recommends that food handlers known or suspected to be suffering from a food-borne infection or gastrointestinal illness stay away from work until symptom-free for 48 hours.

<u>Allergens</u>

Legal Requirement Caterers must provide allergy information on all unpackaged food they sell. Catering businesses include restaurants, takeaways, deli counters, bakeries and sandwich bars etc. The potential for cross-contamination by allergens must also be made known to consumers. In addition food manufacturers must now label allergy causing ingredients on their pre-packed foods. You can obtain more information from the Trading Standards website www.norfolk.gov.uk/abc