

Public Protection (food & safety)

Food Premises Inspection Report

Name of Business: The Peoples Palace Cafe

Address of food business: 26 Suffolk Square, Norwich, NR2 2AA

Date of Inspection: 25/07/2017
Risk Rating Reference 17/00431/FOOD
Premises Reference 16180/0026/0/000

Type of Premises: Restaurant or cafe

Areas Inspected: All

Records Examined: SFBB, Cleaning schedule

Details of Samples Procured: None Summary of Action Taken: Informal

General Description of business Independent cafe serving local community

Relevant Legislation

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19(1) of the Food Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations

Food Information Regulations 2014

What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with straight away.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next <u>2 months</u>.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within 3 months unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

FOOD SAFETY

How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1.food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area				You Score					
Food Hygiene and Safety				0	5	10	15	20	25
Structure and Cleaning				0	5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems				0	5	10	15	20	30
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25 - 30		35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50
Your Worst score	5	10	10		15		20		-
		•	-		_	_			
Your Rating is	5	4	3		2		1		0

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 3 - a generally satisfactory standard



1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are generally satisfactory and maintained. There is evidence of some non-compliance with legal requirements. Some lapses are evident however generally you have satisfactory food handling practices and procedures and adequate control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

Contamination risks

Contravention The following exposed food to the general risk of cross-contamination with bacteria or allergens or its physical contamination with dirt or foreign objects:

- uncovered pineapple slices in fridge
- uncovered cooked mushrooms in fridge

Contravention You could not demonstrate effective heat disinfection of food equipment and utensils used for both raw and ready-to-eat (RTE) foods and did not have a dishwasher. Undertake the following work:

• use colour coded or dedicated equipment for raw and ready to eat products

Hand-washing

Observation Hand washing was managed well and wash-hand basins were well stocked with hand cleaning material.

Personal Hygiene

Contravention The following are examples of poor personal hygiene or where it was made difficult for food handlers to maintain sufficiently high standards of personal cleanliness:

staff member was wearing jeans and a wool jumper.

Legal Requirement All persons in food handling areas must wear suitable, clean, and where appropriate protective clothing

Recommendation To further improve personal hygiene I suggest: Staff also wear hats

Unfit food

Contravention The following food was unfit (and was seized or destroyed in my presence) because it was either; past its use by date; did not conform to food safety requirements; was not produced, prepared or processed in accordance with the regulations; or, in the case of fresh meat, its origin could not be determined:

• a carton of coleslaw was found passed the indicated 'Use by date' by several days. This may indicate you/staff were not properly following your open and closing checks as per your written procedures in your Safer Food Better Business pack,

2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are of a generally satisfactory standard but there are some repairs and/or improvements which are required in order for you to comply with the law. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

Cleaning of Structure

Contravention The following structural items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

- high level cleaning in staff WC as cobwebs could be seen.
- pipes to WC
- wall/floor joints in WC
- wall/floor joints in lobby containing sink in WC
- wall/floor joints in main kitchen
- the extractor was not switched on when I started my inspection. If the extractor is not turned on when you are cooking this likely accounted for the general grease build up to surfaces around the extraction canopy.
- window next to canopy in main kitchen.

- touch surfaces in main kitchen i.e light and power sockets and switches.
- flooring underneath and beside equipment in main kitchen.

Recommendation Your cleaning schedule is there to remind you to clean before an item becomes visibly dirty. If an item is dirty when you go to clean it, increase the frequency of cleaning. This way items will stay looking clean.

Recommendation Housekeeping could be greatly improved. Remove redundant items and equipment from food rooms, tidy away miscellaneous objects into drawers and boxes and keep work surfaces and the floor clear for ease of cleaning and disinfection.

Maintenance

Contravention The following items had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

• damaged trim to floor from dining area into main kitchen. The trim was also lifting creating a dirt trap and trip hazard.

Facilities and Structural provision

Contravention The following facilities were inadequate or absent and must be provided or improved:

 the rear door was open during my inspection. If this is a regular practise for ventilation then you will need to fit a fly-screen or fly proof strip to prevent access by pests

Legal Requirement All food preparation and storage areas must have adequate ventilation either by natural or mechanical means. This is to reduce high humidity, room temperature, cooking odours and airbourne particles.

3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. All the significant food hazards are understood and controls are in place. Your records are appropriate and generally maintained but some deficiencies were identified. Some minor issues were identified relating to staff supervision and training. You have a satisfactory track record. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

Proving Your Arrangements are Working Well

Contravention The Management sections in your Safer food Better Business (SFBB) pack are intended to demonstrate you are in day-to-day control of the hazards to food. The following Management sections were either missing, incomplete or not up-to-date:

• there were gaps in your daily diary records. You must complete these as it supports you have written evidence that you have complied with and followed your written

food safety procedures within the Safer Food Better Business pack.

Contravention The following matters are needed in order to demonstrate you Food Safety management system is working as it should:

 your Safer Food Better Business pack was out of order with loose pages. You also had duplicate blank pages from another Safer Food Better Business pack. You need to audit the pack and amalgamate into one fully working completed pack. This will ensure your staff are easily able to follow your written food safety procedures.

Allergens

Contravention You have not yet identified the allergens present in the food you prepare.:

Contravention You have not properly informed your customers about the presence of allergens in the food you prepare.:

Contravention You have not warned your customers about the potential for cross-contamination with allergens.:

Legal Requirement Caterers must provide allergy information on all unpackaged food they sell. Catering businesses include restaurants, takeaways, deli counters, bakeries and sandwich bars etc. The potential for cross-contamination by allergens must also be made known to consumers. In addition food manufacturers must now label allergy causing ingredients on their pre-packed foods. You can obtain more information from the Trading Standards website www.norfolk.gov.uk/abc

Information Allergen information could be written down on a chalk board or chart, or provided orally by a member of staff. Where the specific allergen information is not provided upfront, clear signposting to where this information could be obtained must be provided.

Information The 14 allergens are:

- cereals containing gluten
- crustaceans, for example prawns, crabs, lobster and crayfish
- eggs
- fish
- peanuts
- soybeans
- milk
- nuts, such as almonds, hazelnuts, walnuts, pecan nuts, Brazil nuts, pistachio, cashew and macadamia (Queensland) nuts
- celery (and celeriac)
- mustard
- sesame
- sulphur dioxide, which is a preservative found in some dried fruit
- lupin
- molluscs, for example clams, mussels, whelks, oysters, snails and squid

Recommendation Make a chart listing all your meals together with the 14 allergens (if present). Bring the chart to the attention of your customers and your staff.

Recommendation Add allergy information to your menu

Matters of evident concern

Contravention The following matters were of immediate concern:

• lifting damaged tape to floor in main dining area into kitchen and access to the public/staff toilets