

Public Protection (food & safety)

Food Premises Inspection Report

Name of Business:	O' Yes
Address of food business:	560B Dereham Road,Norwich, NR5 8TU
Date of Inspection:	19/09/2017
Risk Rating Reference	17/00566/FOOD
Premises Reference	04910/0560/B/000
Type of Premises:	Food take away premises
Areas Inspected:	All
Records Examined:	SFBB
Details of Samples Procured:	None
Summary of Action Taken:	Informal
General Description of business	Pizza & Kebab takeaway

Relevant Legislation

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19(1) of the Food Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013 Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations Food Information Regulations 2014

What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with straight away.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next <u>2 months</u>.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within <u>3 months</u> unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

FOOD SAFETY

How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1.food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area				You Score					
Food Hygiene and Safety				0	5	10	15	20	25
Structure and Cleaning				0	5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems				0	5	10	15	20	30
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25 - 30		35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50
Your Worst score	5	10	10		15		20		-
Your Rating is	5	4		3	2	2	1		0

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 4 - a good standard



1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are high. You demonstrated a very good standard of compliance with legal requirements. You have safe food handling practices and procedures and all the necessary control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. Some minor contraventions require your attention. **(Score 5)**

Observation Observation I was pleased to see that you had dedicated work surfaces/areas for different food preparation i.e raw meat

Hand-washing

Contravention The following evidence indicated hand-washing was not suitably managed:

- there was no towel to the wash hand basin in the WC
- there was no towel in towel dispenser

Legal Requirement Wash hand basins must be provided with soap and hygienic hand drying facilities.

Poor Practices

Observation The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration

- lettuce dated 'best before' 11/9/2017
- bench grinder stored among dried goods
- door to the WC lobby(the boss' WC) was left open, Please ensure that this door is closed at all times
- doner kebab had been left in a bucket outside in a plastic container
- wrapped raw meat ie bacon was being stored above ready-to-eat foods ie tomatoes in the walk-in fridge
- wrapped raw meat ie shish kebab and chicken was being stored directly next to prepared salads ie lettuce in the walk-in fridge. Although covered this could cause a cross contamination problem

Guidance It is an offence to sell food which is not of the nature, substance or quality demanded by the consumer. Food sold passed it's 'best before' date could be of a reduced quality so you must check it is OK before you sell it.

Information Even though it was noted that you state that the lettuce beyond its 'best before' date was for personal use, all food stored on the premises is considered to be available for use in the business and must comply with food safety requirements and be fit for purpose

2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are all of a good standard and only minor repairs and/or improvements are required. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The minor contraventions require your attention. **(Score 5)**

Cleaning of Structure

Contravention The following structural items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

- cobwebs were seen to the walls in the WC
- flooring underneath the fridges
- door catch to the walk-in fridge

Observation The kitchen had been well maintained and the standard of cleaning was exceptionally high.

Cleaning of Equipment and Food Contact Surfaces

Contravention The following surfaces and equipment in contact with food were dirty and/or could not be cleaned and require cleaning or discarding:

- door to the Beko fridge
- lids to the dried ingredients containers
- door runners to the dried goods cupboard
- interior rim to the chest freezer in storeroom
- seals to the 3 door stainless steel fridge in the servery
- interior to the Beko freezer
- door seals to the Beko freezer

Contravention

Cardboard cannot be properly cleaned. Do not use it to cover the floor/ shelves of work surfaces in food rooms

Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

Information Proper cleaning and disinfection is essential in preventing the spread of E.coli 0157 and other harmful bacteria onto food and food contact surfaces.

Guidance Taps can be a source of contamination so use a paper towel to turn off the tap after washing and drying your hands.

Guidance Even when using a surface sanitiser you should be following the 'two-stage' cleaning method. Apply the sanitiser once to remove visible dirt and food debris and then a second time to ensure effective disinfection. Make sure you follow the correct contact time for the product.

<u>Maintenance</u>

Contravention The following items had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

- split seals to the Atosa 3 door fridge
- damaged container storing dried ingredients

3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. Your records are appropriate and generally maintained but some deficiencies were identified. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. **(Score 10)**

Proving Your Arrangements are Working Well

Contravention The Management sections in your Safer food Better Business (SFBB) pack are intended to demonstrate you are in day-to-day control of the hazards to food. The following Management sections were either missing, incomplete or not up-to-date:

- The cleaning schedule
- Your Suppliers and/or Contacts lists
- Staff training records
- your diary had not been filled in since 4/8/17 You must keep your diary up to date. This is an essential part of your food safety system

Contravention The following are examples of where the documented Safe Methods in your SFBB pack said one thing but you were doing another. Follow your plan or change it - but ensure hazards are adequately controlled if you do::

- The cleaning schedule
- Your Suppliers and/or Contacts lists
- Staff training records
- the diary had not been filled in since 4/8/17

Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

Guidance Public Health England recommends that food handlers known or suspected to be suffering from a food-borne infection or gastrointestinal illness stay away from work until symptom-free for 48 hours

Allergens

Contravention You have not yet identified the allergens present in the food you prepare.:

Contravention You have not properly informed your customers about the presence of allergens in the food you prepare.:

Contravention You have not warned your customers about the potential for cross-contamination with allergens.:

Legal Requirement Caterers must provide allergy information on all unpackaged food they sell. Catering businesses include restaurants, takeaways, deli counters, bakeries and sandwich bars etc. The potential for cross-contamination by allergens must also be made known to consumers. In addition food manufacturers must now label allergy causing ingredients on their pre-packed foods. You can obtain more information from the Trading Standards website www.norfolk.gov.uk/abc

Information Loose (also called non pre-packed) foods are:

- foods served at restaurants and canteens.
- takeaway foods that are placed into containers and sold at the same premises.
- any foods sold loose, e.g. meat or cheese at a deli counter, unpackaged bread or pick and mix sweets (including individually wrapped sweets)

Information Allergen information could be written down on a chalk board or chart, or provided orally by a member of staff. Where the specific allergen information is not provided upfront, clear signposting to where this information could be obtained must be provided.

Information The 14 allergens are:

- cereals containing gluten
- crustaceans, for example prawns, crabs, lobster and crayfish
- eggs
- fish
- peanuts
- soybeans
- milk
- nuts, such as almonds, hazelnuts, walnuts, pecan nuts, Brazil nuts, pistachio, cashew and macadamia (Queensland) nuts
- celery (and celeriac)
- mustard
- sesame
- sulphur dioxide, which is a preservative found in some dried fruit
- lupin
- molluscs, for example clams, mussels, whelks, oysters, snails and squid

Information The Food Information Regulations require that you know what allergens are in the food you provide. You can no longer claim you don't know what allergens are present. Neither can you simply state that all the foods you serve might contain an allergen.