

## Public Protection (food & safety)

### Food Premises Inspection Report

Name of Business:	Pizza One And Sweet Tree
Address of food business:	5 St Johns Close, Norwich, NR1 2AD
Date of Inspection:	25/09/2017
Risk Rating Reference	17/00589/FOOD
Premises Reference	15550/0005/0/000
Type of Premises:	Coffee shop with a pizza take-away
Areas Inspected:	Kitchen and servery
Records Examined:	SFBB
Details of Samples Procured:	None
Summary of Action Taken:	Informal
General Description of business	Coffee shop and pizza take-away

#### **Relevant Legislation**

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013 Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations Food Information Regulations 2014

#### What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law. You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with <u>straight away</u>.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next <u>2 months</u>.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within <u>3 months</u> unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

# FOOD SAFETY

#### How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area				You Score					
Food Hygiene and Safety				0	5	10	15	20	25
Structure and Cleaning				0	5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems				0	5	10	15	20	30
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25	- 30	35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50
Your Worst score	5	10		10	15		20		-
Your Rating is	5	4		3		2	1		0

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 3 - a generally satisfactory standard

### 1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are generally satisfactory and maintained. There is evidence of some non-compliance with legal requirements. Some lapses are evident however generally you have satisfactory food handling practices and procedures and adequate control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. **(Score 10)** 

0 1 2 3 4 5

#### Contamination risks

**Contravention** The following exposed food to the general risk of cross-contamination with bacteria or allergens:

• raw food ie bacon was being stored next to ready-to-eat food i.e. grated cheese.

**Contravention** You could not demonstrate effective heat disinfection of food equipment and utensils used for both raw and ready-to-eat (RTE) foods and did not have a dishwasher. Undertake the following work:

• purchase separate containers and utensils for raw and ready-to-eat foods i.e. colour coded (red for raw).

**Legal Requirement** At all stages of production, processing and distribution, food must be protected from any contamination likely to render it unfit for human consumption, injurious

to health or contaminated in such a way that it would be unreasonable to expect it to be consumed in that state.

**Guidance** If equipment and utensils (for example chopping boards, containers and tongs) are to be used for raw and RTE foods, they should be disinfected by heat or an adequate dishwasher cycle (able to reach 80°C for 15 seconds) between uses.

**Guidance** If heat disinfection or a dishwasher is not possible, separate equipment and utensils should be used for handling raw and RTE foods. Such equipment should be easily identifiable (colour coded) must be stored and washed separately.

#### Personal Hygiene

**Observation** I was pleased to see that standards of personal hygiene were high.

#### Poor Practices

**Observation** The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration:

- baby leaf salad was seen with a 'best before' date of 24/9/17
- tomatoes were seen with a 'best before' date of 22/9/17
- food i.e. lemon was not covered in the upright larder fridge
- condensed milk was being stored in an open can. Once opened, canned food which is to be stored should be transferred to plastic covered containers, designed for the storage of food, to prevent chemical contamination of the food.
- open packet of icing sugar
- food was not covered or dated of when opened in the fridges, please date food of when it was opened to aid good stock rotation
- the lobby door to the WC had been left open. Please ensure that the door is closed at all times.

**Information** The best before date is the date until which the manufacturer of the food guarantees the quality of that product. I recommend that you check your goods regularly to ensure efficient stock rotation.

**Recommendation** I recommend that eggs are stored in the fridge.

**Recommendation** I recommend that you label your own domestic foods stored in your commercial fridge. There is a presumption in food law that all foods stored on a food business are part of that business and need to be stored and labelled accordingly to satisfy the inspecting officer it complies with legal requirements.

#### 2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are of a generally satisfactory standard but there are some repairs and/or improvements which are required in order for you to comply with the law. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. **(Score 10)** 

#### Cleaning of Structure

**Contravention** The following structural items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

- stainless steel shelf storing dried ingredients
- filters to the extraction canopy.

**Recommendation** Your cleaning schedule is there to remind you to clean before an item becomes visibly dirty. If an item is dirty when you go to clean it, increase the frequency of cleaning. This way items will stay looking clean.

**Recommendation** Housekeeping could be greatly improved. Remove redundant items and equipment from food rooms, tidy away miscellaneous objects into drawers and boxes and keep work surfaces and the floor clear for ease of cleaning and disinfection.

#### Cleaning of Equipment and Food Contact Surfaces

**Contravention** The following surfaces and equipment in contact with food were dirty and/or could not be cleaned and require cleaning or discarding:

- seals to the 3 door stainless steel fridge
- seals to the Beko fridge
- Interior door to the microwave
- seals to the large chest freezer
- lid to the small chest freezer
- rolling pin
- pizza dough mixer
- table top can opener.

#### Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

**Guidance** Taps can be a source of contamination, use a paper towel to turn off the tap after washing and drying your hands.

#### Maintenance

**Contravention** The following items had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

- split seals to the 3 door stainless steel fridge
- handle to large chest freezer
- handle to small chest freezer
- leak to the wash hand basin in kitchen
- the diffuser was missing to the fluorescent light above the washing up sink (see photo).
- the edge to the melamine shelf where the sandwich toaster is stored had bare wood to it. You need to seal/treat/paint the wood to leave a smooth impervious surface that can be easily cleaned.

#### Facilities and Structural provision

**Observation** I was pleased to see the premises had adequate facilities provided.

## 3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. Your records are appropriate and generally maintained but some deficiencies were identified. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. **(Score 10)** 

### Food Hazard Identification and Control

**Contravention** The following matters demonstrated that you have not identified hazards to food (such as bacteria growing on food, bacteria surviving in cooked food and cross-contamination) or the methods of control at critical points in your operation:

- using the same utensils for raw and ready-to-eat foods
- raw food stored next to ready-to-eat.

### Proving Your Arrangements are Working Well

**Contravention** The Management sections in your Safer food Better Business (SFBB) pack are intended to demonstrate you are in day-to-day control of the hazards to food. The following Management sections were either missing, incomplete or not up-to-date:

- the daily diary and or four-weekly reviews
- the cleaning schedule
- your Suppliers and/or Contacts lists
- staff training records
- your diary had lapsed since 14/9/17. Please restart your diary again immediately as this is an essential part of your food safety system. New diary sheets are available on our website. www.norwich.gov.uk/sfbb.

#### <u>Training</u>

**Recommendation** Catering staff should refresh their food hygiene knowledge every 3 years so that they stay up to date with current legislation and good practice. Booking details for this course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

**Recommendation** A Level 2 Award in Food Safety in Catering or its equivalent (a 6-hour course leading to the award of a recognised certificate in food hygiene) would be appropriate for your food handlers. Booking details for this course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

#### Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

**Guidance** Public Health England recommends that food handlers known or suspected to be suffering from a food-borne infection or gastro-intestinal illness stay away from work until symptom-free for 48 hours.

#### Allergens

**Contravention** You have not yet identified the allergens present in the food you prepare.

**Contravention** You have not properly informed your customers about the presence of allergens in the food you prepare.

**Contravention** You have not warned your customers about the potential for cross-contamination with allergens.

**Information** You must provide allergy information for all loose / open foods which includes:

- foods served at restaurants and canteens
- take-away foods that are placed into containers and sold at the same premises
- any foods sold loose, e.g. meat or cheese at a deli counter, unpackaged bread or pick and mix sweets (including individually wrapped sweets)

**Information** Allergen information could be written down on a chalk board or chart, or provided orally by a member of staff. Where the specific allergen information is not provided up-front, clear sign-posting to where this information could be obtained must be provided.

Information The 14 allergens are:

- cereals containing gluten
- crustaceans, for example prawns, crabs, lobster and crayfish
- eggs
- fish
- peanuts
- soybeans
- milk
- nuts, such as almonds, hazelnuts, walnuts, pecan nuts, Brazil nuts, pistachio, cashew and macadamia (Queensland) nuts
- celery (and celeriac)
- mustard
- sesame
- sulphur dioxide, which is a preservative found in some dried fruit
- lupin
- molluscs, for example clams, mussels, whelks, oysters, snails and squid