

Public Protection (food & safety)

Food Premises Inspection Report

Name of business: The Kebab Shop

Address of food business: 59 Prince Of Wales Road

Norwich NR1 1BL

Date of inspection: 19/01/2018
Risk rating reference: 18/00023/FOOD
Premises reference: 12/00304/FD HS

Type of premises: Food take away premises

Areas inspected:
Records examined:
Details of samples procured:
None
Summary of action taken:
Informal
General description of business:

All
None
Informal

Relevant Legislation

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food

Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations

Food Information Regulations 2014

What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with straight away.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next <u>2 months</u>.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within 3 months unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

FOOD SAFETY

How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area				You Score					
Food Hygiene and Safety				0	5	10	15	20	25
Structure and Cleaning				0	5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems				0	5	10	15	20	30
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25 - 30		35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50
Your Worst score	5	10	10		15		20		-
Your Rating is	5	4	3		2		1		0

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 1 - major improvement is



1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are generally satisfactory and maintained. There is evidence of some non-compliance with legal requirements. Some lapses are evident however generally you have satisfactory food handling practices and procedures and adequate control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

Contamination risks

Contravention The following exposed ready-to-eat food and/or its packaging to the risk of cross-contamination with E.coli 0157 and/or other pathogenic bacteria from raw meat or unwashed raw vegetables:

 raw foods i.e burgers were being stored above ready-to-eat foods i.e prepared lettuce and onions in the coca cola fridge

Contravention You could not demonstrate effective heat disinfection of food equipment and utensils used for both raw and ready-to-eat (RTE) foods and did not have a dishwasher. Undertake the following work:

 use different types of containers for raw foods (uncooked meat) and ready-to-eat foods (prepared salads)

Contravention You had not protected articles and/or equipment used for ready-to-eat (RTE) food) from the contamination risk posed by raw food or its packing. In particular undertake the following work:

• purchase separate containers to use for raw meats, preferably coloured red.

Legal Requirement At all stages of production, processing and distribution, food must be protected from any contamination likely to render it unfit for human consumption, injurious to health or contaminated in such a way that it would be unreasonable to expect it to be consumed in that state.

Guidance If equipment and utensils (for example chopping boards, containers and tongs) are to be used for raw and ready to eat foods (salad ingredients), they should be disinfected by heat or an adequate dishwasher cycle (able to reach 80°C for 15 seconds) between uses.

Guidance If heat disinfection or a dishwasher is not possible, separate equipment and utensils should be used for handling raw and RTE foods. Such equipment should be easily identifiable (colour coded) must be stored and washed separately.

Recommendation

Chopping/cutting boards were being stored directly touching. Chopping/cutting boards must be stored in a rack properly divided to stop cross-contamination and to allow the boards to dry properly.

Hand-washing

Contravention The following evidence indicated hand-washing was not suitably managed:

the wash hand basin was leaking and took a long time to drain away

Observation wash-hand basins were well stocked with hand cleaning material.

Personal Hygiene

Observation I was pleased to see that standards of personal hygiene were high.

Temperature Control

Contravention The following evidence indicated there was a risk of bacteria growing on food:

- cooked chicken was being held at 49°C, I was informed that the chicken had been in the display cabinet for 3 hours
- cooked potatoes were being held at 43°C for 3 hours. These were thrown away in my presence

Legal Requirement Food which has been cooked or reheated and is intended to be kept hot until it is sold, must either be held at or above 63°C or it can be kept for service or on display for sale for a single period of less than 2 hours; at the end of the 2 hour period the food should be cooled as quickly as possible and kept at or below 8°C or discarded.

Guidance Where unsatisfactory temperatures are observed checks then should be made with a probe thermometer to see the actual temperature of the interior of the food

Guidance Take care probe thermometers do not cause cross contamination. Make sure they are kept clean and disinfected with probe wipes before and after each use

Recommendation I recommend that you purchase a probe thermometer and monitor temperatures of the hot held food

Observation I was pleased to see that sauces were stored in the fridge

Poor Practices

Observation The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration

 prepared peppers and onions were being stored in a plastic non food grade bag in the coca cola fridge

2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are all of a good standard and only minor repairs and/or improvements are required. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The minor contraventions require your attention. (Score 5)

Cleaning of Structure

Contravention The following structural items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

electric socket and the conduit to the rear wall (see photo)

• cobwebs were seen to the top of the window frame

Cleaning of Equipment and Food Contact Surfaces

Contravention The following surfaces and equipment in contact with food were dirty and/or could not be cleaned and require cleaning or discarding:

- seals to the 3 door fridge storing lettuce
- seals to the Elan freezer

Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

Observation I was pleased to see that the premises was generally kept clean and that your cleaning materials, methods and equipment were able to minimise the spread of harmful bacteria between surfaces

Maintenance

Contravention The following items had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

- split seals to the 3 door 'True' fridge
- split seals to the 'Elan' freezer
- flaking paint to the window frame
- diffusers missing to the fluorescent lights in the prep room

Facilities and Structural provision

Legal Requirement ventilation was insufficient, the air vent had been covered by cling-film. All food preparation and storage areas must have adequate ventilation either by natural or mechanical means. This is to reduce high humidity, room temperatures, cooking odours and airborne particles

Recommendation A plastic diffuser cover is recommended on all fluorescent strip lighting. These can be removed for cleaning and will help contain glass fragments in the event of a breakage

3. Confidence in Management

There is major non-compliance with legal requirements. Some staff not suitably supervised instructed and/or trained in food hygiene. The contraventions require your urgent attention. A revisit is planned and formal enforcement action is likely. (Score 20)

Type of Food Safety Management System Required

Legal Requirement Food business operators must put in place, implement and maintain a permanent procedure or procedures based on HACCP principles:

- Identify hazards to food.
- Identify the critical limits (what is acceptable and unacceptable).
- Monitor critical control points to ensure critical limits are met.
- Keep appropriate records to demonstrate control measures are effective.

Information You can download a Safer Food Better Business pack and refill diary pages from the FSA website: www.food.gov.uk/business-industry/caterers/sfbb

Food Hazard Identification and Control

Contravention The following matters demonstrated that you have not identified hazards to food (such as bacteria growing on food, bacteria surviving in cooked food and cross-contamination) or the methods of control at critical points in your operation:

storing raw foods above ready-to-eat

Proving Your Arrangements are Working Well

Observation staff didn't understand the 'Safer Food Better Business' pack as English is not their first language

Training

Contravention The following evidence indicated there was a staff training need:

staff have not had any training on food hygiene

Legal Requirement Food business operators must ensure that food handlers are supervised and instructed and/or trained in food hygiene matters to an appropriate level for the work they do

Information You can obtain a list of the training courses we provide on our website www.norwich.gov.uk

Recommendation A Level 2 Award in Food Safety in Catering or its equivalent (a 6-hour course leading to the award of a recognised certificate in food hygiene) would be appropriate for your food handlers. Booking details for this course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

Guidance Public Health England recommends that food handlers known or suspected to be suffering from a food-borne infection or gastrointestinal illness stay away from work until symptom-free for 48 hours.

<u>Allergens</u>

Contravention You have not yet identified the allergens present in the food you prepare.:

Contravention You have not properly informed your customers about the presence of allergens in the food you prepare.:

Contravention You have not warned your customers about the potential for cross-contamination with allergens.:

Legal Requirement Caterers must provide allergy information on all unpackaged food they sell. Catering businesses include restaurants, takeaways, deli counters, bakeries and sandwich bars etc. The potential for cross-contamination by allergens must also be made known to consumers. In addition food manufacturers must now label allergy causing ingredients on their pre-packed foods. You can obtain more information from the Trading Standards website www.norfolk.gov.uk/abc

Information Loose (also called non pre-packed) foods are:

- foods served at restaurants and canteens.
- takeaway foods that are placed into containers and sold at the same premises.
- any foods sold loose, e.g. meat or cheese at a deli counter, unpackaged bread or pick and mix sweets (including individually wrapped sweets)

Information Allergen information could be written down on a chalk board or chart, or provided orally by a member of staff. Where the specific allergen information is not provided upfront, clear signposting to where this information could be obtained must be provided.

Information The 14 allergens are:

- cereals containing gluten
- crustaceans, for example prawns, crabs, lobster and crayfish
- eggs
- fish
- peanuts
- soybeans
- milk
- nuts, such as almonds, hazelnuts, walnuts, pecan nuts, Brazil nuts, pistachio, cashew and macadamia (Queensland) nuts
- celery (and celeriac)
- mustard
- sesame
- sulphur dioxide, which is a preservative found in some dried fruit
- lupin
- molluscs, for example clams, mussels, whelks, oysters, snails and squid

Information The Food Information Regulations require that you know what allergens are in the food you provide. You can no longer claim you don't know what allergens are present. Neither can you simply state that all the foods you serve might contain an allergen.

Recommendation add allergy information to your menu