

# Public Protection (food & safety)

## **Food Premises Inspection Report**

Name of business: Kinda Kafe

Address of food business: 21 - 23 Castle Meadow

Norwich NR1 3DH

Date of inspection: 5/03/2018

Risk rating reference: 18/00250/FOOD Premises reference: 18/00061/FD\_HS

Type of premises: Restaurant or cafe

Areas inspected: Main Kitchen, Cellar, Servery

Records examined: SFBB, Temperature control records, Training certificates /

records

Details of samples procured: None Summary of action taken: Informal

General description of business: Restaurant and cafe

### **Relevant Legislation**

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food

Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations

Food Information Regulations 2014

#### What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with straight away.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next <u>2 months</u>.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within 3 months unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

### **FOOD SAFETY**

### How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area				You Score					
Food Hygiene and Safety				0	5	10	15	20	25
Structure and Cleaning				0	5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems				0	5	10	15	20	30
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25 - 30		35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50
Your Worst score	5	10	10		15		20		-
Your Rating is	5	4		3	2	2	1		0

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 4 - a good standard



# 1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are high. You demonstrated a very good standard of compliance with legal requirements. You have safe food handling practices and procedures and all the necessary control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. Some minor contraventions require your attention. (Score 5)

#### Contamination risks

**Observation** Contamination risks were controlled.

**Recommendation** Separate the cutting boards used for raw vegetables and ready to eat food

### Hand-washing

**Observation** Hand washing was managed well and wash-hand basins were well stocked with hand cleaning materials.

### Personal Hygiene

**Observation** I was pleased to see that standards of personal hygiene were high.

Recommendation Wear a hat when preparing and serving food

# 2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are all of a good standard and only minor repairs and/or improvements are required. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The minor contraventions require your attention. (Score 5)

# Cleaning of Structure

**Contravention** The following structural items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

- high level areas
- hidden horizontal surfaces like the tops of plastic trunking

### Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

**Contravention** The following evidence demonstrated your cleaning materials, equipment and methods were not sufficient to control the spread of harmful bacteria such as E.coli 0157 between surfaces:

you were not observing two-stage cleaning technique

**Guidance** Even when using a surface sanitiser you should be following the 'two-stage' cleaning method. Apply the sanitiser once to remove visible dirt and food debris and then a second time to ensure effective disinfection. Make sure you follow the correct contact time for the product.

#### Maintenance

**Contravention** The following items had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

the seal behind the sink needs to be removed and a new seal applied

### Pest Control

**Recommendation** Provide an electric fly killer.

### 3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. All the significant food hazards are understood and controls are in place. Some minor issues were identified relating to staff supervision and training. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

# Type of Food Safety Management System Required

**Observation** Your SFBB/food safety management system was in place and working well. I was confident you had effective control over hazards to food.

**Observation** You had colour-coded equipment and effective separation between raw and ready-to-eat food at all stages in your operation.

**Observation** You were monitoring (and recording) the temperatures of your fridges and freezers well as the temperature of cooked/hot-held food and could demonstrate effective systems for controlling bacterial growth and survival.

# **Training**

**Contravention** The following evidence indicated there was a staff training need:

• staff were unaware of the existence of the exclusion policy

#### Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

**Contravention** The following evidence suggested there was insufficient control over the contamination of food from food handlers known or suspected to be suffering from a food-borne disease or gastro-intestinal illness:

• bring the location of your exclusion policy to the attention of all food handlers and ensure they are aware of what is required of them.

**Guidance** Public Health England recommends that food handlers known or suspected to be suffering from a food-borne infection or gastro-intestinal illness stay away from work until symptom-free for 48 hours.

**Observation** food handlers were unaware of the existence of your exclusion policy in your Safer Food Better Business pack

#### Allergens

**Contravention** You have not properly informed your customers about the presence of allergens in the food you prepare.

**Contravention** You have not warned your customers about the potential for cross-contamination with allergens.

**Legal Requirement** Caterers must provide allergy information on all unpackaged food they sell. Catering businesses include restaurants, takeaways, deli counters, bakeries and sandwich bars etc. The potential for cross-contamination by allergens must also be made known to consumers. In addition food manufacturers must now label allergy causing ingredients on their pre-packed foods. You can obtain more information from the Trading Standards website www.norfolk.gov.uk/abc

**Information** Allergen information could be written down on a chalk board or chart, or provided orally by a member of staff. Where the specific allergen information is not provided up-front, clear sign-posting to where this information could be obtained must be provided.

### **Information** The 14 allergens are:

- cereals containing gluten
- crustaceans, for example prawns, crabs, lobster and crayfish
- eggs
- fish
- peanuts
- soybeans
- milk
- nuts, such as almonds, hazelnuts, walnuts, pecan nuts, Brazil nuts, pistachio, cashew and macadamia (Queensland) nuts
- celery (and celeriac)
- mustard
- sesame
- sulphur dioxide, which is a preservative found in some dried fruit
- lupin
- molluscs, for example clams, mussels, whelks, oysters, snails and squid

**Information** The Food Information Regulations require that you know what allergens are in the food you provide. You can no longer claim you don't know what allergens are present. Neither can you simply state that all the foods you serve might contain an allergen.

**Recommendation** Make a chart listing all your meals together with the 14 allergens (if present). Bring the chart to the attention of your customers and your staff.

**Recommendation** Add allergy information to your menu

#### **HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE**

#### Matters of evident concern

**Contravention** The following matters were of immediate concern:

- the cellar steps were not guarded. I was concerned that the head of the stairs
  was not visible from the cafe area and that children and adults might blunder
  down the stairs. Clearly indicate the presence of the top landing and stairs.
  Demarcate the area and/or provide a gate preventing casual access. Ensure
  members of the public are warned to stay out of the area using signage and a
  physical barrier.
- clear the cellar landing of articles and equipment
- better indicate the presence of a step in the cellar (tripping hazard)
- replace or repair the broken banister on the first floor Business hub landing