

Public Protection (food & safety)

Food Premises Inspection Report

Name of business: Address of food business:	The Dragon Chinese Take Away 12 Hall Road Norwich NR1 3HQ
Date of inspection: Risk rating reference:	12/09/2018 18/00874/FOOD
Premises reference:	13/00270/FD_HS
Type of premises:	Food take away premises
Areas inspected:	Main Kitchen, Storeroom, Dry store
Records examined:	FSMS, Training certificates / records
Details of samples procured:	None
Summary of action taken:	Informal
General description of business:	Chinese take away

Relevant Legislation

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013 Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations Food Information Regulations 2014

What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with <u>straight away</u>.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next <u>2 months</u>.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within <u>3 months</u> unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

FOOD SAFETY

How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

	0	5	10	15	20	25
	0	_				
		5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems			10	15	20	30
2	5 - 30	35	- 40	45 - 50		> 50
	5 - 30	33 - 40		43 - 30		
	10		15			-
	3		2	1		0
	-	25 - 30 10	25 - 30 35 10 1	25 - 30 35 - 40 10 15	25 - 30 35 - 40 45 - 50 10 15 20	25 - 30 35 - 40 45 - 50 10 15 20

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 3 - a generally satisfactory standard

1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are generally satisfactory and maintained. There is evidence of some non-compliance with legal requirements. Some lapses are evident however generally you have satisfactory food handling practices and procedures and adequate control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. **(Score 10)**

0 1 2 3 4 5

Contamination risks

Contravention The following exposed food to the general risk of cross-contamination with bacteria or allergens or its physical contamination with dirt or foreign objects:

- large numbers of uncovered foods awaiting further preparation on work surfaces
- open foods near wash hand basin. Dirty water may splash onto foods nearby
- flies were seen circulating in main kitchen. The insectocutor was turned on when I brought this to your attention

Contravention The following exposed ready-to-eat food and/or its packaging to the risk of cross-contamination with E.coli 0157 and/or other pathogenic bacteria from raw meat or unwashed raw vegetables :

• same plastic containers used for raw and ready to eat foods

Contravention You could not demonstrate effective heat disinfection of food equipment and utensils used for both raw and ready-to-eat (RTE) foods and did not have a dishwasher. Undertake the following work:

• purchase dedicated containers for raw and ready to eat foods

Legal Requirement At all stages of production, processing and distribution, food must be protected from any contamination likely to render it unfit for human consumption, injurious to health or contaminated in such a way that it would be unreasonable to expect it to be consumed in that state.

Guidance If heat disinfection or a dishwasher is not possible, separate equipment and utensils should be used for handling raw and RTE foods. Such equipment should be easily identifiable (colour coded) and must be stored and washed separately.

Recommendation I recommend that separate refrigerators be provided for raw and cooked foods to reduce the risk of cross-contamination.

Hand-washing

Observation Hand washing was managed well and wash-hand basins were well stocked with hand cleaning materials.

Personal Hygiene

Observation I was pleased to see that standards of personal hygiene were high.

Temperature Control

Observation I was pleased to see you were able to limit bacterial growth and/or survival by applying appropriate temperature controls at points critical to food safety and that you were diligently monitoring temperatures.

2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are of a generally satisfactory standard but there are some repairs and/or improvements which are required in order for you to comply with the law. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. **(Score 10)**

Cleaning of Structure

Contravention The following structural items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

- behind fridge's and freezers in rear store room.
- light switches and power cables in kitchen and rear store room
- wall/floor joints

- waste piping to threshold into rear corridor area.
- large washing up sink in rear corridor area.
- threshold into rear corridor

Contravention The following structural items could not be effectively cleaned and must be covered or made non-absorbent:

- cardboard on floor in main kitchen. Cardboard is not suitable material in a food room as it can harbour bacteria and is difficult to keep clean.
- untreated wood support in rear dry store.

3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. All the significant food hazards are understood and controls are in place. Your records are appropriate and generally maintained but some deficiencies were identified. Some minor issues were identified relating to staff supervision and training. You have a satisfactory track record. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

Type of Food Safety Management System Required

Legal Requirement Food business operators must put in place, implement and maintain a permanent procedure or procedures based on HACCP principles:

- Identify hazards to food.
- Identify the critical limits (what is acceptable and unacceptable).
- Monitor critical control points to ensure critical limits are met.
- Keep appropriate records to demonstrate control measures are effective.

Recommendation Choose Safer Food Better Business SFBB) as your food safety management system. It is simple to implement and requires a minimum amount of record keeping.

Recommendation You can buy a printed copy of Safer Food Better Business or a diary refill pack from Coventry City Council use the link on www.norwich.gov.uk/sfbb

Information You can download a Safer Food Better Business pack and refill diary pages from the FSA website: www.food.gov.uk/business-industry/caterers/sfbb

Information Contact us for details of our Safer Food Better Business workshops on 01603 212747 or visit our web page www.norwich.gov.uk

Proving Your Arrangements are Working Well

Contravention The following matters are needed in order to demonstrate your Food Safety management system is working as it should:

- you follow procedures in a printed HACCP plan in chinese. However, there were gaps in daily diary records within your documentation. You informed me that you had read and understood the contents of the pack but there was evidence it was not being followed i.e cleaning needs improving, obvious contamination risks such as open foods awaiting further preparation/cooking etc
- no written record of staff having been trained in your written procedures

Traceability

Observation Your records were such that food could easily be traced back to its supplier.

<u>Training</u>

Observation I was pleased to see that food handlers and/or managers had been trained to an appropriate level and evidence of their training was made available.

Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

Observation Policies were in place to prevent any infected food handler from contaminating food.

Allergens

Legal Requirement Caterers must provide allergy information on all unpackaged food they sell. Catering businesses include restaurants, takeaways, deli counters, bakeries and sandwich bars etc. The potential for cross-contamination by allergens must also be made known to consumers. In addition food manufacturers must now label allergy causing ingredients on their pre-packed foods. You can obtain more information from the Trading Standards website www.norfolk.gov.uk/abc

Information Allergen information could be written down on a chalk board or chart, or provided orally by a member of staff. Where the specific allergen information is not provided up-front, clear sign-posting to where this information could be obtained must be provided.

Information The 14 allergens are:

- cereals containing gluten
- crustaceans, for example prawns, crabs, lobster and crayfish
- eggs
- fish
- peanuts
- soybeans
- milk
- nuts, such as almonds, hazelnuts, walnuts, pecan nuts, Brazil nuts, pistachio, cashew and macadamia (Queensland) nuts
- celery (and celeriac)
- mustard

- sesame
- sulphur dioxide, which is a preservative found in some dried fruit
- lupin
- molluscs, for example clams, mussels, whelks, oysters, snails and squid

Information The Food Information Regulations require that you know what allergens are in the food you provide. You can no longer claim you don't know what allergens are present. Neither can you simply state that all the foods you serve might contain an allergen.