

# Public Protection (food & safety)

### Food Premises Inspection Report

Name of business: Address of food business:	Gaja Extra 5 Woodgrove Parade Norwich NR3 3NS
Date of inspection:	12/09/2018
Risk rating reference:	18/00879/FOOD
Premises reference:	12/00019/FD_HS
Type of premises:	Convenience Store
Areas inspected:	All
Records examined:	SFBB
Details of samples procured:	None
Summary of action taken:	Informal
General description of business:	Small supermarket selling Polish food

### **Relevant Legislation**

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013 Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations Food Information Regulations 2014

### What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with <u>straight away</u>.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next <u>2 months</u>.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within <u>3 months</u> unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

# FOOD SAFETY

### How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area				You Score					
Food Hygiene and Safety				0	5	10	15	20	25
Structure and Cleaning				0	5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems				0	5	10	15	20	30
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25 - 30		35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50
Your Worst score	5	10	10		15		20		-
Your Rating is	5	4	3		2		1		0

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 3 - a generally satisfactory standard



# 1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are generally satisfactory and maintained. There is evidence of some non-compliance with legal requirements. Some lapses are evident however generally you have satisfactory food handling practices and procedures and adequate control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. **(Score 10)** 

### Contamination risks

**Contravention** The following exposed food to the general risk of cross-contamination with bacteria or allergens or its physical contamination with dirt or foreign objects:

- a fly was seen on biscuits. These were stored uncovered. They should be stored covered.
- smoked mackrell stored in in uncovered container. As above.
- shell eggs were stored displayed next to ready to eat foods. These are a raw product and must be stored away from ready to eat food.

**Legal Requirement** At all stages of production, processing and distribution, food must be protected from any contamination likely to render it unfit for human consumption, injurious to health or contaminated in such a way that it would be unreasonable to expect it to be consumed in that state.

**Information** The FSA (visit www.food.gov.uk for more information) has issued guidance on controlling E.coli 0157 through:

- the complete separation of raw and ready-to-eat food
- the correct use of wash-hand basins and thorough hand washing
- having dedicated equipment (including complex equipment) for raw and ready-to-eat foods
- through 2-stage cleaning and the correct use of sanitisers
- and by controlling the risks posed by soily vegetables.

### Hand-washing

**Observation** Hand washing was managed well and wash-hand basins were well stocked with hand cleaning material.

### Personal Hygiene

**Legal Requirement** All persons in food handling areas must wear suitable, clean, and where appropriate protective clothing.

**Observation** At the moment no uniform is worn. You sell a small amount of open food. If this increases you will need staff to wear washable overclothes.

### **Temperature Control**

**Observation** I was pleased to see you were able to limit bacterial growth and/or survival by applying appropriate temperature controls at points critical to food safety and that you were diligently monitoring temperatures.

**Observation** You carry out daily temperature checks and record these, taken from the digital read out and your infra red thermometer.

**Recommendation** You check temperatures of high risk food delivered to your business. I recommend you record these.

### <u>Unfit food</u>

**Contravention** The following food was unfit (and was seized or destroyed in my presence) because it was past its use by date:

• pork tenderloin use by 11.9.18, on sale.

**Recommendation** You should have a system to identify when open or prepared foods need to be used by or discarded, to ensure the food is fit for consumption. I recommend you apply labels which give a day or date that is 2 days after the day of production e.g. if food is opened on Monday it should be used by the end of Wednesday.

### Poor Practices

**Guidance** It is an offence to sell food which is not of the nature, substance or quality demanded by the consumer. Food sold passed it's 'best before' date could be of a reduced quality so you must check it is OK before you sell it. You must also inform your customers the product is passed its 'best before'.

**Observation** The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration

 cured meat product on display with no English label, only Polish. I will refer this to Trading Standards. You need to take this up with your supplier to ensure this does not continue.

# 2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are of a generally satisfactory standard but there are some repairs and/or improvements which are required in order for you to comply with the law. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. **(Score 10)** 

# Cleaning of Structure

**Contravention** The following structural items could not be effectively cleaned and must be covered or made non-absorbent:

• floor in store room holed and rough.

### Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

**Observation** I was pleased to see that the premises was kept clean and that your cleaning materials, methods and equipment were able to minimise the spread of harmful bacteria between surfaces.

### **Maintenance**

**Contravention** The following items had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

- broken, uneven and holed concrete floor by entrance to WC lobby
- broken lino floor tiles to WC cubicle
- damp to wall in store requires investigation, are once remedied and dry, the flaking wall paint requires redecoration.

### Facilities and Structural provision

**Contravention** The following facilities were inadequate or absent and must be provided or improved:

- no sink, only a wash hand basin, is available at the business. As you are handling and cutting cured meats and have other open food you need to have a separate sink, connected to suitable drainage, and provided with a hot and cold water supply. This will enable washing of utensils and equipment.
- the lack of sink also means there is inadequate means of cleaning the premises, as the wash basin should be used for hands only. The provision of a sink as detailed above will mean that adequate facilities are provided.

**Legal Requirement** Where necessary, the facilities for washing food and equipment are to be separate from the hand-washing facility.

**Recommendation** Place the ceiling tiles in store room back into position. When displaced this will allow dust and debris through.

### Pest Control

**Contravention** The front and rear doors were ill fitting allowing pests access to the premises. The door/frame must be adapted to prevent access. It appeared that the brush strips did not extend fully across the door width.

# 3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. **(Score 10)** 

# Type of Food Safety Management System Required

**Observation** You had the SFBB Catering pack. The Retail pack is more suited to your business. Please download, and complete the front sections. Ensure you commence using the diary.

**Information** You can download a Safer Food Better Business pack and refill diary pages from the FSA website: www.food.gov.uk/business-industry/caterers/sfbb

**Recommendation** You can buy a printed copy of Safer Food Better Business or a diary refill pack from Coventry City Council use the link on www.norwich.gov.uk/sfbb

### Traceability

**Observation** Your records were such that food could easily be traced back to its supplier. You do not import any products yourself.

### Waste Food and other Refuse

**Observation** You had measures in place to dispose of waste food appropriately and were employing the services of an approved waste contractor.

### Training

**Observation** I was pleased to see that food handlers and/or managers had been trained to an appropriate level and evidence of their training was made available.

### Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

**Observation** Policies were in place to prevent any infected food handler from contaminating food.

### <u>Allergens</u>

**Contravention** You have not yet identified the allergens present in the food you prepare.

**Contravention** You have not warned your customers about the potential for cross-contamination with allergens.

Information Loose (also called non pre-packed) foods are:

- foods served at restaurants and canteens.
- takeaway foods that are placed into containers and sold at the same premises.
- any foods sold loose, e.g. meat or cheese at a deli counter, unpackaged bread or pick and mix sweets (including individually wrapped sweets)

**Information** Foods 'pre-packed for direct sale' are foods that you package and then sell on the same premises or local sites trading under the same name (e.g. sandwiches or salad boxes).

Information The 14 allergens are:

- cereals containing gluten
- crustaceans, for example prawns, crabs, lobster and crayfish
- eggs
- fish
- peanuts
- soybeans
- milk
- nuts, such as almonds, hazelnuts, walnuts, pecan nuts, Brazil nuts, pistachio, cashew and macadamia (Queensland) nuts
- celery (and celeriac)
- mustard
- sesame
- sulphur dioxide, which is a preservative found in some dried fruit
- lupin
- molluscs, for example clams, mussels, whelks, oysters, snails and squid

**Information** The Food Information Regulations require that you know what allergens are in the food you provide. You can no longer claim you don't know what allergens are present. Neither can you simply state that all the foods you serve might contain an allergen.