

Public Protection (food & safety)

Food Premises Inspection Report

Name of business: Address of food business:	Carrellos On Tombland 10 Newbegin Close Norwich NR1 4PU
Date of inspection: Risk rating reference: Premises reference: Type of premises: Areas inspected: Records examined: Details of samples procured: Summary of action taken: General description of business:	14/05/2019 19/00425/FOOD 19/00136/FD_HS Mobile takeaway All SFBB None Informal Mobile coffee and sandwich bar

Relevant Legislation

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended) Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013 Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations Food Information Regulations 2014

What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with <u>straight away</u>.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next <u>2 months</u>.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within <u>3 months</u> unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

FOOD SAFETY

How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area				You Score					
Food Hygiene and Safety				0	5	10	15	20	25
Structure and Cleaning				0	5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems				0	5	10	15	20	30
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25 - 30		35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50
Your Worst score	5	10	10		15		20		-
Your Rating is	5	4		3	2	2	1		0

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 4 - a good standard



1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are high. You demonstrated a very good standard of compliance with legal requirements. You have safe food handling practices and procedures and all the necessary control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. Some minor contraventions require your attention. (Score 5)

Contamination risks

Contravention The following exposed ready-to-eat food and or its packaging to the risk of cross-contamination with foodborne bacteria from raw meat or unwashed fruits and vegetables:

- uncovered cakes, risk of attracting insects and exposed to general environment. Investigate other means of display.
- cakes displayed in non washable old cardboard fruit container. Food storage/display containers should be washable.

Legal Requirement At all stages of production, processing and distribution, food must be protected from any contamination likely to render it unfit for human consumption, injurious to health or contaminated in such a way that it would be unreasonable to expect it to be consumed in that state.

Observation You handle no raw meat or cook any sandwich fillings at home.

Hand-washing

Contravention The following indicated that hand-washing was not suitably managed:

• the wash hand basin was not initially set up for use. Once done this was noted to be adequate. This must be available when trading. (As discussed be careful when siting this due to risk of scalding.)

Legal Requirement Wash hand basins must be provided with hot and cold running water and suitable drainage; soap and a hygenic way to dry hands.

Information Handwashing is required:

- * before handling ready-to-eat food
- * after touching raw food and its packaging, including unwashed fruit and vegetables
- * after a break/smoking
- * after going to the toilet
- * after cleaning
- * after removing waste
- * after blowing your nose

Recommendation Keep a waste bin near the wash-hand basin

Personal Hygiene

Legal Requirement You must ensure that any member of staff that you know or suspect has (or is a carrier of) a food-borne disease or infection (including vomiting, diarrhoea, skin infection, sores and open wounds) is excluded from working in any food handling area until they have been symptom free for 48 hours or until medical clearance has been obtained.

Legal Requirement All persons in food handling areas must wear suitable, clean, and where appropriate protective clothing.

Recommendation To further improve personal hygiene I suggest:

• a hat be worn when preparing sandwiches, and short sleeved tops only be worn underneath aprons, or long sleeved tops only worn for work.

Observation I was pleased to see that standards of personal hygiene were high.

Temperature Control

Contravention The following evidence indicated there was a risk of bacteria growing on food:

- cold foods, for service, were being kept above 8°C for over 4 hours.
- food temperatures were not being monitored fully and must be in fridges at home, and in the cool boxes which will be used for onsite storage as the business expands.(At the time of inspection there was only a very small amount of product displayed.)

Legal Requirement Raw materials, ingredients, intermediate products and finished products likely to support the reproduction of pathogenic micro-organisms or the formation of toxins must not be kept at temperatures that might result in a risk to health.

Legal Requirement The cold chain is not to be interrupted. However, limited periods outside temperature control are allowed for handling during preparation; transport; storage; display and service of food provided that it does not result in a risk to health.

Legal Requirement Food which has been cooked or reheated and is intended to be kept hot until it is sold, must either be held at or above 63°C or it can be kept for service or on display for sale for a single period of less than 2 hours; at the end of the 2 hour period the food should be cooled as quickly as possible and kept at or below 8°C or discarded. (Applicable if you start doing hot food.)

If displayed at ambient temperature high risk items, such as sandwiches may be displayed for a single, once only period of up to 4 hours after which they should be discarded. You need a method of proving how long items are out for.

Information All food products should be stored in accordance with the manufacturers instructions. For example sauces were being stored at room temperature when the manufacturer instruction is that they should be refrigerated once open.

Guidance Where unsatisfactory temperatures are observed from fridge type thermometers checks should then be made with a probe thermometer to see the actual temperature of the interior of the food. Remember the law relates to food temperature, and the reading needs to be accurate, not nearest the ice pack. A probe should be regularly calibrated in melting ice and boiling water, and recorded.

Observation I was pleased to see you were able to limit bacterial growth and/or survival by applying appropriate temperature controls at points critical to food safety and that you were monitoring temperatures.

Observation You were aware of critical temperatures and had some thermometers in the cool box. You will be establishing whether the cool boxes need upgrading.

Unfit food

Legal Requirement Any food which is found at your food premises is presumed to be intended for sale and must comply with the law.

Information High risk items bear a 'use by' date. You must not sell, use or intend to sell such items and should ensure you have checks in place to remove these from use. You were aware of 'use by' and 'best before' dates.

Recommendation You should have a system to identify when open or prepared foods need to be used by or discarded, to ensure the food is fit for consumption. I recommend you apply labels which give a date that is 2 days after the day of production e.g. if food is opened on Monday it should be used by the end of Wednesday.

2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are all of a good standard and only minor repairs and/or improvements are required. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. **(Score 5)**

Cleaning of Structure

Information CORRECT DILUTION: many chemicals are supplied in concentrated form and must be diluted before use. You must follow the manufacturers instruction so that you dilute the chemicals correctly with water.

Observation The mobile had been well maintained and the standard of cleaning was good. The home Kitchen was not inspected at this visit.

Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

Information A surface sanitiser may be rendered ineffective if you are not following the correct dilutions or allowing a sufficient time for the product to work (CONTACT TIME). Always follow the instructions on the product label.

Guidance Even when using a surface sanitiser you should be following the 'two-stage' cleaning method. Apply the sanitiser once to remove visible dirt and food debris and then a second time to ensure effective disinfection. Make sure you follow the correct contact time for the product.

Guidance Disinfectants and sanitisers must at least meet the requirements of one of the following standards: BS EN 1276 or BS EN 13697; or other standards that meet the same conditions and requirements.

Recommendation Use disposable paper wipes for cleaning and for mopping up spillages.

Observation I was pleased to see that the mobile was kept clean and that your cleaning materials, methods and equipment were able to minimise the spread of harmful bacteria between surfaces.

Observation Your sanitiser has a 5 minute contact time. I recommend you replace this with a product with a much shorter time. You use blue roll to wipe.

Facilities and Structural provision

Observation I was pleased to see the premises had been well maintained and that adequate facilities had been provided.

Observation Spare utensils are kept on the mobile, but washing up is done at home. No food preparation is done on the mobile.

Pest Control

Legal Requirement The layout, design, construction, siting and size of food premises must permit good food hygiene practices, including protection against pests.

3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. **(Score 10)**

Type of Food Safety Management System Required

Legal Requirement Food business operators must put in place, implement and maintain a permanent procedure or procedures based on HACCP principles:

- Identify hazards to food.
- Identify the critical limits (what is acceptable and unacceptable).
- Monitor critical control points to ensure critical limits are met.
- Keep appropriate records to demonstrate control measures are effective.

Legal Requirement Ensure that your food safety management system is available on site so your staff can refer to your procedures and so that daily records of checks can be completed.

Information As you are a new business you have been given the benefit of the doubt despite your food safety management system not fully complying with the law. You must act on this now as your hygiene rating score will be reduced to a maximum of 1 if there is a similar situational at the next visit.

Contravention Your SFBB/food safety management system was available but you had not completed it or started using the diary.

Food Hazard Identification and Control

Contravention The following Safer Food Better Business SAFE METHODS are incomplete:

- Cross-contamination
- Cleaning
- Chilling
- Cooking

Proving Your Arrangements are Working Well

Contravention You are not working to the following safe methods in your SFBB pack::

- Daily Diary
- 4-weekly checks
- training records / supplier lists
- cleaning schedule

Observation If you wish, use additional temperature records or notes to prove the 4 hour rule when used.

Traceability

Observation Your records were such that food could easily be traced back to its supplier.

Waste Food and other Refuse

Legal Requirement The Environmental Protection Act 1990 requires all commercial waste to be disposed of properly by authorised persons. Records should be available to show compliance.

Observation You will need to investigate whether you need a commercial waste contract if your business grows.

<u>Training</u>

Legal Requirement Food business operators must ensure that food handlers are supervised and instructed and/or trained in food hygiene matters to an appropriate level for the work they do.

Information There are Level 2 Awards in Food Allergen Awareness on offer in Dereham. If you are interested contact 0800 689 3512.

Recommendation A Level 2 Award in Food Safety in Catering or its equivalent (a 6-hour course leading to the award of a recognised certificate in food hygiene) would be appropriate for your food handlers. Booking details for the equivalent CIEH course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

Recommendation Catering staff should refresh their food hygiene knowledge every 3 years so that they stay up to date with current legislation and good practice. Booking details for this course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

Observation I was pleased to see that food handlers had been trained to an appropriate level and evidence of their training was made available.

Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

Guidance Public Health England recommends that food handlers known or suspected to be suffering from a food-borne infection or gastrointestinal illness stay away from work until symptom-free for 48 hours.

Observation Policies were in place to prevent any infected food handler from contaminating food.

Allergens

Contravention You are failing to manage allergens properly::

- You have not identified the allergens present in the food you prepare
- You do not have a system for informing customers about the presence of allergens in the food you prepare
- You are not informing customers about the risk of cross contamination with allergens.

Legal Requirement Caterers must provide allergy information on all unpackaged food they sell. Catering businesses include restaurants, takeaways, deli counters, bakeries and sandwich bars etc. The potential for cross-contamination by allergens must also be made known to consumers. In addition food manufacturers must now label allergy causing ingredients on their pre-packed foods. You can obtain more information from the Trading Standards website www.norfolk.gov.uk/abc

Information Advise your customers how to get allergen information. You can display a sign along the lines of ASK OUR STAFF ABOUT ALLERGENS

Information The Food Standards Agency has produced a chart that you may find useful www.food.gov.uk/sites/default/files/media/document/allergen-chart.pdf

Recommendation Make a chart listing all your meals together with the 14 allergens (if present). Bring the chart to the attention of your customers and your staff.