

# Public Protection (food & safety)

# **Food Premises Inspection Report**

Name of business: Salls Lokma

Address of food business: 5 Eastbourne Place Norwich NR1 1DH

Date of inspection: 02/12/2020
Risk rating reference: 20/00276/FOOD
Premises reference: 20/00097/FD\_HS

Type of premises: Restaurant or cafe

Areas inspected: All

Records examined: SFBB, Pest Control Report, Cleaning Schedule, Training

Certificates/records

Details of samples procured: None Summary of action taken: Informal

General description of business: Turkish restaurant

# **Relevant Legislation**

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002

applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food

Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations

Food Information Regulations 2014

## What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with straight away.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next 2 months.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within 3 months unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

### **FOOD SAFETY**

# How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area				You Score					
Food Hygiene and Safety				0	5	10	15	20	25
Structure and Cleaning				0	5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems				0	5	10	15	20	30
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25 - 30		35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50
Your Worst score	5	10	10		15		20		-
	•	F	•						
Your Rating is	5	4	3		2		1		0

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 4 - a good standard



## 1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are generally satisfactory and maintained. There is evidence of some non-compliance with legal requirements. Some lapses are evident however generally you have satisfactory food handling practices and procedures and adequate control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

#### Contamination risks

**Contravention** The following exposed ready-to-eat food and or its packaging to the risk of cross-contamination with foodborne bacteria from raw meat or unwashed fruits and vegetables:

- raw foods i.e chicken was being stored above and next to ready-to eat-foods i.e yoghurts, mayonnaise and taramasalata in the upright fridge
- open can of tomato puree
- raw burgers were being stored next to bread baps on the stainless steel surface and where ready-to-eat foods i.e salads were being prepared

**Contravention** You could not demonstrate effective heat disinfection of the food equipment and utensils you use for handling both raw and ready-to-eat foods.:

- storage containers
- tongs

**Legal Requirement** At all stages of production, processing and distribution, food must be protected from any contamination likely to render it unfit for human consumption, injurious to health or contaminated in such a way that it would be unreasonable to expect it to be consumed in that state.

**Guidance** The FSA (visit www.food.gov.uk for more information) has issued guidance on controlling E.coli 0157 through:

- \* the complete separation of raw and ready-to-eat food
- \* the correct use of wash-hand basins and thorough handwashing
- \* having dedicated equipment (including complex equipment) for raw and ready-to-eat foods
- \* through 2-stage cleaning and the correct use of sanitisers
- \* and by controlling the risks posed by soily vegetables.

**Legal Requirement** once opened Canned food which is to be stored should be transferred to plastic covered containers, designed for the storage of food, to prevent chemical contamination of the food

**Recommendation** Provide separate equipment and utensils designated for use with either raw or ready-to-eat foods, which can be easily identified (e.g. colour coded) and stored and washed separately.

#### Hand-washing

**Observation** I was pleased to see handwashing was well managed.

**Recommendation** provide a towel dispenser to the wash hand basin

#### Personal Hygiene

**Observation** I was pleased to see that standards of personal hygiene were high.

### Temperature Control

**Contravention** The following evidence indicated there was a risk of bacteria growing on food:

- high risk food was not being defrosted in the fridge
- chips were being defrosted at ambient temperature in a box on the floor

**Legal requirement** Raw materials, ingredients, intermediate products and finished products likely to support the reproduction of pathogenic micro-organisms or the formation of toxins must not be kept at temperatures that might result in a risk to health.

**Information** A large amount of frozen raw meat was being defrosted at room temperature in a manner that caused concern. You must have a method for defrosting meat so that food safety is maintained. This method must be covered by your food safety management review. Safe methods can include defrosting in a designated fridge

**Recommendation** In addition to the visual checks you undertake, use a probe thermometer to check the core temperature of cooked and reheated foods. The temperature should reach 75°C for 30 seconds or an equivalent time/temperature combination (e.g. 80°C for 10 seconds).

## Unfit food

**Contravention** The following food was unfit (and was seized or destroyed in my presence) because it was either; past its use by date;

- houmous was being stored beyond its 'use by' date of 19 November
- taramasalata was being stored beyond the manufacturer's instructions 'once opened consume within 3 days'
- open packets of ham were being stored beyond the manufacturer's instructions

**Information** High risk items bear a 'use by' date. You must not sell, use or intend to sell such items and should ensure you have checks in place to remove these from use.

**Recommendation** You should have a system to identify when open or prepared foods need to be used by or discarded, to ensure the food is fit for consumption. I recommend you apply labels which give a date that is 2 days after the day of production e.g. if food is opened on Monday it should be used by the end of Wednesday (an exception is rice which should not be kept longer than 24 hours)

**Legal Requirement** Any food which is found at your food premises is presumed to be intended for sale and must comply with the law.

#### **Poor Practices**

**Contravention** The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration:

 storing food i.e avocado pears beyond it's 'Best Before date of 18/11 and 20/11

**Guidance** it is an offence to sell food which is not of the nature, substance or quality demanded by the consumer. Food sold passed it's 'Best Before date could be of a reduced quality so you must check it is ok before you use it

## 2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are all of a good standard and only minor repairs and/or improvements are required. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The minor contraventions require your attention. (Score 5)

## Cleaning of Structure

**Contravention** The following items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

- floor wall junctions
- flooring behind and under equipment
- wall behind bin

#### Cleaning of Equipment and Food Contact Surfaces

**Contravention** The following items are dirty and must be cleaned:

- seals to chest freezers.
- interior to microwave
- electric fly killers

#### Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

**Contravention** The following evidence demonstrated your cleaning materials, equipment and methods were not sufficient to control the spread of harmful bacteria between surfaces:

- the sanitisers are not to BS EN 1276:1997 or 13697:2001 Standards
- green scourer was very worn

**Information** Ensure you use a surface sanitiser that conforms to BS EN 1276:1997 or BS EN 13697:2001. This information should be available on the label or by contacting the manufacturer.

**Information** Even when using a surface sanitiser you should be following the 'two-stage' cleaning method. Apply the sanitiser once to remove visible dirt and food debris and then a second time to ensure effective disinfection. Make sure you follow the correct contact time for the product.

#### Maintenance

**Contravention** The following had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

bare wood to shelf storing microwave

**Legal Requirement** you need to seal or paint the wood to leave a smooth impervious surface that can be easily cleaned

#### Facilities and Structural provision

**Observation** I was pleased to see the premises had been well maintained and that adequate facilities had been provided.

# Pest Control

**Observation** I was pleased to see that the premises was proofed against the entry of pests and that pest control procedures were in place.

**Observation** You have a pest control contract in place and there is no evidence of pest activity on the premises.

#### 3. Confidence in Management

A food safety management system is in place and you demonstrate a very good standard of compliance with the law. There are some minor contraventions which require your attention. (Score 5)

## Type of Food Safety Management System Required

**Observation** You were monitoring (and recording) the temperatures of your fridges and freezers as well as the temperature of cooked/hot-held food and could demonstrate effective systems for controlling bacterial growth and survival.

#### Food Hazard Identification and Control

**Contravention** You have not identified these food hazards or the methods of control at critical points in your operation:

- cross-contamination
- methods of control at critical points

## Proving Your Arrangements are Working Well

**Contravention** You are not working to the following safe methods in your SFBB pack:

- cross contamination/physical or chemical contamination
- food allergies
- It states in your pack that you store open foods for 3 days
- it states in your pack that raw foods are stored separately from ready-to-eat foods
- it states in your pack that allergens are stored in separate containers

# **Traceability**

**Observation** Your records were such that food could easily be traced back to its supplier.

## Waste Food and other Refuse

**Observation** You had measures in place to dispose of waste food appropriately and were employing the services of an approved waste contractor.

## Training

**Contravention** The following evidence indicated there was a staff training need:

- food handlers were not sufficiently knowledgeable about food hygiene
- food handlers were exhibiting poor food hygiene practices

**Recommendation** A Level 3 Award for Supervising Food Safety in Catering would be appropriate for your supervisory staff and those with managerial responsibility.

**Recommendation** Catering staff should refresh their food hygiene knowledge every 3 years so that they stay up to date with current legislation and good practice. Booking details for this course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

**Observation** I was pleased to see that food handlers had been trained to an appropriate level and evidence of their training was made available.

## Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

**Guidance** Public Health England recommends that food handlers known or suspected to be suffering from a food-borne infection or gastrointestinal illness stay away from work until symptom-free for 48 hours.

## <u>Allergens</u>

**Contravention** You are failing to manage allergens properly:

- you have not identified the allergens present in the food you prepare
- You do not have a system for informing customers about the presence of allergens in the food you prepare

#### **Information** The 14 allergens are:

- cereals containing gluten
- crustaceans, for example prawns, crabs, lobster and crayfish
- eggs
- fish
- peanuts
- soybeans
- milk
- nuts, such as almonds, hazelnuts, walnuts, pecan nuts, Brazil nuts, pistachio, cashew and macadamia (Queensland) nuts
- celery (and celeriac)
- mustard
- sesame
- sulphur dioxide, which is a preservative found in some dried fruit
- lupin
- molluscs, for example clams, mussels, whelks, oysters, snails and squid

**Information** The Food Information Regulations require that you know what allergens are in the food you provide. You can no longer claim you don?t know what allergens are present. Neither can you simply state that all the foods you serve might contain an allergen:

- Be sure you know exactly what your allergens are
- Convey this information to your customers accurately and consistently

**Information** There are Level 2 Awards in Food Allergen Awareness on offer in Dereham. If you are interested contact 0800 689 3512

**Recommendation** Make a chart listing all your meals together with the 14 allergens (if present). Bring the chart to the attention of your customers and your staff.