

Public Protection (food & safety)

Food Premises Inspection Report

Name of business: Bombay Spice

Address of food business: 42 St Augustines Street Norwich NR3 3AD

Date of inspection: 09/02/2022
Risk rating reference: 22/00117/FOOD
Premises reference: 16/00079/FD HS

Type of premises: Food take away premises

Areas inspected: Storeroom, Main Kitchen, Back of House Records examined: Training Certificates/records, SFBB

Details of samples procured: None Summary of action taken: Informal

General description of Indian takeaway

business:

Relevant Legislation

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food

Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations

Food Information Regulations 2014

What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with <u>straight away</u>.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next 2 months.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within 3 months unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

Food Hygiene Rating Re-Scoring Visit

Date: 5.5.2022

Following the previous inspection a re-rating visit was requested. The revised score is indicated here. The results of the original inspection are listed below.

Your revised Food Hygiene Rating is 4 – a good standard



Inspector's Notes

Food hygiene and safety-new score 5-you had addressed matters outlined. In particular safe practices were now in place regarding cross contamination; containers were clean; different containers were in use for ready to eat foods; staff were wearing adequate overclothing; you have a probe thermometer and are using this to monitor temperatures; food is date coded; rice handling procedures have changed.

Structure and cleanliness-new score 5- cleaning throughout has improved; a new light has been fitted; the floor has been re tiled where needed. New microwaves have been provided. A few minor items such as paintwork to pipes and tiling around the boiler remain.

Confidence in management- new score 10- a general improvement throughout that must be maintained. Some more work on allergen assessment on each menu item is suggested.

FOOD SAFETY

How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

| Compliance Area | | | | | You Score | | | | | |
|--|--------|----|----|-----------------|-----------|------|---------|----|------|--|
| Food Hygiene and Sa | | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | | | |
| Structure and Cleaning | | | | | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | |
| Confidence in management & control systems | | | | | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 30 | |
| Your Total score | 0 - 15 | 20 | 25 | 5 - 30 | 35 - | 40 | 45 - 50 | 1 | > 50 | |
| Tour Total Score | 0 - 13 | 20 | 20 | - 30 | 33 - | - 40 | 43 - 30 | | 7 30 | |
| Your Worst score | 5 | 10 | | 10 | 1 | 15 | | | - | |
| Your Rating is | 5 | 4 | | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | 0 | |

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 2 - improvement is necessary



1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are less than satisfactory and you are failing to comply with the law in many respects. Contraventions require your immediate attention as some are critical to food safety. We may revisit your business and if standards have not improved take formal enforcement action. (Score 15)

Contamination risks

Contravention The following exposed ready-to-eat food and or its packaging to the risk of cross-contamination with food-borne bacteria from raw meat or unwashed fruits and vegetables:

- there was no designated clean area for ready to eat foods/raw meat preparation and I was concerned that methods of cleaning in between activities were inadequate
- clean knives were stored in a dirty container, inside and externally
- you were not date coding prepared foods and I was concerned that you were not able to demonstrate an effective stock rotation system
- food containers still dirty, having been washed up
- you were cutting cooked chicken on a red board. whilst this chicken will be reheated, it should not be cut on a raw meat board as this exposes it to contamination.

Legal Requirement Cleaning chemicals should be stored in an area separate from food so that they cannot contaminate the food. They should be stored in sealed containers with clear instructions for use.

Guidance The FSA (visit www.food.gov.uk for more information) has issued guidance on controlling E.coli 0157 through:

- * the complete separation of raw and ready-to-eat food
- * the correct use of wash-hand basins and thorough hand-washing
- * having dedicated equipment (including complex equipment) for raw and ready-to-eat foods
- * through 2-stage cleaning and the correct use of sanitiser
- * and by controlling the risks posed by soily vegetables.

Recommendation Provide separate equipment and utensils designated for use with either raw or ready-to-eat foods, which can be easily identified (e.g. colour coded) and stored and washed separately.

Hand-washing

Information Proper hand-washing is essential to prevent cross-contamination of E.coli 0157 and other harmful bacteria onto food and food contact surfaces. Hand-washing should include the following steps:

- wet hands before applying soap
- •
- good hand rubbing technique
- •
- rinsing of hands
- •
- hygienic drying

Information Hand-washing is required:

- * before handling ready-to-eat food
- * after touching raw food and its packaging, including unwashed fruit and vegetables
- * after a break/smoking
- * after going to the toilet
- * after cleaning
- * after removing waste
- * after blowing your nose

Recommendation After washing hands food handlers should turn the taps off using paper towel to prevent them from re contaminating their hands

Observation I was pleased to see hand washing was well managed.

Personal Hygiene

Contravention The following are examples of poor personal hygiene or where it was made difficult for food handlers to maintain sufficiently high standards of personal cleanliness::

 some staff were not wearing suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing worn from home should be covered by clean washable over-clothing put on at work.)

Legal Requirement You must ensure that any member of staff that you know or suspect has (or is a carrier of) a food-borne disease or infection (including vomiting, diarrhoea, skin infection, sores and open wounds) is excluded from working in any food handling area until they have been symptom free for 48 hours or until medical clearance has been obtained.

Legal Requirement All persons in food handling areas must wear suitable, clean, and where appropriate protective clothing.

Temperature Control

Contravention The following evidence indicated there was a risk of bacteria growing/surviving on food::

 you do not have a probe thermometer at all. Although visual checks can be made to check items are cooked, you should also be able to check some items using a probe thermometer to ensure they reach 75 degrees centigrade in the centre.

- you advised that you only check fridge and freezer temperatures by use of the readout. This is inadequate as these readings can be inaccurate.
- cooked rice is being kept and reheated. Luke warm rice was found in the microwave. A quantity of cooked rice was left out at room temperature. To prevent toxins forming in the cooked rice, you are advised to either keep it hot (above 63°C) or cool it as quickly as possible and store it at or below 8°C prior to being reheated for sale
- you do not check the temperature of high risk foods delivered to your business

Legal Requirement If you rely on selling COLD food (displayed over 8°CC) within four hours you must be able to demonstrate your system for ensuring food is either sold, placed under refrigeration, or discarded, before the four hours have elapsed.

Guidance It is essential to know that your probe thermometer is working properly. If the reading is outside these ranges you should replace your probe or return it to the manufacturer to be calibrated. A simple way to check a digital probe is to put it in iced water and boiling water:

- The readings in iced water should be between -1_°C and 1°C.
- The readings in boiling water should be between 99°C and 101°C.

Guidance Where unsatisfactory temperatures are observed checks then should be made with a probe thermometer to see the actual temperature of the interior of the food.

Guidance You cannot rely on taking chilled food temperatures by reading the temperature display. You need an independent method that is clearly related to the actual food temperature.

Recommendation In addition to the visual checks you undertake, use a probe thermometer to check the core temperature of cooked and reheated foods. The temperature should reach 75°C for 30 seconds or an equivalent time/temperature combination (e.g. 80°C for 10 seconds).

Recommendation Get some fridge thermometers.

Observation You do not hot hold food. You were aware of critical temperatures.

Unfit food

Information High risk items bear a use by date. You must not sell, use or intend to sell such items and should ensure you have checks in place to remove these from use.

Recommendation You should have a system to identify when open or prepared foods need to be used by or discarded, to ensure the food is fit for consumption. I recommend you apply labels which give a date that is 2 days after the day of production e.g. if food is opened on Monday it should be used by the end of Wednesday (an exception is rice which should not be kept longer than 24 hours)

Poor Practices

Contravention The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration::

dirty fabric cloths

Guidance It is permitted to sell food after its BEST BEFORE date, but becomes an offence if it is not of the nature, substance or quality demanded by the consumer. You must check the food and make sure your customers are aware that it is past the BEST BEFORE date.

2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are of a generally satisfactory standard but there are some repairs and/or improvements which are required in order for you to comply with the law. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

Cleaning of Structure

Contravention The following items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

- floor
- high level walls
- wall and pipes to right of tandoori oven
- hand contact surfaces such as light switches

Information A detergent is a chemical used to remove grease, dirt and food and is used in the first cleaning step.

Information CORRECT DILUTION: many chemicals are supplied in concentrated form and must be diluted before use. You must follow the manufacturers instruction so that you dilute the chemicals correctly with water

Information Disinfectant: is a chemical that kills bacteria

Information Different sanitiser requires different CONTACT TIMES to be effective. Ensure that you know what the contact time is and that all your staff are trained to use the sanitiser effectively

Cleaning of Equipment and Food Contact Surfaces

Contravention The following items are dirty and must be cleaned::

- fridge and freezer seals
- colander
- knives
- boards
- food containers

Information Please refer to www.food.gov.uk/business-guidance/e-coli-cross-contamination-guidance

Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

Contravention The following evidence demonstrated your cleaning materials, equipment and methods were not sufficient to control the spread of harmful bacteria between surfaces::

- touch points were dirty (light switches, door handles etc)
- cardboard cannot be cleaned adequately. Do not use it to line shelves in the hot cupboard. It is also a fire hazard.
- you wipe off sanitizer with a dirty fabric cloth which may re contaminate surfaces

Guidance Even when using a surface sanitiser you should be following the 'two-stage' cleaning method. Apply the sanitiser once to remove visible dirt and food debris and then a second time to ensure effective disinfection. Make sure you follow the correct contact time for the product.

Guidance Disinfectant and sanitiser must at least meet the requirements of one of the following standards: BS EN 1276 or BS EN 13697; or other standards that meet the same conditions and requirements.

Recommendation Use disposable paper wipes for cleaning and for mopping up spillages.

Maintenance

Contravention The following had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

- floor surfaces-floors where tiles have become cracked and broken, and are now uneven and loose. very bad around sink area.
- worn paint to pipes
- microwave oven rusted inside
- missing wall tiles and bare concrete round new boiler

Facilities and Structural provision

Contravention The following facilities were inadequate and must be improved::

 the lighting was insufficient for safe food preparation and cleaning as no lights were available in the side room

Recommendation Do not use cardboard on floor surfaces, as the floor cannot be kept clean. (If floor surfaces are slippery then action should be taken to improve the non-slip property of the floor surface and the type of shoes worn by staff should be reviewed).

Pest Control

Observation I was pleased to see that the premises was proofed against the entry of pests and that pest control procedures were in place.

3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

Type of Food Safety Management System Required

Observation Your SFBB/food safety management system was in place. However you were not following safe practices.

Food Hazard Identification and Control

Contravention The following pre-requisites have not been met and this means that your food safety management system will be ineffective::

- · cleaning and sanitation are poor
- maintenance is poor

Contravention You have not identified these food hazards or the methods of control at critical points in your operation::

- bacteria growing on food
- bacteria surviving in cooked food
- cross contamination risk

Proving Your Arrangements are Working Well

Contravention You are not working to the following safe methods in your SFBB pack::

- cross contamination/ physical or chemical contamination
- personal hygiene / hand-washing
- cloths / cross contamination
- chilling / chilled storage / display of chilled food
- 4-weekly checks

Traceability

Observation Your records were such that food could easily be traced back to its supplier.

Waste Food and other Refuse

Observation You had measures in place to dispose of waste food appropriately and were employing the services of an approved waste contractor.

Training

Observation I was pleased to see that food handlers had been trained to an appropriate level and evidence of their training was made available.

Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

Contravention There was insufficient control over the contamination of food from food handlers known or suspected to be suffering from a food-borne disease or gastrointestinal illness:

staff that report these diseases must not work with food until they are 48 symptom free

Guidance Public Health England recommends that food handlers known or suspected to be suffering from a food-borne infection or gastrointestinal illness stay away from work until symptom-free for 48 hours.

Allergens

Contravention You are failing to manage allergens properly::

You have not fully identified the allergens present in the food you prepare.
 Although you claim to be aware, none of the information has been written down.

Information The Food Standards Agency has produced a chart that you may find useful www.food.gov.uk/sites/default/files/media/document/allergen-chart.pdf

Information There are Level 2 Awards in Food Allergen Awareness on offer in Dereham. If you are interested contact 0800 689 3512

Information Prepacked for direct sale (PPDS) food, is food that is packaged at the same place it is offered or sold to consumers, and is in this packaging before it is ordered or selected by your customers. The new PPDS allergen labelling will help protect consumers by providing potentially life-saving allergen information on the packaging.

Recommendation Make a chart listing all your meals together with the 14 allergens (if present). Bring the chart to the attention of your customers and your staff.

Recommendation Check if your business sells prepacked for direct sale (PPDS) food by using the Food Standards Agency's allergen and ingredients food labelling tool. Visit www.food.gov.uk/allergen-ingredients-food-labelling-decision-tool

Recommendation For information or advice about prepacked food for direct sale (PPDS) contact Norfolk Trading Standards on 0344 800 8020 or email trading.standards@norfolk.gov.uk.

Observation You had identified the presence of allergens in your non-prepacked food and had brought this to the attention of your customers.