

Public Protection (food & safety)

Food Premises Inspection Report

Name of business: Rishi Restaurant

Address of food business: 26 Mousehold Lane Norwich NR7 8HE

Date of inspection: 20/01/2023
Risk rating reference: 23/00078/FOOD
Premises reference: 20/00369/FD_HS

Type of premises: Restaurant or cafe

Areas inspected: Storeroom, Basement, Main Kitchen

Records examined: SFBB
Details of samples procured: None
Summary of action taken: Informal
General description of Restaurant

business:

Relevant Legislation

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food

Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations

Food Information Regulations 2014

What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law. You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with straight away.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next 2 months.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within 3 months unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

Food Hygiene Rating Re-Scoring Visit

Date 26 July 2023

Following the previous inspection a re-rating visit was requested. The revised score is indicated here. The results of the original inspection are listed below.

Your revised Food Hygiene Rating is 4 – a good standard



Inspectors notes:

Observation I was pleased to see the following:

- All food now covered in fridges
- Separate containers used for raw and ready-to-eat foods
- You have new chest freezers

Contravention the following items require attention:

- Food storage containers
- Hand contact surface (such as fridge handles, cooker knobs, light switches and sink taps)
- Fridge seals
- Interior grill to microwave ceiling all need more attention to cleaning
- Fly curtain was tied up at the open door. Ensure that this is kept down at all times

Contravention The Management sections in your Safer food Better Business (SFBB) pack are intended to demonstrate you are in day-to-day control of the hazards to food. The following Management sections were either missing, incomplete or not up-to-date:

- Cleaning schedule, you need to add all equipment to your cleaning schedule and methods of how you clean
- Staff training needs to be filled in to include yourself

Recommendation I recommend you record temperatures of fridges and freezers

Recommendation I recommend you purchase probe thermometer wipes for cleaning your probe thermometer

FOOD SAFETY

How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

| Compliance Area | | | | You Score | | | | | |
|--|--------|----|---------|-----------|---------|----|---------|----|------|
| Food Hygiene and Safety | | | | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
| Structure and Cleaning | | | | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
| Confidence in management & control systems | | | | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 30 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Your Total score | 0 - 15 | 20 | 25 - 30 | | 35 - 40 | | 45 - 50 | | > 50 |
| Your Worst score | 5 | 10 | 10 | | 15 | | 20 | | - |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Your Rating is | 5 | 4 | | 3 | 2 | | 1 | | 0 |

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 2 - improvement is necessary



1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are less than satisfactory, and you are failing to comply with the law in many respects. There are significant lapses in safe food handling practices and procedures. You are failing to apply some of the controls needed to prevent crosscontamination. Contraventions require your immediate attention as some are critical to food safety. We may revisit your business and if standards have not improved take formal enforcement action. (Score 15)

Contamination risks

Contravention The following exposed food to the general risk of cross-contamination with bacteria or allergens or its physical contamination with dirt, foreign objects or chemicals:

Large amounts of food stored in the walk-in-fridge were left uncovered.

Contravention You could not demonstrate effective disinfection of equipment and utensils used for both raw and ready-to-eat foods, either by heat or an adequate dishwasher cycle. Separate equipment and utensils must be provided. Such equipment should be easily identifiable (e.g. colour coded) and must be stored and washed separately.

Contravention You could not demonstrate effective heat disinfection of the food equipment and utensils you use for handling both raw and ready-to-eat foods.

• The same plastic containers were being used for storing raw and ready-to-eat foods

Contravention You had not protected the articles and/or the equipment you use for ready-to-eat food from the contamination risk posed by raw food or its packaging.

 Raw chicken preparation is carried out on a chest freezer lid with juice splashes onto the lid surface.

Legal Requirement At all stages of production, processing and distribution, food must be protected from any contamination likely to render it unfit for human consumption, injurious to health or contaminated in such a way that it would be unreasonable to expect it to be consumed in that state.

Guidance The FSA (visit www.food.gov.uk for more information) has issued guidance on controlling E.coli 0157 through:

- * the complete separation of raw and ready-to-eat food
- * the correct use of wash-hand basins and thorough handwashing
- * having dedicated equipment (including complex equipment) for raw and ready-to-eat foods
- * thorough 2-stage cleaning and the correct use of sanitisers
- * and by controlling the risks posed by soily vegetables.

Hand-washing

Contravention The following indicated that hand-washing was not suitably managed:

- staff were not seen washing their hands when I visited.
- wash hand basins were dirty.
- it takes a very long time for hot water to be produced at the wash hand basin tap.

Guidance Proper hand-washing is essential to prevent cross-contamination of E.coli 0157 and other harmful bacteria onto food and food contact surfaces. Handwashing should include the following steps:

- * wet hands before applying soap
- * good hand rubbing technique
- * rinsing of hands
- * hygienic drying

Personal Hygiene

Contravention The following are examples of poor personal hygiene or where it was made difficult for food handlers to maintain sufficiently high standards of personal cleanliness:

staff were not using the wash-hand basin regularly.

Legal Requirement Regular hand washing is important for personal cleanliness. Remind all food handlers of the need to wash their hands before starting or returning to work, and specifically:

- * After using the toilet.
- * After handling rubbish.
- * After smoking.
- * After taking a break.

* After handling raw food

Temperature Control

Contravention The following evidence indicated there was a risk of bacteria growing on food:

- cold foods, for service, were being kept above 8°C for over 4 hours.
- cooked rice was left out at room temperature for over 2 hours.
- food temperatures were not being monitored.
- large amounts of cooked food left out at room temperature for over 2 hours.

Legal Requirement Hot food can be kept for service, or on display for sale, for a single period of up to 2 hours at a temperature below 63°C. After 2 hours food must be restored to a suitable temperature (below 8°C or above 63°C) and then kept at that temperature until it can be used safely or thrown away.

Recommendation I recommend you acquire a probe thermometer or independent thermometer. Probe thermometers can be used to check temperature of food.

Unfit food

Contravention Cooked rice was being kept for longer than 24 hours. Cooked rice must be refrigerated to below 8°C and used or thrown away after 24 hours.

Recommendation You should have a system to identify when open or prepared foods need to be used by or discarded, to ensure the food is fit for consumption. I recommend you apply labels which give a date that is 2 days after the day of production e.g. if food is opened on Monday it should be used by the end of Wednesday (an exception is cooked rice which should not be kept longer than 24 hours)

Poor Practices

Contravention The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration:

- there was a lack of handwashing observed among food handlers.
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2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are less than satisfactory, and you are failing to comply with the law in many respects. Contraventions require your immediate attention as some are critical to food safety. We may revisit your business and if standards have not improved take formal enforcement action. (Score 15)

Cleaning of Structure

Contravention The following items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

• hand contact surfaces such as the door handle to the walk-in-fridge.

Recommendation Your cleaning schedule is there to remind you to clean before an item becomes dirty. If an item is dirty when you go to clean it, increase the frequency of cleaning.

Cleaning of Equipment and Food Contact Surfaces

Contravention The following items are dirty and must be cleaned:

- can opener
- food storage containers
- fridge and freezer seals
- hand contact surfaces
- internal area of ice machine
- external area of the microwave
- fridge and freezer handles
- remove the film covering on the microwave to allow for proper cleaning.

Information Please refer to www.food.gov.uk/business-guidance/e-coli-cross-contamination-guidance

Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

Contravention The following evidence demonstrated your cleaning materials, equipment and methods were not sufficient to control the spread of harmful bacteria between surfaces:

- the sanitisers are not to BS EN 1276:1997 13697:2001 Standards.
- touch points were dirty (light switches, door handles etc)
- you are not adequately heat disinfecting equipment after cleaning
- you did not have appropriate cleaning chemicals available.
- plastic containers used for food storage can no longer be kept clean and must be disposed of.

Information You must ensure that the sanitisers you use are effective against bacteria. Ensure that they meet the following standards BS EN 1276:1997 and 13697:2001.

Guidance Disinfectants and sanitisers must at least meet the requirements of one of the following standards: BS EN 1276 or BS EN 13697.

Maintenance

Contravention The following had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

- the freezer lids were in poor condition allowing for dirt and other particles to get trapped and engrained within the open gap.
- the mastic sealant behind the wash hand basin was in poor condition.

Pest Control

Observation I was pleased to see that the premises was proofed against the entry of pests and that pest control procedures were in place.

3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

Food Hazard Identification and Control

Contravention The following pre-requisites have not been met and this means that your food safety management system will be ineffective:

- staff hygiene is inadequate.
- staff training is inadequate.
- storage, distribution and transport is poor

Contravention You have not identified these food hazards or the methods of control at critical points in your operation:

- bacteria growing on food.
- · bacteria surviving in cooked food.
- cross-contamination

Contravention The following SAFE METHODS are missing from your Safer Food Better Business pack:

- Chilling
- Cleaning
- Cooking
- Cross-contamination
- You are using a brand-new copy of a Safer Food Better Business catering pack which you are yet to complete. You are advised to complete your new pack including the safe methods section.

Proving Your Arrangements are Working Well

Contravention The following are needed in order to demonstrate your food safety management system is working:

- cleaning schedule
- daily records
- dealing with customer complaints
- maintenance recording
- probe calibration records
- staff training records.
- suppliers lists
- temperature records

Recommendation Your SFBB pack should be used as intended so as to guarantee you are fully complying with your legal obligation to have a documented food safety

management system in place.

Traceability

Observation Your records were such that food could easily be traced back to its supplier.

Recommendation Labelling all perishable food with a USE BY date will help you rotate your stock and demonstrates you have effective controls in place.

Waste Food and other Refuse

Observation You had measures in place to dispose of waste food appropriately and were employing the services of an approved waste contractor.

Training

Contravention The following evidence indicates there is a staff training need as food handlers:

- were not washing their hands often enough.
- were using poor cross contamination practices.
- · were using poor food storage practices.

Legal Requirement Food business operators must ensure that food handlers are supervised and instructed and/or trained in food hygiene matters to an appropriate level for the work they do.

Recommendation Catering staff should refresh their food hygiene knowledge every 3 years so that they stay up to date with current legislation and good practice. Booking details for this course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

Recommendation A Level 2 Award in Food Safety in Catering or its equivalent (a 6-hour course leading to the award of a recognised certificate in food hygiene) would be appropriate for your food handlers. Booking details for the equivalent CIEH course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

Allergens

Contravention You are failing to manage allergens properly:

• you have not identified the allergens present in the food you prepare.

Recommendation Make a chart listing all your meals together with the 14 allergens (if present). Bring the chart to the attention of your customers and your staff.