

## Public Protection (food & safety)

## **Food Premises Inspection Report**

Name of business: China Wok

Address of food business: Stalls 92 - 93 And 102 - 103 Market Place Norwich NR2

1ND

Date of inspection: 21/01/2023
Risk rating reference: 23/00083/FOOD
Premises reference: 18/00339/FOOD

Type of premises: Market Stall

Areas inspected: Main Kitchen, Servery, Storeroom

Records examined: SFBB
Details of samples procured: None
Summary of action taken: Informal

General description of Hot food takeaway (Chinese)

business:

## **Relevant Legislation**

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food

Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations

Food Information Regulations 2014

#### What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law. You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with straight away.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next <u>2 months</u>.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within 3 months unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

## **FOOD SAFETY**

# How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area					You Score					
Food Hygiene and Sa	afety			0 5 <b>10</b> 15 20					25	
Structure and Cleaning					5	10	15	20	25	
Confidence in management & control systems					5	10	15	20	30	
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25	- 30	35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50	
Your Worst score	5	10	10		15		20		-	
					_		•			
Your Rating is	5	4		3	2	2	1		0	

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 3 - a generally satisfactory standard



#### 1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are generally satisfactory and maintained. There is evidence of some non-compliance with legal requirements. Some lapses are evident however generally you have satisfactory food handling practices and procedures and adequate control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

#### Contamination risks

**Contravention** The following exposed food to the general risk of cross-contamination with bacteria or allergens or its physical contamination with dirt, foreign objects or chemicals:

Frozen raw chicken was being defrosted in the stainless steel sink. There is the
risk of splashes to surfaces and food items. I recommend you defrost frozen
food in the fridge.

**Contravention** You could not demonstrate effective heat disinfection of the food equipment and utensils you use for handling both raw and ready-to-eat foods:

• Storage containers.

**Guidance** The FSA (visit www.food.gov.uk for more information) has issued guidance on controlling E.coli 0157 through:

- \* the complete separation of raw and ready-to-eat food.
- \* the correct use of wash-hand basins and thorough handwashing.
- \* having dedicated equipment (including complex equipment) for raw and ready-to-eat foods.
- \* thorough 2-stage cleaning and the correct use of sanitisers.
- \* and by controlling the risks posed by soily vegetables.

# Hand-washing

Contravention The following indicated that hand-washing was not suitably managed:

Staff were not seen washing their hands when I visited.

**Observation** I observed a food handler touching parts of his face, i.e., mouth, nose, etc and carried on handling food without washing his hands.

## **Information** Handwashing is required:

- \* before handling ready-to-eat food
- \* after touching raw food and its packaging, including unwashed fruit and vegetables
- \* after a break/smoking
- \* after going to the toilet
- \* after cleaning
- \* after removing waste
- \* after blowing your nose

# Personal Hygiene

**Contravention** The following are examples of poor personal hygiene or where it was made difficult for food handlers to maintain sufficiently high standards of personal cleanliness:

Staff were not using the wash-hand basin regularly.

#### Temperature Control

**Contravention** The following evidence indicated there was a risk of bacteria growing on food:

- Food temperatures were not being monitored.
- The hot display cabinet was not holding foods above 63°C
- Hot food for service was held below 63°C. Sour chicken (54.5°C), sweet sesame chicken (52.5°C), egg fried rice (47.8°C).

**Contravention** The following evidence indicated there was a risk of harmful bacteria remaining in cooked food or reheated food:

- Food is not heated to a high enough temperature.
- A portion of cooked chicken was cooked/reheated by the chef and then placed in the hot display cabinet. Temperature reading taken showed that food is not heated to high enough temperatures.

**Legal Requirement** Food which has been cooked or reheated and is intended to be kept hot until it is sold, must either be held at or above 63°C or it can be kept for service or on display for sale for a single period of less than 2 hours; at the end of the 2 hour period the food should be cooled as quickly as possible and kept at or below 8°C until it is sold or it should be discarded.

**Information** Frozen foods were being defrosted at room temperature. There is a risk that bacteria will begin to grow in the food once it has defrosted. I recommend that frozen foods are placed in a fridge to defrost. You must ensure that any run-off liquid does not present a risk. I recommend that you defrost the food in a container.

## **Poor Practices**

**Contravention** The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration:

- Food was being stored in cardboard and use of a makeshift plastic container as a scooping device.
- Bags of food stored directly on the floor.

# 2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are all of a good standard and only minor repairs and/or improvements are required. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The minor contraventions require your attention. (Score 5)

## Cleaning of Structure

**Observation** The kitchen had been well maintained and the standard of cleaning was good.

#### Cleaning of Equipment and Food Contact Surfaces

**Contravention** The following items are dirty and must be cleaned:

Seal to chest freezer.

#### Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

**Contravention** The following evidence demonstrated your cleaning materials, equipment and methods were not sufficient to control the spread of harmful bacteria between surfaces:

• The sanitisers are not to BS EN 1276:1997 13697:2001 Standards.

**Information** You must ensure that the sanitisers you use are effective against bacteria. Ensure that they meet the following standards BS EN 1276:1997 and 13697:2001.

#### Maintenance

**Observation** You are maintaining the premises in good condition.

## Facilities and Structural provision

**Observation** I was pleased to see the premises had been well maintained and that adequate facilities had been provided.

### **Pest Control**

**Observation** I was pleased to see that the premises was proofed against the entry of pests and that pest control procedures were in place.

#### 3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

#### Type of Food Safety Management System Required

**Recommendation** Daily records for your opening and closing checks have lapsed. The last recorded entry was 9/01/2023. I recommend you complete your records and bring them up to date.

### Food Hazard Identification and Control

**Contravention** The following pre-requisites have not been met and this means that your food safety management system will be ineffective:

• staff hygiene is inadequate.

**Contravention** You have not identified these food hazards or the methods of control at critical points in your operation:

- Risk of cross contamination from using the same plastic containers for raw and ready-to-eat foods.
- Risk of using a make-shift plastic container as a scooping device which could shed particles into food.

**Information** Before implementing a food safety management system such as Safer Food Better Business, basic good hygiene conditions and practices called prerequisites must be in place. Only then will your food safety management system be effective in ensuring the preparation of safe food.

# Proving Your Arrangements are Working Well

**Contravention** You are not working to the following safe methods in your SFBB pack:

4-weekly checks.

- · Daily Diary.
- personal hygiene / handwashing.

**Contravention** The following are needed in order to demonstrate your food safety management system is working:

- Cleaning schedule
- Daily records
- Staff training records
- Suppliers lists
- Temperature records

**Recommendation** Your SFBB pack should be used as intended so as to guarantee you are fully complying with your legal obligation to have a documented food safety management system in place.

### Traceability

**Observation** Your records were such that food could easily be traced back to its supplier.

## Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

**Observation** Policies were in place to prevent any infected food handler from contaminating food.

#### Waste Food and other Refuse

**Observation** You had measures in place to dispose of waste food appropriately and were employing the services of an approved waste contractor.

#### Training

**Contravention** The following evidence indicates there is a staff training need as food handlers:

Were not washing their hands often enough.

**Legal Requirement** Food business operators must ensure that food handlers are supervised and instructed and/or trained in food hygiene matters to an appropriate level for the work they do.

**Recommendation** Catering staff should refresh their food hygiene knowledge every 3 years so that they stay up to date with current legislation and good practice. Booking details for this course are on our website: <a href="https://www.norwich.gov.uk">www.norwich.gov.uk</a>

#### Allergens

**Observation** You had identified the presence of allergens in your non-prepacked food and had brought this to the attention of your customers.