

Public Protection (food & safety)

Food Premises Inspection Report

Name of business: P B George Butchers

Address of food business: 13 Distillery Square Norwich NR2 4BH

Date of inspection: 23/03/2023
Risk rating reference: 23/00278/FOOD
Premises reference: 04990/0013/1/000

Type of premises: Butcher retailing RTE foods

Areas inspected: All

Records examined: FSMS, Temperature Control Records

Details of samples procured: None Summary of action taken: Informal

General description of Catering butchers with large retail element, supplying

business: county wide

Relevant Legislation

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food

Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations

Food Information Regulations 2014

What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with <u>straight away</u>.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next 2 months.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within 3 months unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

FOOD SAFETY

How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area				You Score					
Food Hygiene and Safety				0	5	10	15	20	25
Structure and Cleaning				0	5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems				0	5	10	15	20	30
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25 - 30		35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50
Your Worst score	5	10	10		15		20		-
Your Rating is	5	4		3	2		1		0

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 4 - a good standard



1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are high. You demonstrated a very good standard of compliance with legal requirements. You have safe food handling practices and procedures and all the necessary control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. Some minor contraventions require your attention. (Score 5)

Contamination risks

Guidance The FSA (visit www.food.gov.uk for more information) has issued guidance on controlling E.coli 0157 through:

- * the complete separation of raw and ready-to-eat food
- * the correct use of wash-hand basins and thorough hand washing
- * having dedicated equipment (including complex equipment) for raw and ready-to-eat foods
- * thorough 2-stage cleaning and the correct use of sanitisers
- * and by controlling the risks posed by soily vegetables.

Observation I was pleased to see you were able to demonstrate effective controls to prevent cross-contamination.

Hand-washing

Information Proper hand-washing is essential to prevent cross-contamination of E.coli 0157 and other harmful bacteria onto food and food contact surfaces. Hand washing should include the following steps:

- wet hands before applying soap
- •
- good hand rubbing technique
- •
- rinsing of hands
- _
- hygienic drying

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Recommendation After washing hands food handlers should turn the taps off using paper towel to prevent them from re contaminating their hands

Observation I was pleased to see hand washing was well managed.

Personal Hygiene

Observation I was pleased to see that standards of personal hygiene were high.

Temperature Control

Observation I was pleased to see you were able to limit bacterial growth and/or survival by applying appropriate temperature controls at points critical to food safety and that you were monitoring temperatures.

Unfit food

Information High risk items have a use by date. After this date you must not sell, use or intend to these foods. Make sure you have regular checks in place to remove out of date items

Guidance If you freeze high risk foods you must ensure that you freeze them before the USE BY date has passed. You must also have a good system to manage the food when you have defrosted it to ensure it is used before it becomes unsafe. In practice foods should be frozen at least a week before the USE BY date and when defrosted labelled with a date so that it is used within 2 days.

Poor Practices

Contravention The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration::

- A few vacuum packed products had not been labelled with the production date.
 Meat seen in walk in chiller.
- Items that you had size reduced such as gala pies and black pudding should be able to be identified back to their original product ie.batch, date of production etc, in case of problems or a product recall, and for traceability. And to ensure that new labelling has not extended beyond the original product use by.
- Although your systems for vacuum packing are now much better controlled with a shelf life of 10 days being applied, care must be taken. Smoked ham had been cooked on 15.3 but labelled with a use by of 26.3 which is an 11 day shelf life.
- In all instances ensure your documented records are able to support your practices regarding dating as this is important for due diligence.

2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are all of a good standard and only minor repairs and/or improvements are required. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The minor contraventions require your attention. (Score 5)

Cleaning of Structure

Contravention The following items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

Fly killer

Observation The premise had been well maintained and the standard of cleaning was exceptionally high.

Cleaning of Equipment and Food Contact Surfaces

Information Please refer to www.food.gov.uk/business-guidance/e-coli-cross-contamination-guidance

Observation You had dedicated equipment for the preparation of raw and for ready-to-eat foods.

Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

Information You must ensure that the sanitisers you use are effective against bacteria. Ensure that they meet the following standards BS EN 1276:1997 and 13697:2001.

Observation I was pleased to see that the premises was kept clean and that your cleaning materials, methods and equipment were able to minimise the spread of harmful bacteria between surfaces.

Maintenance

Contravention The following had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

- Flaking paint to Walk In Chiller wall
- Spare chiller door seals

Facilities and Structural provision

Observation I was pleased to see the premises had been generally well maintained and that adequate facilities had been provided.

Pest Control

Observation You have a pest control contract in place and there is no evidence of pest activity on the premises.

3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. You are progressing towards a written food safety management system. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

Type of Food Safety Management System Required

Contravention The food safety management system you have in place has been fully reviewed and I was pleased to note key staff have attended Level 3 Haccp training. It was noted that generally good controls and monitoring, with records are in place.

 However the completion of your written Haccp document must be given priority and completed. And regular review and updating will be needed.

At the time of inspection we discussed useful tools to help with this such as The FSA myHaccp, Haccp help for Butchers on Bassetlaw District Council website, and a Safe Food Handling for Butchers document-https://acss.food.gov.uk/sites/default/files/butchers-haccp.pdf

Legal Requirement Food business operators must put in place, implement and maintain a permanent procedure or procedures based on HACCP principles:

- Identify hazards to food.
- Identify the critical limits (what is acceptable and unacceptable).
- Monitor critical control points to ensure critical limits are met.
- Keep appropriate records to demonstrate control measures are effective.

Information If you want to keep everything on your computer or tablet an electronic version of the Safer Food Better Business pack is also available on the FSA website www.food.gov.uk/business-industry/caterers/sfbb However, do make sure staff have access to it at all times when working.

Recommendation MyHACCP is a free web tool that will guide you through the process of developing a food safety management system based on Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) www.myhaccp.food.gov.uk

Observation You had colour-coded equipment and effective separation between raw and ready-to-eat food at all stages in your operation.

Observation You were monitoring (and recording) the temperatures of your fridges and freezers well as the temperature of cooked/hot-held food and could demonstrate effective systems for controlling bacterial growth and survival.

Traceability

Observation Your records were such that food could generally be traced back to its supplier.

Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

Observation Policies were in place to prevent any infected food handler from contaminating food.

Waste Food and other Refuse

Observation You had measures in place to dispose of waste food appropriately and were employing the services of an approved waste contractor.

Training

Observation I was pleased to see that food handlers had been trained to an appropriate level and evidence of their training was made available.

Allergens

Observation You had clearly shown the presence of allergens in your food on your menu.