

# Public Protection (food & safety)

## **Food Premises Inspection Report**

Name of business: Casbah Cafe And Kitchen

Address of food business: 13 St Stephens Road Norwich NR1 3SP

Date of inspection: 22/01/2025
Risk rating reference: 25/00076/FOOD
Premises reference: 25/00014/FD\_HS

Type of premises: Restaurant or cafe Areas inspected: Servery, Main Kitchen

Records examined: Temperature Control Records

Details of samples procured: None Summary of action taken: Informal

General description of business: Restaurant/Café

### **Relevant Legislation**

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food

Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations

Food Information Regulations 2014

### What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law. You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with <u>straight away</u>.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next 2 months.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within 3 months unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

### **FOOD SAFETY**

# How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

Compliance Area				You Score					
Food Hygiene and Safety				0	5	10	15	20	25
Structure and Cleaning				0	5	10	15	20	25
Confidence in management & control systems				0	5	10	15	20	30
Your Total score	0 - 15	20	25 - 30		35 - 40		45 - 50		> 50
Your Worst score	5	10	10		15		20		-
Your Rating is	5	4		3	2	2	1		0

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 3 - a generally satisfactory standard



## 1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are generally satisfactory and maintained. There is evidence of some non-compliance with legal requirements. Some lapses are evident however generally you have satisfactory food handling practices and procedures and adequate control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

#### Contamination risks

**Contravention** The following exposed food to the general risk of cross-contamination with bacteria or allergens or its physical contamination with dirt, foreign objects or chemicals:

- food stored uncovered
- open packets of food
- medicine stored among food
- cutting boards were badly scored and need replacing

**Legal requirement** At all stages of production, processing and distribution, food must be protected from any contamination likely to render it unfit for human consumption, injurious to health or contaminated in such a way that it would be unreasonable to expect it to be consumed in that state.

## Personal Hygiene

**Contravention** The following are examples of poor personal hygiene or where it was made difficult for food handlers to maintain sufficiently high standards of personal cleanliness:

- staff were not wearing suitable protective clothing
- staff were not using the wash-hand basin regularly

**Legal requirement** All persons in food handling areas must wear suitable, clean, and where appropriate protective clothing

**Information** Regular hand washing is important for personal cleanliness. Remind all food handlers of the need to wash their hands before starting or returning to work, and specifically:

- after using the toilet;
- after handling rubbish;
- after smoking;
- after taking a break;
- after handling raw food

**Information** There is a method for effective hand washing in your Safer Food Better Business pack

**Information** Taps can re-contaminate hands after washing. First dry your hands with a clean paper towel and then use the towel to turn the tap off

### Temperature Control

**Recommendation** It is a government recommendation that eggs are stored in the fridge

### Unfit food

**Contravention** The following food was unfit (and was seized or destroyed in my presence) because it was past its USE BY date:

- brie was being stored beyond its 'Use by' date of 18/1
- salad leaves were being stored beyond 'Use by' date of 16/1

**Legal Requirement** High risk items have a use by date. After this date you must not sell, use or intend to these foods. Make sure you have regular checks in place to remove out of date items

### **Poor Practices**

**Contravention** The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration

- no date on open Greek yoghurt of when opened
- no dates on open jars of when opened
- no labels on open foods of what the food is or when opened

- blueberries stored beyond 'Best before' date of 9/1
- 2 x packets of celery were being stored beyond 'Best before' date of 18/12/2024
- salad tomatoes were being stored beyond 'Best before' date of 9/1
- bread was being stored beyond 'Best before' date of 10/1
- ras el hanout was being stored beyond 'Best before' date 30/6/2024

**Recommendation** You should have a system to identify when open or prepared foods need to be used by or discarded, to ensure the food is fit for consumption. I recommend you apply labels which give a day or date that is 2 days after the day of production e.g. if food is opened on Monday it should be used by the end of Wednesday. (An exception is cooked rice which should not be kept longer than 24 hours)

**Guidance** If you freeze high risk foods you must ensure that you freeze them before the USE BY date has passed. You must also have a good system to manage the food when you have defrosted it to ensure it is used before the USE BY date and when defrosted labelled with a date so that it is used within 2 days

# 2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are of a generally satisfactory standard but there are some repairs and/or improvements which are required in order for you to comply with the law. Pest control and waste disposal provisions are adequate. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

# Cleaning of Structure

**Contravention** The following items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

- flooring
- around equipment feet
- behind and under equipment
- floor/wall junctions
- walls particularly behind food preparation surfaces
- skirting boards
- pipework

**Contravention** The following items could not be effectively cleaned and must be covered, made non-absorbent or replaced:

- walls
- wooden furniture
- wooden shelving
- wooden utensils

### Cleaning of Equipment and Food Contact Surfaces

**Contravention** The following items are dirty and must be cleaned:

• seals to fridges/freezers

- bin
- interior to microwave
- handle to under counter fridge
- top to door to under counter fridge
- interior bottom to upright freezer
- · dustpan and brush
- build-up of ice to upright fridge

Information Do not use wooden utensils as these cannot be properly cleaned

# Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

**Information** You must ensure that the sanitisers you use are effective against bacteria. Ensure that they meet the following standards BS EN 1276:1997 and 13697:2001.

**Guidance** Even when using a surface sanitiser you should be following the TWO STAGE cleaning method. Apply the sanitiser once to remove visible dirt and food debris and then a second time to ensure effective disinfection. Make sure you follow the correct contact time for the product.

**Recommendation** Store items such as mops, buckets and brooms in an area, room or cupboard separate from food areas.

### <u>Maintenance</u>

**Contravention** The following had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

- wall tiles cracked or missing
- split seals to fridges/freezers
- handle to upright fridge

### 3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (Score 10)

#### Type of Food Safety Management System Required

**Contravention** You do not have a food safety management system. Implement Safer Food Better Business or an equivalent food safety management system.:

**Contravention** Your documented Food Safety Management System or Safer Food Better Business pack was not available for inspection. As a consequence you could not demonstrate an effective system for managing food safety hazards.:

**Legal Requirement** Food business operators must put in place, implement and maintain a permanent procedure or procedures based on HACCP principles:

- Identify hazards to food
- Identify the critical limits (what is acceptable and unacceptable)
- Monitor critical control points to ensure critical limits are met
- Keep appropriate records to demonstrate control measures are effective

**Legal Requirement** Ensure that your food safety management system is available on site so your staff can refer to your procedures and so that daily records of checks can be completed.

**Information** The absence of any documentation has resulted in a poor score for confidence in management and this, in turn, has had an adverse effect on your Food Hygiene Rating.

**Information** As you are a new business you are permitted the flexibility of extra time to get your food safety management system up to the minimum legal requirements. You must act on this now as your food hygiene rating score may be reduced to a maximum of 1 if the food safety management system does not fully meet the legal standard by the time of the next statutory inspection.

# Food Hazard Identification and Control

**Contravention** The following pre-requisites have not been met and this means that your food safety management system will be ineffective:

• staff training is inadequate

**Information** Before implementing a food safety management (FSM) system like Safer Food Better Business etc., basic good hygiene conditions and practices called prerequisites must be in place. Only then will your FSM system be effective in ensuring the preparation of safe food.

### Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

**Guidance** UK Health Security Agency recommends that food handlers known or suspected to be suffering from a food-borne infection or gastrointestinal illness stay away from work until symptom-free for 48 hours.

### Waste Food and other Refuse

**Observation** You had measures in place to dispose of waste food appropriately and were employing the services of an approved waste contractor.

#### Training

**Contravention** The following evidence indicates there is a staff training need as food handlers:

- did not appreciate allergen risks
- were not cleaning properly
- · were not washing their hands often enough
- were using food that was passed its USE BY date

**Legal Requirement** Food business operators must ensure that food handlers are supervised and instructed and/or trained in food hygiene matters to an appropriate level for the work they do.

**Recommendation** A Level 2 Award in Food Safety in Catering or its equivalent (a 6-hour course leading to the award of a recognised certificate in food hygiene) would be appropriate for your food handlers. Booking details for the equivalent CIEH course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

**Recommendation** A Level 3 Award for Supervising Food Safety in Catering would be appropriate for your supervisory staff and those with managerial responsibility.

**Recommendation** Catering staff should refresh their food hygiene knowledge every 3 years so that they stay up to date with current legislation and good practice. Booking details for this course are on our website: www.norwich.gov.uk

#### Allergens

**Contravention** You are failing to manage allergens properly:

- you are not informing customers about the risk of cross contamination with allergens
- you do not have a system for informing customers about the presence of allergens in the food you prepare
- you have not identified the allergens present in the food you prepare

**Information** The Food Information Regulations require that you know what allergens are in the food you provide. You can no longer claim you don't know what allergens are present. Neither can you simply state that all the foods you serve might contain an allergen:

- be sure you know exactly what your allergens are
- convey this information to your customers accurately and consistently

**Recommendation** Make a chart listing all your meals together with the 14 allergens (if present). Bring the chart to the attention of your customers and your staff.

**Information** The Food Standards Agency run free allergen courses at https://allergytraining.food.gov.uk